

Computer algebra independent integration tests

Summer 2022 edition

7-Inverse-hyperbolic-functions/7.6-Inverse-hyperbolic-cosecant/203-
7.6.2-Inverse-hyperbolic-cosecant-functions

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Chapter 1

Introduction

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in the appendix contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems.

The number of integrals in this report is [71]. This is test number [203].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.1 (June 29, 2022) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.16.1 (Dec 19, 2018) on Mathematica 13.0.1 on windows 10.
3. Maple 2022.1 (June 1, 2022) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.46 (April 13, 2022) using Lisp SBCL 2.1.11.debian on Linux via sagemath 9.6.
5. Fricas 1.3.8 (June 21, 2022) based on sbcl 2.1.11.debian on Linux via sagemath 9.6.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-13 (July 3, 2022) on Linux via sagemath 9.6.
7. Sympy 1.10.1 (March 20, 2022) Using Python 3.10.4 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was called directly from Python.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed.

If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (71)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	100.00 (71)	0.00 (0)
Maple	74.65 (53)	25.35 (18)
Fricas	71.83 (51)	28.17 (20)
Maxima	59.15 (42)	40.85 (29)
Mupad	57.75 (41)	42.25 (30)
Giac	45.07 (32)	54.93 (39)
Sympy	45.07 (32)	54.93 (39)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

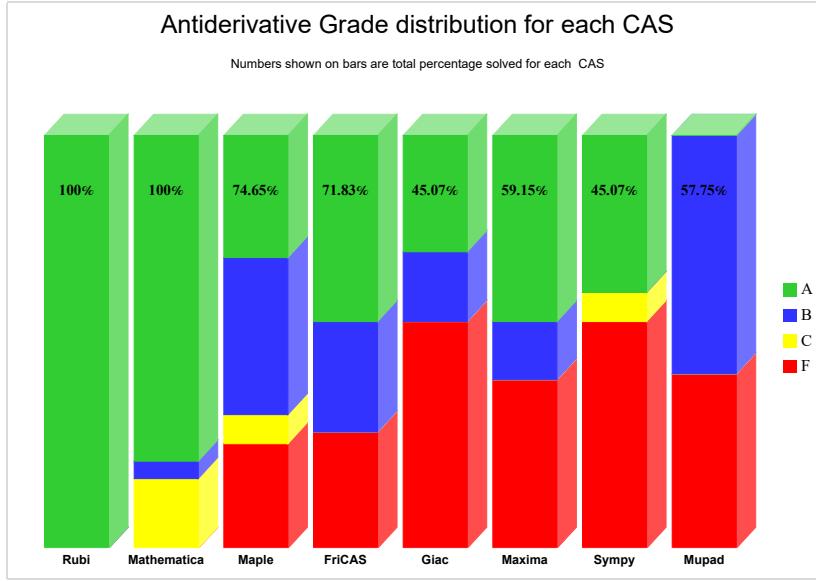
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

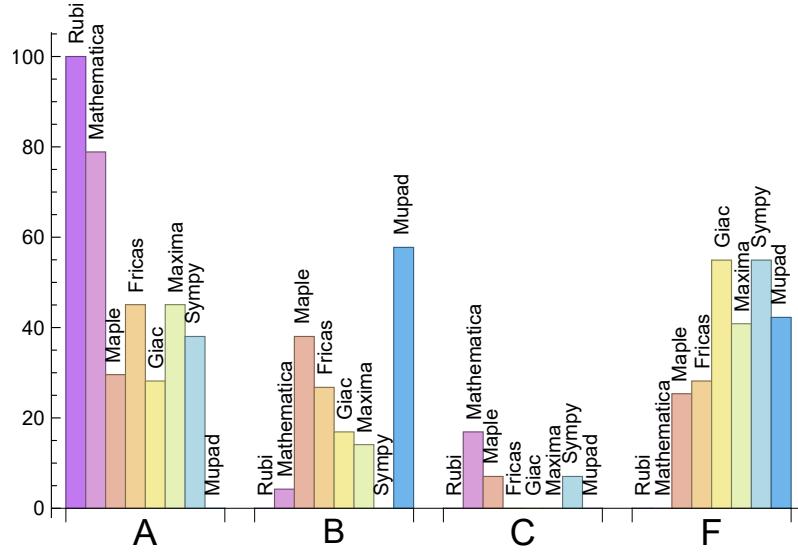
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	78.87	4.23	16.90	0.00
Fricas	45.07	26.76	0.00	28.17
Maxima	45.07	14.08	0.00	40.85
Sympy	38.03	0.00	7.04	54.93
Maple	29.58	38.03	7.04	25.35
Giac	28.17	16.90	0.00	54.93
Mupad	N/A	57.75	0.00	42.25

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the CAS systems for each grade level.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failure for each CAS. There are 3 types of reasons why it can fail. The first is when CAS returns back the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical normal failure **F**.

The second is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated. Assigned **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sageMath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and

Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in CAS. This type of error requires more investigations to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Mathematica	0	0.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Maple	18	100.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %
Fricas	20	80.00 %	0.00 %	20.00 %
Giac	39	84.62 %	0.00 %	15.38 %
Maxima	29	93.10 %	0.00 %	6.90 %
Sympy	39	84.62 %	2.56 %	12.82 %
Mupad	30	100.00 %	0.00 %	0.00 %

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

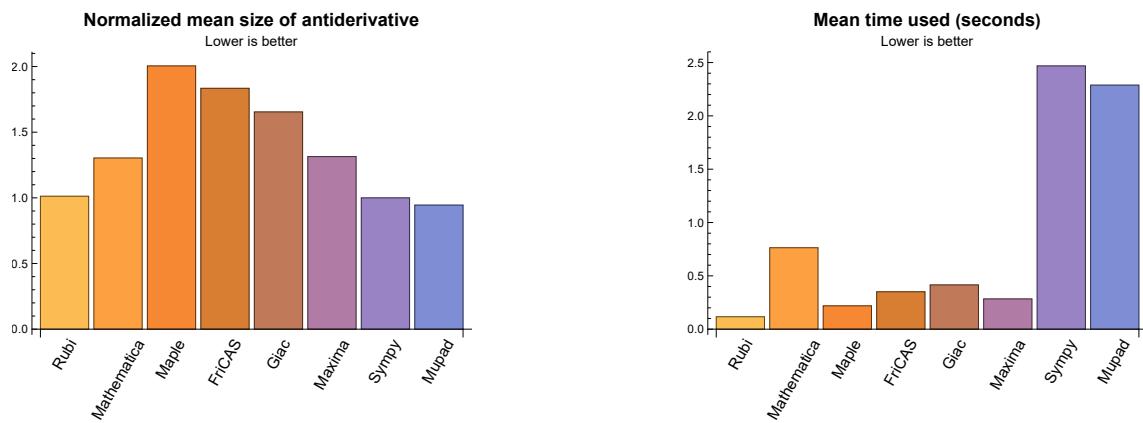
Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Rubi	0.12	104.72	1.01	61.00	1.00
Mathematica	0.76	262.65	1.30	54.00	1.02
Maple	0.22	115.23	2.00	109.00	1.81
Maxima	0.28	69.24	1.31	59.50	1.21
Fricas	0.35	105.14	1.83	70.00	1.38
Sympy	2.47	54.91	1.00	50.00	1.06
Giac	0.41	78.41	1.65	73.00	1.49
Mupad	2.29	45.49	0.94	42.00	0.93

Table 1.5: Time and leaf size performance for each CAS

The following are bar charts for the normalized leafsize and time used from the above table.



1.4 list of integrals that has no closed form antiderivative

{}

1.5 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.6 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not mean necessarily that the anti-derivative is wrong, as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it easier to do further investigation to determine why it was not possible to verify the result produced.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 38, 40}

Maple Verification phase not implemented yet.

Maxima Verification phase not implemented yet.

Fricas Verification phase not implemented yet.

Sympy Verification phase not implemented yet.

Giac Verification phase not implemented yet.

Mupad Verification phase not implemented yet.

1.7 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each `integrate` call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime'
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the `integrate` command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.8 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.9 Important notes about some of the results

1.9.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'
'display2d : false'
'domain : complex'
'keepfloat : true'
'load(to_poly_solve)'
'load(simplify_sum)'
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')
```

```
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

1.9.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError.`

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

1.9.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    """
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount = 1
```

1.9.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^{2/2}$

1.10 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified.

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Chapter 2

detailed summary tables of results

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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

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2.1.1 Rubi

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71 }

B grade: { }

C grade: { }

F grade: { }

2.1.2 Mathematica

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71 }

B grade: { 5, 9, 25 }

C grade: { 4, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13, 23, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 }

F grade: { }

2.1.3 Maple

A grade: { 1, 2, 3, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 34, 36, 47, 49, 50, 57, 70 }

B grade: { 5, 6, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 39, 41, 43, 45, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68 }

C grade: { 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 }

F grade: { 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 48, 59, 69, 71 }

2.1.4 Maxima

A grade: { 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 36, 39, 43, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 57, 61, 63, 66, 68, 70, 71 }

B grade: { 33, 35, 41, 45, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 59, 65, 67, 69 }

2.1.5 FriCAS

A grade: { 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 34, 36, 39, 40, 44, 47, 49, 50, 51, 53, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 68 }

B grade: { 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 31, 33, 35, 41, 43, 45, 52, 54, 55, 56, 65, 67, 70, 71 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 42, 46, 48, 59, 69 }

2.1.6 Sympy

A grade: { 22, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 68 }

B grade: { }

C grade: { 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 }

F grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 34, 47, 55, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 69, 70, 71 }

2.1.7 Giac

A grade: { 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 35, 39, 41, 43, 49, 51, 56, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 68 }

B grade: { 33, 34, 36, 45, 47, 50, 52, 54, 55, 57, 65, 67 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 32, 37, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 53, 59, 69, 70, 71 }

2.1.8 Mupad

A grade: { }

B grade: { 17, 19, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 47, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71 }

C grade: { }

F grade: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 37, 38, 40, 46, 48, 59, 69 }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as F(-1) if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as F(-2) if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given just an F.

In this table, the column N.S. in the table below, which stands for **normalized size** is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To help make the table fit, **Mathematica** was abbreviated to MMA.

	Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
MMA	grade	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F
	verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	size	147	147	149	227	0	325	0	0	-1
	N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.54	0.00	2.21	0.00	0.00	-0.01
	time (sec)	N/A	0.109	0.186	0.226	0.000	0.379	0.000	0.000	0.000

	Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
MMA	grade	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F
	verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	size	110	110	129	169	0	306	0	0	-1
	N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.54	0.00	2.78	0.00	0.00	-0.01
	time (sec)	N/A	0.067	0.118	0.216	0.000	0.391	0.000	0.000	0.000

	Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
MMA	grade	A	A	A	A	F	B	F	F	F
	verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	size	75	75	110	97	0	285	0	0	-1
	N.S.	1	1.00	1.47	1.29	0.00	3.80	0.00	0.00	-0.01
	time (sec)	N/A	0.041	0.058	0.222	0.000	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	162	427	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	2.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	0.277	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	B	B	F	B	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	141	127	0	343	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	2.24	2.02	0.00	5.44	0.00	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.070	0.108	0.480	0.000	0.358	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	220	456	0	461	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	1.93	4.00	0.00	4.04	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.151	0.311	0.463	0.000	0.386	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	501	501	1429	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	2.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.606	10.200	0.128	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	351	351	864	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	2.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	8.003	0.121	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	194	401	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	2.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	0.922	0.024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	160	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	1.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.057	0.174	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	475	475	1008	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	2.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	2.041	0.134	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	448	448	1874	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	4.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.770	12.415	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	1024	1024	8350	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	8.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.622	13.483	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	47	43	58	55	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.41	0.38	0.51	0.48	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.019	0.025	0.153	0.265	0.365	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	42	38	46	50	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.47	0.43	0.52	0.56	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.016	0.020	0.154	0.266	0.366	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	35	31	34	43	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.48	0.53	0.67	0.00	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.011	0.018	0.161	0.256	0.352	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	24	24	18	36	0	0	18
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.77	0.58	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.58
time (sec)	N/A	0.004	2.488	0.155	0.253	0.405	0.000	0.000	2.571

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	45	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.058	0.027	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	42	46	65	44	0	0	33
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.73	1.03	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.52
time (sec)	N/A	0.015	0.017	0.162	0.262	0.356	0.000	0.000	2.221

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	47	57	92	53	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.52	0.63	1.02	0.59	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.017	0.025	0.175	0.256	0.377	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	115	52	67	116	58	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.45	0.58	1.01	0.50	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.021	0.034	0.161	0.262	0.384	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	29	16	22	14	0	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	1.81	1.00	1.38	0.88	0.00	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.004	0.002	0.154	0.255	0.363	0.043	0.000	0.074

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	64	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.073	0.063	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	49	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.066	0.030	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	B	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	77	236	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	3.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.058	0.449	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-2)	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	54	0	0	0	51	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.98	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.027	0.035	0.023	0.000	0.000	3.437	0.000	0.000

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	49	53	50	53	63	78	41
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.98	0.93	0.98	1.17	1.44	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.019	0.034	0.064	0.262	0.395	1.720	0.409	2.177

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	76	109	107	79	73	69	61
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	1.45	1.43	1.05	0.97	0.92	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.029	0.039	0.041	0.251	0.367	3.102	0.429	2.407

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	38	43	25	41	41	44	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.23	1.39	0.81	1.32	1.32	1.42	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.014	0.026	0.040	0.261	0.351	1.542	0.408	2.166

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	47	85	78	64	29	52	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.81	1.66	1.36	0.62	1.11	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.018	0.021	0.037	0.253	0.343	2.040	0.408	2.214

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	31	35	113	64	86	48	66	36
N.S.	1	1.29	1.46	4.71	2.67	3.58	2.00	2.75	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.010	0.012	0.056	0.260	0.370	0.718	0.402	2.253

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	42	107	54	64	41	0	34
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	2.82	1.42	1.68	1.08	0.00	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.021	0.019	0.037	0.260	0.354	2.963	0.000	2.456

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	43	145	86	102	36	82	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	3.62	2.15	2.55	0.90	2.05	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.018	0.018	0.043	0.263	0.331	2.008	0.419	2.556

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	37	42	25	47	0	69	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.19	1.35	0.81	1.52	0.00	2.23	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.014	0.025	0.039	0.261	0.331	0.000	0.415	2.155

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	53	173	129	113	83	103	61
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	2.66	1.98	1.74	1.28	1.58	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.027	0.040	0.039	0.256	0.348	2.899	0.421	2.543

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	46	52	41	58	65	124	61
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.02	0.80	1.14	1.27	2.43	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.024	0.029	0.050	0.264	0.375	1.588	0.423	2.201

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-2)	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	55	0	0	0	66	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.029	0.042	0.037	0.000	0.000	3.721	0.000	0.000

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	C	F	F(-2)	C	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	202	112	152	0	0	48	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.55	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	-0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.084	0.180	0.080	0.000	0.000	1.437	0.000	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	53	94	81	70	36	57	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	1.81	1.56	1.35	0.69	1.10	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.023	0.039	0.088	0.253	0.335	2.230	0.407	2.610

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	NO	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	113	104	0	55	41	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.21	0.00	0.64	0.48	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.033	0.164	0.042	0.000	0.106	1.257	0.000	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	42	116	71	88	58	61	43
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	2.90	1.78	2.20	1.45	1.52	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.025	0.024	0.089	0.266	0.378	3.995	0.413	2.971

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	C	F	F	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	165	96	144	0	0	42	0	24
N.S.	1	1.00	0.58	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.055	0.104	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.454	0.000	2.326

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	22	86	54	74	54	66	36
N.S.	1	1.00	0.48	1.87	1.17	1.61	1.17	1.43	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.023	0.037	0.089	0.257	0.350	6.304	0.423	2.380

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	C	F	A	C	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	91	96	111	0	56	42	0	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	1.22	0.00	0.62	0.46	0.00	0.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.032	0.108	0.046	0.000	0.100	1.331	0.000	2.369

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	24	114	92	101	39	76	42
N.S.	1	1.00	0.57	2.71	2.19	2.40	0.93	1.81	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.027	0.036	0.091	0.255	0.332	2.435	0.408	2.829

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	C	C	F	F(-2)	C	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	181	181	114	171	0	0	44	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.63	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.24	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.067	0.136	0.048	0.000	0.000	1.484	0.000	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	39	42	25	49	0	71	44
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	1.35	0.81	1.58	0.00	2.29	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.016	0.033	0.089	0.265	0.348	0.000	0.415	2.163

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	A	F(-2)	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	57	0	0	0	71	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.226	0.050	0.028	0.000	0.000	4.175	0.000	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	84	130	117	87	82	80	73
N.S.	1	1.00	0.99	1.53	1.38	1.02	0.96	0.94	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	0.044	0.095	0.255	0.348	3.329	0.424	2.171

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	44	59	32	49	51	66	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	1.55	0.84	1.29	1.34	1.74	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.147	0.032	0.123	0.259	0.333	1.728	0.427	2.142

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	57	98	89	72	36	62	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	1.88	1.71	1.38	0.69	1.19	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.152	0.025	0.040	0.252	0.338	2.032	0.421	2.128

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	44	129	75	99	63	82	52
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	3.00	1.74	2.30	1.47	1.91	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.103	0.034	0.045	0.256	0.356	2.296	0.396	2.198

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	F(-2)	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	52	112	59	73	49	0	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	2.38	1.26	1.55	1.04	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.047	0.029	0.040	0.251	0.332	2.171	0.000	2.260

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	39	164	93	112	34	118	44
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	4.32	2.45	2.95	0.89	3.11	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.138	0.040	0.043	0.256	0.352	2.438	0.420	2.250

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	54	46	63	28	57	0	75	51
N.S.	1	1.59	1.35	1.85	0.82	1.68	0.00	2.21	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.128	0.030	0.043	0.251	0.367	0.000	0.432	2.208

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	B	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	73	73	189	139	121	92	112	68
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.59	1.90	1.66	1.26	1.53	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.035	0.044	0.271	0.413	3.151	0.409	2.306

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	54	73	52	67	76	134	67
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.26	0.90	1.16	1.31	2.31	1.16
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.036	0.052	0.257	0.345	1.796	0.439	2.263

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	96	74	222	180	131	114	140	89
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	2.31	1.88	1.36	1.19	1.46	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.051	0.058	0.258	0.368	6.167	0.429	2.371

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	85	88	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.071	0.177	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	92	85	172	162	90	0	89	79
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	1.87	1.76	0.98	0.00	0.97	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.072	0.141	0.837	0.462	0.348	0.000	0.396	2.434

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	64	125	49	58	0	85	61
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.74	0.68	0.81	0.00	1.18	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.064	0.084	0.834	0.276	0.409	0.000	0.402	2.347

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	54	138	107	68	0	61	51
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	2.34	1.81	1.15	0.00	1.03	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.059	0.091	0.799	0.468	0.347	0.000	0.398	2.339

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	35	89	31	38	0	44	31
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	2.47	0.86	1.06	0.00	1.22	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.047	0.047	0.763	0.268	0.331	0.000	0.412	2.336

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	B	A	F	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	38	85	61	38	0	34	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.41	3.15	2.26	1.41	0.00	1.26	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.042	0.034	0.718	0.464	0.345	0.000	0.411	2.359

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	37	170	0	80	0	70	38
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	5.15	0.00	2.42	0.00	2.12	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.031	0.022	0.769	0.000	0.339	0.000	0.421	2.356

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-2)	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	30	157	34	41	0	43	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	5.23	1.13	1.37	0.00	1.43	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.048	0.068	0.740	0.471	0.344	0.000	0.423	2.146

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	F	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	58	216	0	130	0	114	61
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	3.60	0.00	2.17	0.00	1.90	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.066	0.080	0.727	0.000	0.344	0.000	0.402	2.418

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	54	197	56	70	75	82	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	3.23	0.92	1.15	1.23	1.34	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.065	0.104	0.710	0.469	0.356	3.000	0.416	2.218

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	52	0	0	0	0	0	-1
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.069	0.042	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)	F	B	
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	90	52	57	266	0	0	42
N.S.	1	1.00	1.96	1.13	1.24	5.78	0.00	0.00	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.044	0.099	0.068	0.254	0.396	0.000	0.000	2.714

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	A	A	A	F	A	B	F(-2)	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	90	0	60	334	0	0	40
N.S.	1	1.00	1.96	0.00	1.30	7.26	0.00	0.00	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.049	0.120	0.053	0.261	0.403	0.000	0.000	2.214

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral was to solve. In this test, problem number [59] had the largest ratio of [23]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	8	7	1.00	10	0.700
2	A	7	6	1.00	10	0.600
3	A	6	6	1.00	8	0.750
4	A	14	8	1.00	10	0.800
5	A	6	6	1.00	10	0.600
6	A	8	8	1.00	10	0.800
7	A	20	9	1.00	20	0.450
8	A	17	9	1.00	20	0.450
9	A	11	8	1.00	18	0.444
10	A	8	6	1.00	12	0.500
11	A	17	9	1.00	20	0.450
12	A	12	8	1.00	20	0.400
13	A	23	11	1.00	20	0.550
14	A	4	3	1.00	10	0.300
15	A	4	3	1.00	10	0.300
16	A	4	3	1.00	8	0.375
17	A	3	3	1.00	6	0.500
18	A	7	6	1.00	10	0.600
19	A	5	5	1.00	10	0.500
20	A	6	5	1.00	10	0.500
21	A	7	5	1.00	10	0.500
22	A	3	3	1.00	4	0.750
23	A	7	6	1.00	10	0.600
24	A	7	6	1.00	10	0.600
25	A	7	7	1.00	10	0.700

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	<u>number of rules</u> <u>integrand leaf size</u>
26	A	4	4	1.00	10	0.400
27	A	4	4	1.00	10	0.400
28	A	7	7	1.00	10	0.700
29	A	3	3	1.00	10	0.300
30	A	6	6	1.00	8	0.750
31	A	5	5	1.29	6	0.833
32	A	6	6	1.00	10	0.600
33	A	5	5	1.00	10	0.500
34	A	3	3	1.00	10	0.300
35	A	6	6	1.00	10	0.600
36	A	5	4	1.00	10	0.400
37	A	4	4	1.00	12	0.333
38	A	8	8	1.00	12	0.667
39	A	6	6	1.00	12	0.500
40	A	5	5	1.00	12	0.417
41	A	6	6	1.00	10	0.600
42	A	7	7	1.00	8	0.875
43	A	6	6	1.00	12	0.500
44	A	5	5	1.00	12	0.417
45	A	6	6	1.00	12	0.500
46	A	7	7	1.00	12	0.583
47	A	3	3	1.00	12	0.250
48	A	5	4	1.00	12	0.333
49	A	8	7	1.00	12	0.583
50	A	4	3	1.00	12	0.250
51	A	7	6	1.00	12	0.500
52	A	6	5	1.00	10	0.500
53	A	7	6	1.00	8	0.750
54	A	6	5	1.00	12	0.417
55	A	4	3	1.59	12	0.250
56	A	7	6	1.00	12	0.500
57	A	6	4	1.00	12	0.333
58	A	8	6	1.00	12	0.500
59	A	4	3	1.00	23	0.130
60	A	9	7	1.00	21	0.333

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	<u>number of rules</u> <u>integrand leaf size</u>
61	A	6	5	1.00	21	0.238
62	A	7	7	1.00	21	0.333
63	A	3	3	1.00	21	0.143
64	A	5	5	1.00	19	0.263
65	A	7	7	1.00	18	0.389
66	A	4	4	1.00	21	0.190
67	A	7	6	1.00	21	0.286
68	A	7	5	1.00	21	0.238
69	A	8	8	1.00	19	0.421
70	A	6	6	1.00	12	0.500
71	A	6	6	1.00	14	0.429

Chapter 3

Listing of integrals

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3.23	$\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}{x} dx$	144
3.24	$\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}{x} dx$	148
3.25	$\int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx}) dx$	152
3.26	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)x^m dx$	157
3.27	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)x^4 dx$	160
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3.33	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{x^2} dx$	184
3.34	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{x^3} dx$	188
3.35	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{x^4} dx$	191
3.36	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{x^5} dx$	196
3.37	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)x^m dx$	200
3.38	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)x^4 dx$	204
3.39	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)x^3 dx$	209
3.40	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)x^2 dx$	213
3.41	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)x dx$	217
3.42	$\int e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2) dx$	221
3.43	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{x} dx$	226
3.44	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{x^2} dx$	230
3.45	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{x^3} dx$	234
3.46	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{x^4} dx$	238
3.47	$\int \frac{e\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{x^5} dx$	243
3.48	$\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}x^m dx$	246
3.49	$\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}x^4 dx$	250
3.50	$\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}x^3 dx$	255
3.51	$\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}x^2 dx$	259
3.52	$\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}x dx$	264
3.53	$\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} dx$	268
3.54	$\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x} dx$	273
3.55	$\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^2} dx$	277
3.56	$\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^3} dx$	281
3.57	$\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^4} dx$	286

3.58	$\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^5} dx$	290
3.59	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}(dx)^m}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	296
3.60	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}x^5}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	300
3.61	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}x^4}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	305
3.62	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}x^3}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	309
3.63	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}x^2}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	314
3.64	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}x}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	318
3.65	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{1+c^2x^2} dx$	322
3.66	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x(1+c^2x^2)} dx$	326
3.67	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x^2(1+c^2x^2)} dx$	330
3.68	$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x^3(1+c^2x^2)} dx$	335
3.69	$\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{\frac{ad}{b}+dx} dx$	339
3.70	$\int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx^4) dx$	344
3.71	$\int x^{-1+n} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx^n) dx$	348

3.1 $\int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=147

$$\frac{(2 - 17a^2)(a + bx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{12b^4} + \frac{x^2(a + bx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{12b^2} - \frac{a(a + bx)^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{3b^4} - \frac{a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{4}$$

[Out] $-1/4*a^4*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)/b^4+1/4*x^4*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)+1/2*a*(-2*a^2+1)*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/b^4-1/12*(-17*a^2+2)*(b*x+a)*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4+1/12*x^2*(b*x+a)*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^2-1/3*a*(b*x+a)^2*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/b^4$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.11, antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 3867, 4133, 3855, 3852, 8}

$$-\frac{a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{4b^4} - \frac{(2 - 17a^2)(a + bx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{12b^4} + \frac{(1 - 2a^2)a \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a + bx)^2} + 1}\right)}{2b^4} - \frac{a(a + bx)^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{3b^4} + \frac{x^2(a + bx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{12b^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[x^3*ArcCsch[a + b*x], x]

[Out] $-1/12*((2 - 17*a^2)*(a + b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x)^{-2}])/b^4 + (x^2*(a + b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x)^{-2}])/(12*b^2) - (a*(a + b*x)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x)^{-2}])/(3*b^4) - (a^4*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])/(4*b^4) + (x^4*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])/4 + (a*(1 - 2*a^2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x)^{-2}]])/(2*b^4)$

Rule 8

Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]

Rule 3852

Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-d^(-1), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]

Rule 3855

Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3867

```

Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_ .)*(x_)]*(b_ .) + (a_ ))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b^2)*C
ot[c + d*x]*((a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 2)/(d*(n - 1))), x] + Dist[1/(n - 1)
, Int[(a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 3)*Simp[a^3*(n - 1) + (b*(b^2*(n - 2) + 3*a
^2*(n - 1)))*Csc[c + d*x] + (a*b^2*(3*n - 4))*Csc[c + d*x]^2, x], x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 2] && IntegerQ[2*n]

```

Rule 4133

```

Int[((A_.) + csc[(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_)]*(B_ .) + csc[(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_)]^2*(C_ .
))* (csc[(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_)]*(b_ .) + (a_ )), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b)*C*Csc[e +
f*x]*(Cot[e + f*x]/(2*f)), x] + Dist[1/2, Int[Simp[2*A*a + (2*B*a + b*(2*A
+ C))*Csc[e + f*x] + 2*(a*C + B*b)*Csc[e + f*x]^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, e, f, A, B, C}, x]

```

Rule 5577

```

Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_ .)*(x_)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_ .)*(x_)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_ .)*(x_)]*(b_ .
)+ (a_ ))^(n_ .)*(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_ ))^(m_ .), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e
+ f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b
*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]

```

Rule 6457

```

Int[((a_ .) + ArcCsch[(c_ ) + (d_ .)*(x_ )]*(b_ .))^p*(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_ ))^(m_ .),
x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^{(-1)}, Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Co
th[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]

```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x) (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^3 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right)}{b^4} \\
&= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^4 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right)}{4b^4} \\
&= \frac{x^2(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{12b^2} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x)) (-3a\operatorname{csch}(x) + 3a^2) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right)}{4b^4} \\
&= \frac{x^2(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{12b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{3b^4} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x)) (a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) - 4a^2) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right)}{4b^4} \\
&= \frac{x^2(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{12b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{3b^4} - \frac{a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{4b^4} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x)) (a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) - 4a^2) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right)}{4b^4} \\
&= \frac{x^2(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{12b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx)^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{3b^4} - \frac{a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{4b^4} + \frac{(2 - 17a^2)(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{12b^4} + \frac{x^2(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{12b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx)}{12b^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.19, size = 149, normalized size = 1.01

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}} (-2a+13a^3-2bx+9a^2bx-3ab^2x^2+b^3x^3)+3b^4x^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)-3a^4\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)+6a(1-2a^2)\log\left((a+bx)\left(1+\sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}}\right)\right)}{12b^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x^3*ArcCsch[a + b*x], x]`[Out] `(Sqrt[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2]*(-2*a + 13*a^3 - 2*b*x + 9*a^2*b*x - 3*a*b^2*x^2 + b^3*x^3) + 3*b^4*x^4*ArcCsch[a + b*x] - 3*a^4*ArcSinh[(a + b*x)^(-1)] + 6*a*(1 - 2*a^2)*Log[(a + b*x)*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2])])/(12*b^4)`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.23, size = 227, normalized size = 1.54

method	result
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	$\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^4}{4} - \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^3(bx+a) + \frac{3\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^2(bx+a)^2}{2} - \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)^3 + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^4}{4}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^4}{4} - \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^3(bx+a) + \frac{3\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^2(bx+a)^2}{2} - \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)^3 + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^4}{4}$
default	$\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^4}{4} - \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^3(bx+a) + \frac{3\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a^2(bx+a)^2}{2} - \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)^3 + \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^4}{4}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(x^3*arccsch(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/b^4*(1/4*arccsch(b*x+a)*a^4-arccsch(b*x+a)*a^3*(b*x+a)+3/2*arccsch(b*x+a)*a^2*(b*x+a)^2-arccsch(b*x+a)*a*(b*x+a)^3+1/4*arccsch(b*x+a)*(b*x+a)^4-1/12*((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)*(3*a^4*arctanh(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2))+12*a^3*arcsinh(b*x+a)-18*a^2*((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)+6*a*(b*x+a)*((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)-(b*x+a)^2*((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)-6*a*arcsinh(b*x+a)+2*((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2))/(((b*x+a)^2+1)/((b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a))
```

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -1/2*(-I*a^3 + I*a)*(log(I*(b^2*x + a*b)/b + 1) - log(-I*(b^2*x + a*b)/b + 1))/b^4 + 1/8*(2*b^4*x^4*log(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1) + 1) + b^2*x^2 - 6*a*b*x - (a^4 - 6*a^2 + 1)*log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1) - 2*(b^4*x^4 - a^4)*log(b*x + a))/b^4 + integrate(1/4*(b^2*x^5 + a*b*x^4)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + (b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x)
```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 325 vs. 2(127) = 254.

time = 0.38, size = 325, normalized size = 2.21

$$\frac{3b^4x^4\log\left(\frac{(bx+a)\sqrt{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}, z\right) - 3a^4\log\left(-bx+(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}}, z\right) + 3a^4\log\left(-bx+(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}}, -a-1\right) + 6(2a^3-a)\log\left(-bx+(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}}, -a\right) + (b^2x^3-3ab^2x^2+13a^3+(9a^2-2)bx-2a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2+1}{b^2x^2+2abx+a^2}}}{12b^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{12} \left(3b^4x^4 \log\left(\frac{(bx + a)\sqrt{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1)} - 3a^4 \log(-bx + (bx + a)\sqrt{(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1)})}{(bx + a)^2} + 1 \right) \right)$$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{acsch}(a + bx) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x**3*acsch(b*x+a),x)`

[Out] `Integral(x**3*acsch(a + b*x), x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a + bx}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*asinh(1/(a + b*x)),x)`

[Out] `int(x^3*asinh(1/(a + b*x)), x)`

3.2 $\int x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=110

$$-\frac{5a(a+bx)\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{6b^3} + \frac{x(a+bx)\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{6b^2} + \frac{a^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{3b^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) - \quad (1 - 6a^2)$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{3}a^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)/b^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a) - \frac{1}{6}(-6a^2+1) \operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)})/b^3 - \frac{5}{6}a*(b*x+a)*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^3 + \frac{1}{6}x*(b*x+a)*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$,

Rules used = {6457, 5577, 3867, 3855, 3852, 8}

$$\frac{a^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{3b^3} - \frac{(1-6a^2)\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}+1}\right)}{6b^3} - \frac{5a(a+bx)\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}+1}}{6b^3} + \frac{x(a+bx)\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}+1}}{6b^2} + \frac{1}{3}x^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x], x]$

[Out] $\frac{(-5a*(a+b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+(a+b*x)^{-2}])/(6*b^3)}{} + \frac{(x*(a+b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+(a+b*x)^{-2}])/(6*b^2)}{} + \frac{(a^3*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b*x])/(3*b^3)}{} + \frac{(x^3*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b*x])/3}{-} - \frac{((1-6a^2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+(a+b*x)^{-2}]])/(6*b^3)}{}$

Rule 8

$\operatorname{Int}[a_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x]$

Rule 3852

$\operatorname{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[-d^{(-1)}, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandoIntegrand}[(1+x^2)^{(n/2-1)}, x], x], x, \operatorname{Cot}[c+d*x]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n/2, 0]$

Rule 3855

$\operatorname{Int}[\csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Cos}[c+d*x]]/d, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{c, d\}, x]$

Rule 3867

$\operatorname{Int}[(\csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(-b^2)*\operatorname{Cot}[c+d*x]*((a+b*\csc[c+d*x])^{(n-2)}/(d*(n-1))), x] + \operatorname{Dist}[1/(n-1)$

```
, Int[(a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n - 3)*Simp[a^3*(n - 1) + (b*(b^2*(n - 2) + 3*a^2*(n - 1)))*Csc[c + d*x] + (a*b^2*(3*n - 4))*Csc[c + d*x]^2, x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && GtQ[n, 2] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(-(e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^p*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x) (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^2 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{b^3} \\
&= \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^3 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{3b^3} \\
&= \frac{x(a + bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{6b^2} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-2a^3 - (1 - 6a^2) \operatorname{csch}(x))^2 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{6b^3} \\
&= \frac{x(a + bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{6b^2} + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{3b^3} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) + \frac{(5a) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-2a^3 - (1 - 6a^2) \operatorname{csch}(x))^2 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{18b^4} \\
&= \frac{x(a + bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{6b^2} + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{3b^3} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{(1 - 6a^2) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-2a^3 - (1 - 6a^2) \operatorname{csch}(x))^2 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{54b^5} \\
&= -\frac{5a(a + bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{6b^3} + \frac{x(a + bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{6b^2} + \frac{a^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{3b^3} +
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.12, size = 129, normalized size = 1.17

$$\frac{(-5a^2 - 4abx + b^2x^2) \sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}} + 2b^3x^3\cosh^{-1}(a+bx) + 2a^3\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right) + (-1+6a^2)\log\left((a+bx)\left(1+\sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}}\right)\right)}{6b^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x^2*ArcCsch[a + b*x], x]`

[Out] $\frac{((-5a^2 - 4a*b*x + b^2*x^2)*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2] + 2*b^3*x^3*\text{ArcCsch}[a + b*x] + 2*a^3*\text{ArcSinh}[(a + b*x)^{-1}] + (-1 + 6*a^2)*\text{Log}[(a + b*x)*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2])])}{6*b^3}$

Maple [A]

time = 0.22, size = 169, normalized size = 1.54

method	result
derivativedivides	$\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}$ $-\frac{\text{arccsch}(bx+a)a^3}{3} + \text{arccsch}(bx+a)a^2(bx+a) - \text{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)^2 + \frac{\text{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^3}{3} -$
default	$\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}$ $-\frac{\text{arccsch}(bx+a)a^3}{3} + \text{arccsch}(bx+a)a^2(bx+a) - \text{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)^2 + \frac{\text{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^3}{3} -$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^2*arccsch(b*x+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{b^3}(-\frac{1}{3}\text{arccsch}(b*x+a)*a^3 + \text{arccsch}(b*x+a)*a^2*(b*x+a) - \text{arccsch}(b*x+a)*a*(b*x+a)^2 + \frac{1}{3}\text{arccsch}(b*x+a)*(b*x+a)^3 - \frac{1}{6}((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-2*a^3*\text{arctanh}(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2)}) - 6*a^2*\text{arcsinh}(b*x+a) + 6*a*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2)} - (b*x+a)*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2)} + \text{arcsinh}(b*x+a))/(((b*x+a)^2+1)/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/(b*x+a))$$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^2*arccsch(b*x+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{6} \cdot (3 \cdot I \cdot a^2 - I) \cdot (\log(I \cdot (b^2 \cdot x + a \cdot b) / b + 1) - \log(-I \cdot (b^2 \cdot x + a \cdot b) / b + 1)) / b^3 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot (2 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^3 \cdot \log(\sqrt{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}) + 1) + 2 \cdot b \cdot x \\ & + (a^3 - 3 \cdot a) \cdot \log(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) - 2 \cdot (b^3 \cdot x^3 + a^3) \cdot \log(b \cdot x + a) / b^3 + \text{integrate}(1/3 \cdot (b^2 \cdot x^4 + a \cdot b \cdot x^3) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} + 1), x) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 306 vs. 2(94) = 188.

time = 0.39, size = 306, normalized size = 2.78

$$\frac{2 b^3 x^3 \log \left(\frac{(b x+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2+1}{b x+a}}+1}{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2}\right)+2 a^3 \log \left(-b x+(b x+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2}}-a+1\right)-2 a^3 \log \left(-b x+(b x+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2}}-a-1\right)-(6 a^2-1) \log \left(-b x+(b x+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2}}-a\right)+(b^3 x^2-4 a b x-5 a^3) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 a b x+a^2}}}{6 b^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^2*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6} \cdot (2 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^3 \cdot \log((b \cdot x + a) * \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) + 1) / (b \cdot x + a) + 2 \cdot a^3 \cdot \log(-b \cdot x + (b \cdot x + a) * \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) - a + 1) - 2 \cdot a^3 \cdot \log(-b \cdot x + (b \cdot x + a) * \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) - a - 1) - (6 \cdot a^2 - 1) \cdot \log(-b \cdot x + (b \cdot x + a) * \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) - a) + (b^2 \cdot x^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x - 5 \cdot a^3) * \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) / b^3 \end{aligned}$$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{acsch}(a + bx) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x**2*acsch(b*x+a),x)`

[Out] `Integral(x**2*acsch(a + b*x), x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^2*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(x^2*arccsch(b*x + a), x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a + bx}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^2*asinh(1/(a + b*x)),x)`

[Out] `int(x^2*asinh(1/(a + b*x)), x)`

3.3 $\int x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=75

$$\frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{2b^2} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{a \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}\right)}{b^2}$$

[Out] $-1/2*a^2*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)/b^2+1/2*x^2*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)-a*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)})/b^2+1/2*(b*x+a)*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/b^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.750, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 3858, 3855, 3852, 8}

$$-\frac{a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{(a + bx)\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a + bx)^2} + 1}}{2b^2} - \frac{a \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a + bx)^2} + 1}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[x*ArcCsch[a + b*x], x]

[Out] $((a + b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x)^{-2}])/(2*b^2) - (a^2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])/(2*b^2) + (x^2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])/2 - (a*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x)^{-2}]])/b^2$

Rule 8

Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]

Rule 3852

Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-d^(-1), Subst[Int[ExpandIntegrand[(1 + x^2)^(n/2 - 1), x], x, Cot[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x] && IGtQ[n/2, 0]]

Rule 3855

Int[csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-ArcTanh[Cos[c + d*x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]

Rule 3858

Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^2, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^2*x, x] + (Dist[2*a*b, Int[Csc[c + d*x], x], x] + Dist[b^2, Int[Csc[c + d*x]^2, x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^p*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x) (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x)) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{b^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^2 dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{2b^2} \\ &= -\frac{a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \operatorname{csch}^2(x) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)\right)}{2b^2} \\ &= -\frac{a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{a \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}\right)}{b^2} + \operatorname{iSub} \\ &= \frac{(a + bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}}{2b^2} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx)}{2b^2} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - \frac{a \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}\right)}{b^2} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.06, size = 110, normalized size = 1.47

$$\frac{(a + bx) \sqrt{\frac{1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}{(a + bx)^2}} + b^2x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) - a^2 \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a + bx}\right) - 2a \log\left((a + bx) \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1 + a^2 + 2abx + b^2x^2}{(a + bx)^2}}\right)\right)}{2b^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x*ArcCsch[a + b*x], x]`

[Out] $((a + b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}\left[\frac{(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2}{(a + b*x)^2}\right] + b^2*x^2*\operatorname{ArcCsc} h[a + b*x] - a^2*\operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{(a + b*x)^{-1}}{(a + b*x)^2}\right] - 2*a*\operatorname{Log}\left[(a + b*x)*(1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}\left[\frac{(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2}{(a + b*x)^2}\right])\right])/(2*b^2)$

Maple [A]

time = 0.22, size = 97, normalized size = 1.29

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)+\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1} \left(2a \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)-\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}\right)}{2(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{(bx+a)^2+1}{(bx+a)^2}}}{b^2}$
default	$\frac{-\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)a(bx+a)+\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)(bx+a)^2}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1} \left(2a \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a)-\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}\right)}{2(bx+a)\sqrt{\frac{(bx+a)^2+1}{(bx+a)^2}}}{b^2}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x*arccsch(b*x+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`
[Out]
$$\frac{1}{b^2} \cdot (-\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a) \cdot a \cdot (bx+a) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a) \cdot (bx+a)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((bx+a)^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} \cdot (2a \cdot \operatorname{arcsinh}(bx+a) - ((bx+a)^2 + 1)^{(1/2)}) / (bx+a) / (((bx+a)^2 + 1) / (bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)})$$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`
[Out]
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot I \cdot a \cdot (\log(I \cdot (b^2 \cdot x + a \cdot b) / b + 1) - \log(-I \cdot (b^2 \cdot x + a \cdot b) / b + 1)) / b^2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot (2 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \log(\sqrt{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}) + 1) - (a^2 - 1) \cdot \log(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) - 2 \cdot (b^2 \cdot x^2 - a^2) \cdot \log(b \cdot x + a) / b^2 + \text{integrate}(1/2 \cdot (b^2 \cdot x^3 + a \cdot b \cdot x^2) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} + 1), x)$$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 285 vs. 2(65) = 130.

time = 0.38, size = 285, normalized size = 3.80

$$\frac{b^2 x^2 \log \left(\frac{\left((bx+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2+1}{bx+a}}+1\right)}{2 b^2}\right)-a^2 \log \left(-bx+(bx+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2}}-a+1\right)+a^2 \log \left(-bx+(bx+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2}}-a-1\right)+2 a \log \left(-bx+(bx+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2}}-a\right)+(bx+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2+1}{b^2 x^2+2 abx+a^2}}}{2 b^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

```
[Out] 1/2*(b^2*x^2*log(((b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)) + 1)/(b*x + a)) - a^2*log(-b*x + (b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))) - a + 1) + a^2*log(-b*x + (b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))) - a - 1) + 2*a*log(-b*x + (b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))) - a) + (b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)))/b^2
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x \operatorname{acsch}(a + bx) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(x*acsch(b*x+a),x)

[Out] Integral(x*acsch(a + b*x), x)

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(x*arccsch(b*x+a),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] integrate(x*arccsch(b*x + a), x)

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int x \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a + bx}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(x*asinh(1/(a + b*x)),x)

[Out] int(x*asinh(1/(a + b*x)), x)

$$3.4 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=162

$$\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log \left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 - \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log \left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Out}] \quad & -\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)*\ln(1-(1/(b*x+a)+(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)+\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)*\ln \\ & (1-a*(1/(b*x+a)+(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(1-(a^2+1)^(1/2)))+\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)*\ln \\ & (1-a*(1/(b*x+a)+(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))/(1+(a^2+1)^(1/2)))-1/2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,(1/ \\ & (b*x+a)+(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2))^2)+\operatorname{polylog}(2,a*(1/(b*x+a)+(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)) / (1-(a^2+1)^(1/2)))+\operatorname{polylog}(2,a*(1/(b*x+a)+(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)) / (1+(a^2+1)^(1/2))) \end{aligned}$$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.19, antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {6457, 5715, 5688, 3797, 2221, 2317, 2438, 5680}

$$\operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 - \sqrt{a^2 + 1}}\right) + \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{\sqrt{a^2 + 1} + 1}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) \log \left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 - \sqrt{a^2 + 1}}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) \log \left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 + \sqrt{a^2 + 1}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right) - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) \log \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/x, x]

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{Out}] \quad & \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - (a*E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]})/(1 - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + a^2])] + \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - (a*E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]})/(1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + a^2])] - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])}] + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (a*E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]})/(1 - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + a^2])] + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (a*E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]})/(1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + a^2])] - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])}/2] \end{aligned}$$

Rule 2221

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Int}[(((F_.)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/ \\ ((a_) + (b_.)*((F_.)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] & :> \operatorname{Simp}[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*\operatorname{Log}[F]))*\operatorname{Log}[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - \operatorname{Dist}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\operatorname{Log}[F]))], \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*\operatorname{Log}[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \end{aligned}$$

Rule 2317

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Log}[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_.)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] & :> \operatorname{Dist}[1/(d*e*n*\operatorname{Log}[F]), \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \end{aligned}$$

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3797

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[2*I, Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi))), E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5680

```
Int[(Cosh[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_)*Sinh[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a - Rt[a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a + Rt[a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[a^2 + b^2, 0]
```

Rule 5688

```
Int[(Coth[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_)*Sinh[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]], x_Symbol) :> Dist[1/a, Int[(e + f*x)^m*Coth[c + d*x]^n, x] - Dist[b/a, Int[(e + f*x)^m*Cosh[c + d*x]*(Coth[c + d*x]^(n - 1)/(a + b*Sinh[c + d*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 5715

```
Int[((((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_)*(F_)[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_)*(G_)[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(p_.))/Csch[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_), x_Symbol] :> Int[(e + f*x)^m*Sinh[c + d*x]*F[c + d*x]^n*(G[c + d*x]^p/(b + a*Sinh[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && HyperbolicQ[F] && HyperbolicQ[G] && IntegersQ[m, n, p]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^p*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^{(-1)}, Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Csch[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} dx &= -\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x)}{-a + \operatorname{csch}(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right) \\
&= -\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x \coth(x)}{1 - a \sinh(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right) \\
&= -\left(a \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x \cosh(x)}{1 - a \sinh(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right)\right) - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right) \\
&= 2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x} x}{1 - e^{2x}} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right) - a \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^x x}{1 - \sqrt{1 + a^2} - ae^x} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)\right) \\
&= \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 - \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) \\
&= \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 - \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) \\
&= \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 - \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - \frac{ae^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + a^2}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.
time = 0.28, size = 427, normalized size = 2.64

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/x,x]

```
[Out] (Pi^2 - (4*I)*Pi*ArcCsch[a + b*x] - 8*ArcCsch[a + b*x]^2 - 32*ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I + a)/a]/Sqrt[2]]*ArcTan[((1 - I*a)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[a + b*x])/4]) /Sqrt[1 + a^2]] - 8*ArcCsch[a + b*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[a + b*x])] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 - ((-1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] + 8*ArcCsch[a + b*x]*Log[1 - ((-1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] + (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I + a)/a]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 - ((-1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] + (4*I)*Pi*Log[1 + ((1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] + 8*ArcCsch[a + b*x]*Log[1 + ((1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] - (16*I)*ArcSin[Sqrt[(-I + a)/a]/Sqrt[2]]*Log[1 + ((1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] - (4*I)*Pi*Log[(b*x)/(a + b*x)] + 4*PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCsch[a + b*x])] + 8*PolyLog[2, ((-1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a] + 8*PolyLog[2, -(((1 + Sqrt[1 + a^2])*E^ArcCsch[a + b*x])/a)]))/8
```

Maple [F]

time = 0.04, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx + a)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(b*x+a)/x,x)`

[Out] `int(arccsch(b*x+a)/x,x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(b*x + a)/x, x)`

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `integral(arccsch(b*x + a)/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(a + bx)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(b*x+a)/x,x)`

[Out] `Integral(acsch(a + b*x)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(b*x + a)/x, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/x,x)`

[Out] `int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/x, x)`

3.5 $\int \frac{\text{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=63

$$-\frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)}{a}-\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)}{x}+\frac{2 b \tanh ^{-1}\left(\frac{a+\tanh \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)\right)}{\sqrt{1+a^2}}\right)}{a \sqrt{1+a^2}}$$

[Out] $-\frac{b \operatorname{arccsch}(b x+a)}{a}-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(b x+a)}{x}+\frac{2 b \operatorname{tanh}^{-1}\left(\frac{a+\tanh \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)\right)}{\sqrt{1+a^2}}\right)}{a \sqrt{1+a^2}}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 3868, 2739, 632, 212}

$$\frac{2 b \tanh ^{-1}\left(\frac{\tanh \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)\right)+a}{\sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{a \sqrt{a^2+1}}-\frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)}{a}-\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+b x)}{x}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/x^2, x]

[Out] $-\frac{((b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b x])/a)-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b x]/x+(2 b \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(a+\operatorname{Tanh}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b x]/2])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a^2]])/(a \operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a^2])}{a}$

Rule 212

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

Rule 632

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]

Rule 2739

Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)])^(-1), x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]

Rule 3868

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^( -1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x/a, x]
- Dist[1/a, Int[1/(1 + (a/b)*Sin[c + d*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x^2} dx &= - \left(b \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x)}{(-a+\operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right) \right) \\
&= - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} + b \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-a+\operatorname{csch}(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right) \\
&= - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} + \frac{b \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{1-a \sinh(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right)}{a} \\
&= - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} + \frac{(2b) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{1-2ax-x^2} dx, x, \tanh(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)) \right)}{a} \\
&= - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} - \frac{(4b) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{4(1+a^2)-x^2} dx, x, -2a-2 \tanh(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)) \right)}{a} \\
&= - \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} + \frac{2b \tanh^{-1} \left(\frac{a+\tanh(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx))}{\sqrt{1+a^2}} \right)}{a \sqrt{1+a^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 141 vs. 2(63) = 126.

time = 0.11, size = 141, normalized size = 2.24

$$-\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x} - \frac{b \left(\sqrt{1+a^2} \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{a+bx} \right) + \log(x) - \log \left(1+a^2+abx+a \sqrt{1+a^2} \sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}} + \sqrt{1+a^2} bx \sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}} \right) \right)}{a \sqrt{1+a^2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/x^2, x]

[Out] $-(\text{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]/x) - (b*(\text{Sqrt}[1 + a^2]*\text{ArcSinh}[(a + b*x)^{-1}] + \text{Log}[x] - \text{Log}[1 + a^2 + a*b*x + a*\text{Sqrt}[1 + a^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2] + \text{Sqrt}[1 + a^2]*b*x*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2]]))/(a*\text{Sqrt}[1 + a^2])$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 126 vs. 2(57) = 114.

time = 0.48, size = 127, normalized size = 2.02

method	result
derivative divides	$b \left(-\frac{\text{arccsch}(bx+a)}{bx} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1} \left(\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{a^2+1} - \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+1}}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{(bx+a)^2+1}{(bx+a)^2}} (bx+a)a\sqrt{a^2+1}} \right)$
default	$b \left(-\frac{\text{arccsch}(bx+a)}{bx} - \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1} \left(\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right) \sqrt{a^2+1} - \ln\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a^2+1}}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{(bx+a)^2+1}{(bx+a)^2}} (bx+a)a\sqrt{a^2+1}} \right)$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^2, x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $b*(-1/b/x*arccsch(b*x+a)-((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)*(arctanh(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)) * (a^2+1)^(1/2)-\ln(2*((a^2+1)^(1/2)*((b*x+a)^2+1)^(1/2)+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x))/((b*x+a)^2+1)/(b*x+a)^2)^(1/2)/(b*x+a)/a/(a^2+1)^(1/2))$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^2, x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $-1/2*I*b*(\log(I*(b^2*x + a*b)/b + 1) - \log(-I*(b^2*x + a*b)/b + 1))/(a^2 + 1) - b*\log(x)/(a^3 + a) - 1/2*(a^2*b*x*\log(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1) - 2$

```

$$*(a^3 + (a^2*b + b)*x + a)*log(b*x + a) + 2*(a^3 + a)*log(sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1) + 1))/((a^3 + a)*x) - integrate((b^2*x + a*b)/(b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2 + 1)*x + (b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*x^2 + (a^2 + 1)*x)*sqrt(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)), x)$$

```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 343 vs. 2(57) = 114.

time = 0.36, size = 343, normalized size = 5.44

$$\frac{(a^2 + 1)bx \log \left(-bx + (bx + a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}} - a + 1 \right) - (a^2 + 1)bx \log \left(-bx + (bx + a)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}} - a - 1 \right) - \sqrt{a^2 + 1}bx \log \left(-\frac{a^2bx + a^2 + (abx + a^2)(abx + a^2 + 1)}{a^2 + a} \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{a^2 + 1} + (a^2 + (a^2 + 1)bx + a^2 + 1)\sqrt{\frac{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2}} + 1}{(a^2 + a)x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$-((a^2 + 1)*b*x*log(-b*x + (b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))) - a + 1) - (a^2 + 1)*b*x*log(-b*x + (b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2))) - a - 1) - sqrt(a^2 + 1)*b*x*log(-(a^2*b*x + a^3 + (a*b*x + a^2 + (a*b*x + a^2)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)) + 1)*sqrt(a^2 + 1) + (a^3 + (a^2 + 1)*b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)) + a)/x) + (a^3 + a)*log(((b*x + a)*sqrt((b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x + a^2)) + 1)/(b*x + a)))/((a^3 + a)*x)$$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(a + bx)}{x^2} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(b*x+a)/x**2,x)`

[Out] `Integral(acsch(a + b*x)/x**2, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(b*x + a)/x^2, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}{x^2} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/x^2,x)
[Out] int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/x^2, x)
```

$$3.6 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=114

$$\frac{b(a+bx)\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} + \frac{b^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{(1+2a^2)b^2\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a+\tanh(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx))}{\sqrt{1+a^2}}\right)}{a^2(1+a^2)^{3/2}}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}b^2\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)/a^2 - \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)/x^2 - (2*a^2+1)*b^2\operatorname{arctanh}((a+\tanh(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)))/(a^2+1)^{(1/2)})/a^2/(a^2+1)^{(3/2)} + \frac{1}{2}b*(b*x+a)*(1+1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}/a/(a^2+1)/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.15, antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 3870, 4004, 3916, 2739, 632, 212}

$$\frac{b^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{(2a^2+1)b^2\tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\tanh(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx))+a}{\sqrt{a^2+1}}\right)}{a^2(a^2+1)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(a+bx)\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}+1}}{2a(a^2+1)x} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/x^3, x]

[Out] $(b*(a+b*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+(a+b*x)^{-2}])/(2*a*(1+a^2)*x) + (b^2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b*x])/(2*a^2) - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b*x]/(2*x^2) - ((1+2*a^2)*b^2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[(a+\operatorname{Tanh}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a+b*x]/2])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+a^2]])/(a^2*(1+a^2)^{(3/2)})$

Rule 212

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])

Rule 632

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Dist[-2, Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0]

Rule 2739

Int[((a_) + (b_)*sin[(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)])^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> With[{e = FreeFactors[Tan[(c + d*x)/2], x]}, Dist[2*(e/d), Subst[Int[1/(a + 2*b*e*x + a*e^2*x^2), x], x, Tan[(c + d*x)/2]/e], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[

$a^2 - b^2, 0]$

Rule 3870

```
Int[(csc[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b^2*Cot[c + d*x]*((a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(a*d*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2))), x] + Dist[1/(a*(n + 1)*(a^2 - b^2)), Int[(a + b*Csc[c + d*x])^(n + 1)*Simp[(a^2 - b^2)*(n + 1) - a*b*(n + 1)*Csc[c + d*x] + b^2*(n + 2)*Csc[c + d*x]^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && LtQ[n, -1] && IntegerQ[2*n]
```

Rule 3916

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]/(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/b, Int[1/(1 + (a/b)*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 4004

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(d_.) + (c_))/(csc[(e_.) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(x/a), x] - Dist[(b*c - a*d)/a, Int[Csc[e + f*x]/(a + b*Csc[e + f*x]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((-e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x^3} dx &= - \left(b^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x)}{(-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^3} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right) \right) \\
&= - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{1}{2} b^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{(-a + \operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right) \\
&= \frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{-1-a^2-a\operatorname{csch}(x)}{-a+\operatorname{csch}(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right)}{2a(1+a^2)} \\
&= \frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{((1+2a^2)b^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{(-a+\operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right)}{2a(1+a^2)} \\
&= \frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{((1+2a^2)b^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{(-a+\operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right)}{2a(1+a^2)} \\
&= \frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{((1+2a^2)b^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{(-a+\operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right)}{2a(1+a^2)} \\
&= \frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} + \frac{(2(1+2a^2)b^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{(-a+\operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \right)}{2a(1+a^2)} \\
&= \frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}}{2a(1+a^2)x} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2x^2} - \frac{(1+2a^2)b^2 \tan \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{2a(1+a^2)x}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.31, size = 220, normalized size = 1.93

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{b(a+bx) \sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}}}{a(1+a^2)x} - \frac{\text{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{x^2} + \frac{b^2 \sinh^{-1}(\frac{1}{a+bx})}{a^2} + \frac{(1+2a^2)b^2 \log(x)}{a^2(1+a^2)^{3/2}} - \frac{(1+2a^2)b^2 \log\left(1+a^2+abx+a\sqrt{1+a^2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}} + \sqrt{1+a^2}bx \sqrt{\frac{1+a^2+2abx+b^2x^2}{(a+bx)^2}}}{a^2(1+a^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/x^3,x]

$$+ a^2] * b*x*Sqrt[(1 + a^2 + 2*a*b*x + b^2*x^2)/(a + b*x)^2]]/(a^2*(1 + a^2)^{(3/2)})/2$$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 455 vs. $2(100) = 200$.

time = 0.46, size = 456, normalized size = 4.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$b^2 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)}{2b^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}{b^2x^2} \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right)(a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right)(a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 \right) \right)$
default	$b^2 \left(-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)}{2b^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}{b^2x^2} \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right)(a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{(bx+a)^2+1}}\right)(a^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3 \right) \right)$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^3, x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $b^2*(-1/2/b^2/x^2*arccsch(b*x+a)+1/2*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2)}*(-\operatorname{arctanh}(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2})*(\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)^2+1)^{(3/2)}*a^3+\operatorname{arctanh}(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2})*(a^2+1)^{(3/2)}*a^2*(b*x+a)+2*\ln(2*((a^2+1)^{(1/2})*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x)*a^5-2*\ln(2*((a^2+1)^{(1/2})*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x)*a^4*(b*x+a)-\operatorname{arctanh}(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2})*(a^2+1)^{(3/2)}*a+\operatorname{arctanh}(1/((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2})*(a^2+1)^{(3/2}*(b*x+a)+(a^2+1)^{(3/2}*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a+3*\ln(2*((a^2+1)^{(1/2})*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x)*a^3-3*\ln(2*((a^2+1)^{(1/2})*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x)*a^2*(b*x+a)+a*\ln(2*((a^2+1)^{(1/2})*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x)-\ln(2*((a^2+1)^{(1/2})*((b*x+a)^2+1)^{(1/2}+a*(b*x+a)+1)/b/x)*(b*x+a))/(((b*x+a)^2+1)/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2}*(b*x+a)/a^2/(a^2+1)^{(5/2})/b/x)$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot I \cdot a \cdot b^2 \cdot (\log(I \cdot (b^{2x} + a \cdot b) / b + 1) - \log(-I \cdot (b^{2x} + a \cdot b) / b + 1)) / (a^4 + 2 \cdot a^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (3 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 + b^4) \cdot \log(x) / (a^6 + 2 \cdot a^4 + a^2) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot ((a^4 \cdot b^2 - a^2 \cdot b^2) \cdot x^2 \cdot \log(b^{2x} + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) + 2 \cdot (a^3 \cdot b + a \cdot b) \cdot x + 2 \cdot (a^6 + 2 \cdot a^4 - (a^4 \cdot b^2 + 2 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^2 + b^4) \cdot x^2 + a^2) \cdot \log(b \cdot x + a) - 2 \cdot (a^6 + 2 \cdot a^4 + a^2) \cdot \log(\sqrt{b^{2x} + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1} + 1)) / ((a^6 + 2 \cdot a^4 + a^2) \cdot x^2) - \text{integrate}(1/2 \cdot (b^{2x} \cdot x + a \cdot b) / (b^{2x} \cdot x^4 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x^3 + (a^2 + 1) \cdot x^2 + (b^{2x} \cdot x^4 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x^3 + (a^2 + 1) \cdot x^2) \cdot \sqrt{b^{2x} \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}), x)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 461 vs. 2(100) = 200.

time = 0.39, size = 461, normalized size = 4.04

$$\frac{(2 \cdot a^2 + 1) \cdot \sqrt{a^2 + 2 \cdot a^2 + a^2} \cdot x^2 \cdot \log\left(\frac{-e^{i \cdot \arcsch(b \cdot x + a)} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}} - i}{x}\right) \cdot \sqrt{a^2 + 1} \cdot e^{i \cdot \arcsch(b \cdot x + a)} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}} + (a^2 + 2 \cdot a^2 + 1) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \log\left(-bx + a + \sqrt{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}} - a + 1\right) - (a^2 + 2 \cdot a^2 + 1) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \log\left(-bx + a + \sqrt{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}} - a - 1\right) + (a^2 + a) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 - (a^2 + 2 \cdot a^2 + a^2) \cdot \log\left(\frac{-a + i \cdot \sqrt{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}}}{x}\right) + ((a^2 + a) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 + (a^2 + a^2) \cdot b^2) \cdot \log\left(\frac{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}}{x^2}\right) + ((a^2 + a) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 + (a^2 + a^2) \cdot b^2) \cdot \log\left(\frac{\frac{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1}{b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2}}{x^2}\right)}{2 \cdot (a^2 + 2 \cdot a^2 + a^2) \cdot x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((2 \cdot a^2 + 1) \cdot \sqrt{a^2 + 1} \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \log(-(a^2 \cdot b \cdot x + a^3 - (a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) + 1) \cdot \sqrt{a^2 + 1} \cdot \log((a^2 + (a^2 + 1) \cdot b \cdot x + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) + (a^4 + 2 \cdot a^2 + 1) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \log(-b \cdot x + (b \cdot x + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)} - a + 1) - (a^4 + 2 \cdot a^2 + 1) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 \cdot \log(-b \cdot x + (b \cdot x + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)} - a - 1) + (a^3 + a) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 - (a^6 + 2 \cdot a^4 + a^2) \cdot \log(((b \cdot x + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)} + 1) / (b \cdot x + a)) + ((a^3 + a) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2 + (a^4 + a^2) \cdot b^2 \cdot x^2) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2 + 1) / (b^2 \cdot x^2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x + a^2)}) / ((a^6 + 2 \cdot a^4 + a^2) \cdot x^2)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(a + bx)}{x^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(b*x+a)/x**3,x)`

[Out] `Integral(acsch(a + b*x)/x**3, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(b*x+a)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(b*x + a)/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/x^3,x)`

[Out] `int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/x^3, x)`

$$3.7 \quad \int (e + fx)^3 \left(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)^2 dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=501

$$\frac{b^2 f^2 (de - cf)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^3 (c + dx)^2}{12d^4} - \frac{bf^3(c + dx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}}(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{3d^4} + \frac{3bf(de - cf)^2(c + dx)}{d}$$

```
[Out] b^2*f^2*(-c*f+d*e)*x/d^3+1/12*b^2*f^3*(d*x+c)^2/d^4-1/4*(-c*f+d*e)^4*(a+b*a
rccsch(d*x+c))^2/d^4/f+1/4*(f*x+e)^4*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/f-2*b*f^2*(-c*f
+d*e)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*arctanh(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4+4*b
*(-c*f+d*e)^3*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*arctanh(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))
/d^4-1/3*b^2*f^3*ln(d*x+c)/d^4+3*b^2*f*(-c*f+d*e)^2*ln(d*x+c)/d^4-b^2*f^2*(-
c*f+d*e)*polylog(2,-1/(d*x+c)-(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4+2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)^
3*polylog(2,-1/(d*x+c)-(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4+b^2*f^2*(-c*f+d*e)*polylo
g(2,1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4-2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)^3*polylog(2,1/(d*
x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^4-1/3*b*f^3*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*(1+
1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^4+3*b*f*(-c*f+d*e)^2*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*(1+1/
(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^4+b*f^2*(-c*f+d*e)*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*(1+1/(d*
x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^4+1/6*b*f^3*(d*x+c)^3*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)
^(1/2)/d^4
```

Rubi [A]

time = 0.61, antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 20, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.450, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 4275, 4267, 2317, 2438, 4269, 3556, 4270}

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[(e + f*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2, x]

```
[Out] (b^2*f^2*(d*e - c*f)*x)/d^3 + (b^2*f^3*(c + d*x)^2)/(12*d^4) - (b*f^3*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x]))/(3*d^4) + (3*b*f*(d*e - c*f)^2*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x]))/d^4 + (b*f^2*(d*e - c*f)*(c + d*x)^2*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x]))/d^4 + (b*f^3*(c + d*x)^3*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x]))/(6*d^4) - ((d*e - c*f)^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2)/(4*d^4*f) + ((e + f*x)^4*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2)/(4*f) - (2*b*f^2*(d*e - c*f)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]])/d^4 + (4*b*(d*e - c*f)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*ArcTanh[E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]])/d^4 - (b^2*f^3*Log[c + d*x])/(3*d^4) + (3*b^2*f*(d*e - c*f)^2*Log[c + d*x])/d^4 - (b^2*f^2*(d*e - c*f)*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]])/d^4 + (2*b^2*(d*e - c*f)^3*PolyLog[2, -E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]])/d^4 + (b^2*f^2*(d*e - c*f)*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]])/d^4 - (2*b^2*(d*e - c*f)^3*PolyLog[2, E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]])/d^4
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
: > Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^n_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3556

```
Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 4267

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*f_]*(x_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x] + Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x]]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4269

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[((-(c + d*x)^m)*Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x]] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4270

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)), Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x] - Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

Rule 4275

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^n_*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^n_*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-e
```

```
+ f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /;
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (e + fx)^3 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 dx &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)^2 \coth(x) \text{csch}(x) (de - cf + f \text{csch}(x))^3 dx, x, \text{csch}(x)\right)}{d^4} \\
&= \frac{(e + fx)^4 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{4f} - \frac{b \text{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)(de - cf + f \text{csch}(x))^3 dx, x, \text{csch}(x)\right)}{2d^4} \\
&= \frac{(e + fx)^4 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{4f} - \frac{b \text{Subst}\left(\int \left(d^4 e^4 \left(1 + \frac{cf(-4d^3 e^3)}{d^3}\right) (de - cf)^3 + (e + fx)^4 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2\right) dx, x, \text{csch}(x)\right)}{2d^4} \\
&= -\frac{(de - cf)^4 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{4d^4 f} + \frac{(e + fx)^4 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{4f} \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 (de - cf)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^3 (c + dx)^2}{12d^4} + \frac{3bf(de - cf)^2 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{cf(-4d^3 e^3)}{d^3}}}{d^4} \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 (de - cf)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^3 (c + dx)^2}{12d^4} - \frac{bf^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}}}{3d^4} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 (de - cf)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^3 (c + dx)^2}{12d^4} - \frac{bf^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}}}{3d^4} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 (de - cf)x}{d^3} + \frac{b^2 f^3 (c + dx)^2}{12d^4} - \frac{bf^3 (c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}}}{3d^4} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 10.20, size = 1429, normalized size = 2.85

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

```
[In] Integrate[(e + f*x)^3*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2,x]
[Out] a^2*e^3*x + (3*a^2*e^2*f*x^2)/2 + a^2*e*f^2*x^3 + (a^2*f^3*x^4)/4 + (a*b*(3
*x*(4*e^3 + 6*e^2*f*x + 4*e*f^2*x^2 + f^3*x^3)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + (f*(c + d
*x)*Sqrt[(1 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*((-2 + 13*c^2)*f^2 - 2*
c*d*f*(15*e + 2*f*x) + d^2*(18*e^2 + 6*e*f*x + f^2*x^2)) - 3*c*(-4*d^3*e^3
+ 6*c*d^2*e^2*f - 4*c^2*d*e*f^2 + c^3*f^3)*ArcSinh[(c + d*x)^(-1)] + 6*(2*d
^3*e^3 - 6*c*d^2*e^2*f + (-1 + 6*c^2)*d*e*f^2 + c*(1 - 2*c^2)*f^3)*Log[(c +
d*x)*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2])]/d^4))/6 - (b^
2*e^3*(-(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(ArcCsch[c + d*x])) - 2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCs
ch[c + d*x])] + 2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])])) + 2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcC
sch[c + d*x])] - 2*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])])/d - (3*b^2*d*e^2*f*x
*(((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/d^2 + ((c + d*x)^2*
ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)/(2*d^2) - (c*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Coth[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2
])/(2*d^2) - Log[(c + d*x)^(-1)]/d^2 - ((2*I)*c*(I*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(Log[1
- E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + I*(PolyLog[2,
-E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]))/d^2 + (c*Arc
Csch[c + d*x]^2*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2])/(2*d^2)))/((c + d*x)*(-1 + c/(c +
d*x))) - (b^2*e*f^2*(2*(-2 + 12*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 -
6*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)*Coth[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2] + 2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(-1
+ 3*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*Csch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^2 - (ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*C
sch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^4)/(2*(c + d*x)) - 48*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(-1)] + 8*(-1
+ 6*c^2)*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - Log[1 + E^(-A
rcCsch[c + d*x])] + PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-Ar
cCsch[c + d*x])]) - 2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(1 + 3*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*Sech[ArcC
sch[c + d*x]/2]^2 - 8*(c + d*x)^3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Sinh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/
2]^4 + 2*(2 + 12*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x] - ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 + 6*c^2*ArcCsch[c
+ d*x]^2)*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2])/(8*d^3) - (b^2*f^3*x^3*(-16*(2*ArcCsch
[c + d*x] - 18*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + 6*c^3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 - 3*c*(-2 +
ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2))*Coth[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2] + 2*(2 - 24*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x
] - 3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 + 36*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)*Csch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]
/2]^2 + 3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Csch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^4 - (2*ArcCsch[c + d*
x]*(-1 + 6*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*Csch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^4)/(c + d*x) - 64*(-
1 + 9*c^2)*Log[(c + d*x)^(-1)] + 192*c*(-1 + 2*c^2)*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(Log
[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + PolyLog[2,
-E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) - 2*(2 + 24*c*
ArcCsch[c + d*x] - 3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 + 36*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)*Sech[A
rcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^2 + 3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Sech[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^4 - 32*
(c + d*x)^3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(1 + 6*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*Sinh[ArcCsch[c + d
*x]/2]^4 + 16*(-2*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + 18*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + 6*c^3*ArcCsc
h[c + d*x]^2 - 3*c*(-2 + ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2))*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]))/(1
92*d*(c + d*x)^3*(-1 + c/(c + d*x))^3)
```

Maple [F]

time = 0.13, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (fx + e)^3 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{int}((f*x+e)^3*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2, x)$

[Out] $\operatorname{int}((f*x+e)^3*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2, x)$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{integrate}((f*x+e)^3*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2, x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"maxima"})$

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/4*a^2*f^3*x^4 + a^2*f^2*x^3*e + 3/2*a^2*f*x^2*e^2 + a^2*x*e^3 + (2*(d*x + c)*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x + c) + \log(\sqrt{1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1}) + 1) - \log(\sqrt{1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1})*a*b*e^3/d + 1/4*(b^2*f^3*x^4 + 4*b^2*f^2*x^3*e + 6*b^2*f*x^2*e^2 + 4*b^2*x*e^3)*\log(\sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}) + 1)^2 - \operatorname{integrate}(-1/2*(2*(b^2*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*b^2*c*d*f^3 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2*f^2)*x^4 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2*e + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^2 + (c^2*f^3 + f^3)*b^2)*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e^3 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2 + b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*f^2 + f^2)*b^2)*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*(c^2*f + f)*b^2*e^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c)^2 - 4*(a*b*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*a*b*c*d*f^3 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2)*x^4 + 3*(c^2*f + f)*a*b*x*e^2 + (6*a*b*c*d*f^2 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2)*x^3 + (c^2*f^3 + f^3)*a*b)*x^3 + 3*(2*a*b*c*d*f^2 + (c^2*f^2 + f^2)*a*b)*x^2)*\log(d*x + c) + (4*a*b*d^2*f^3*x^5 + 4*(2*a*b*c*d*f^3 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2)*x^4 + 12*(c^2*f + f)*a*b*x*e^2 + 4*(6*a*b*c*d*f^2 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2)*x^3 + (c^2*f^3 + f^3)*a*b)*x^2 - 4*(b^2*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*b^2*c*d*f^3 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^4 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e^3 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2 + b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*f^2 + f^2)*b^2)*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*(c^2*f + f)*b^2*e^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c) + ((4*a*b*d^2*f^3 - b^2*d^2*f^3)*x^5 + (8*a*b*c*d*f^3 - b^2*c*d*f^3 + 4*(3*a*b*d^2*f^2 - b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^4 + 2*(2*(c^2*f^3 + f^3)*a*b + 3*(2*a*b*d^2*f^2 - b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^3 + 2*(6*a*b*c*d*f^2 - b^2*c*d*f^2)*x^2 - 2*(2*b^2*d^2*f^3 - 6*(c^2*f^2 + f^2)*a*b - 3*(4*a*b*c*d*f^2 - b^2*c*d*f^2)*x^2 - 4*(b^2*c*d*f^3 - 3*(c^2*f + f)*a*b)*x - 4*(b^2*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*b^2*c*d*f^3 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^4 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2 + 3*b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^3 + (c^2*f^3 + f^3)*b^2)*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e^3 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2 + b^2*d^2*f^2)*x^2 + 3*(c^2*f^2 + f)*b^2*e^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c))*\sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)) + 2*\sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)*((b^2*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*b^2*c*d*f^3 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)*(b^2*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*b^2*c*d*f^3 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1))) + 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$3*b^2*d^2*f^2*e)*x^4 + (6*b^2*c*d*f^2*e + 3*b^2*d^2*f*e^2 + (c^2*f^3 + f^3)*b^2)*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e^3 + (6*b^2*c*d*f*e^2 + b^2*d^2*e^3 + 3*(c^2*f^2 + f^2)*b^2*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e^3 + 3*(c^2*f + f)*b^2*e^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(a*b*d^2*f^3*x^5 + (2*a*b*c*d*f^3 + 3*a*b*d^2*f^2*e)*x^4 + 3*(c^2*f + f)*a*b*x^2 + (6*a*b*c*d*f^2*e + 3*a*b*d^2*f*e^2 + (c^2*f^3 + f^3)*a*b)*x^3 + 3*(2*a*b*c*d*f*e^2 + (c^2*f^2 + f^2)*a*b*x^2)*\log(d*x + c)))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + (d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x)$$
Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)^3*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] $\text{integral}(a^2*f^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*f^2*x^2*e + 3*a^2*f*x*e^2 + (b^2*f^3*x^3 + 3*b^2*f^2*x^2*e + 3*b^2*f*x*e^2 + b^2*e^3)*\text{arccsch}(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*e^3 + 2*(a*b*f^3*x^3 + 3*a*b*f^2*x^2*e + 3*a*b*f*x*e^2 + a*b*e^3)*\text{arccsch}(d*x + c), x)$ **Sympy [F]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2 (e + fx)^3 \, dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)**3*(a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2,x)`[Out] `Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2*(e + f*x)**3, x)`**Giac [F]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)^3*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `integrate((f*x + e)^3*(b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`**Mupad [F]**

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.00

$$\int (e + f x)^3 \left(a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{c + d x}\right) \right)^2 \, dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((e + f*x)^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2,x)`[Out] `int((e + f*x)^3*(a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2, x)`

$$3.8 \quad \int (e + fx)^2 \left(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)^2 dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=351

$$\frac{2bf(de - cf)(c + dx)}{3d^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) + \frac{bf^2(c + dx)^2}{3d^3} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{3}b^2f^2x^2 \left(\frac{2bf(de - cf)(c + dx)}{3d^2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) + \frac{bf^2(c + dx)^2}{3d^3} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \right)$

$+ \frac{(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^3 + 4*b*(-c*f+d*e)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*arctanh(1/(d*x+c)) + (1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^3 + 2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)*ln(d*x+c)/d^3 - 1/3*b^2*f^2*polylog(2, -1/(d*x+c) - (1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^3 + 2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)^2*polylog(2, -1/(d*x+c) - (1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^3 + 1/3*b^2*f^2*polylog(2, 1/(d*x+c) + (1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^3 - 2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)^2*polylog(2, 1/(d*x+c) + (1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^3 + 2*b*f*(-c*f+d*e)*(d*x+c)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^3 + 1/3*b*f^2*(d*x+c)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^3$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.35, antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 4275, 4267, 2317, 2438, 4269, 3556, 4270}

$$\frac{(de - cf)^2 (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{3d^2 f} + \frac{2bf(de - cf) \sqrt{\frac{1}{(c + dx)^2} + 1} (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} + \frac{4bf(de - cf)^2 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{(de - cf)x}}{c + dx}\right) (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} + \frac{bf^2(de - cf)^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{(c + dx)^2} + 1} (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} - \frac{2bf^2 \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{(de - cf)x}}{c + dx}\right) (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} + \frac{(ex)^2 (a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{3d^2} + \frac{2b^2(de - cf)^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{(de - cf)x}}{c + dx}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2(de - cf)^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{(de - cf)x}}{c + dx}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{2b^2 f(de - cf) \log(c + dx)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{(de - cf)x}}{c + dx}\right)}{d^2} + \frac{b^2 f^2 x}{d^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(e + f*x)^2 * (a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2, x]$

[Out] $\frac{(b^2 f^2 c^2 x^2)/(3 d^2) + (2 b^2 f^2 (c + d x) * \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (c + d x)^{-2}] * (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]))/d^3 + (b^2 f^2 (c + d x)^2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (c + d x)^{-2}] * (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]))/(3 d^3) - ((d e - c f)^3 * (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x])^2)/(3 d^3 c f) + ((e + f x)^3 * (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x])^2)/(3 f) - (2 b^2 f^2 (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]])/(3 d^3) + (4 b^2 (d e - c f)^2 * (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]])/d^3 + (2 b^2 f^2 (d e - c f) * \operatorname{Log}[c + d x])/d^3 - (b^2 f^2 (2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]])/(3 d^3) + (2 b^2 (d e - c f)^2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]])/d^3 + (b^2 f^2 (2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]])/(3 d^3) - (2 b^2 (d e - c f)^2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]])/d^3$

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
  :> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_)*(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3556

```
Int[tan[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 4267

```
Int[csc[(e_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*I)]/(f*fz*I)), x] + (-Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x] + Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x]], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4269

```
Int[csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]^2*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((-c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4270

```
Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b^2)*(c + d*x)*Cot[e + f*x]*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f*(n - 1))), x] + (Dist[b^2*((n - 2)/(n - 1)), Int[(c + d*x)*(b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2), x], x] - Simp[b^2*d*((b*Csc[e + f*x])^(n - 2)/(f^2*(n - 1)*(n - 2))), x]) /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[n, 1] && NeQ[n, 2]
```

Rule 4275

```
Int[(csc[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*Csch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(Csch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_) + (a_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^{(-1)}, Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Co
th[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (e + fx)^2 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \, dx &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)^2 \coth(x) \text{csch}(x) (de - cf + f \text{csch}(x))^2 \, dx, x, \text{csch}(x)\right)}{d^3} \\
&= \frac{(e + fx)^3 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{3f} - \frac{(2b)\text{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)(de - cf + f \text{csch}(x))^2 \, dx, x, \text{csch}(x)\right)}{d^3} \\
&= \frac{(e + fx)^3 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{3f} - \frac{(2b)\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(d^3 e^3 \left(1 - \frac{cf(3d^2 - 3f)}{d^3}\right)\right) \, dx, x, \text{csch}(x)\right)}{d^3} \\
&= -\frac{(de - cf)^3 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{3d^3 f} + \frac{(e + fx)^3 (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{3f} \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 x}{3d^2} + \frac{2bf(de - cf)(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^3} \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 x}{3d^2} + \frac{2bf(de - cf)(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^3} \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 x}{3d^2} + \frac{2bf(de - cf)(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^3} \\
&= \frac{b^2 f^2 x}{3d^2} + \frac{2bf(de - cf)(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + \text{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.
time = 8.00, size = 864, normalized size = 2.46

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

[In] `Integrate[(e + f*x)^2*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2, x]`

```
[Out] a^2*e^2*x + a^2*e*f*x^2 + (a^2*f^2*x^3)/3 + (a*b*(2*x*(3*e^2 + 3*e*f*x + f^2*x^2)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + (-f*(c + d*x)*Sqrt[(1 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2]*(5*c*f - d*(6*e + f*x))) + 2*c*(3*d^2*e^2 - 3*c*d*e*f + c^2*f^2)*ArcSinh[(c + d*x)^(-1)] + (6*d^2*e^2 - 12*c*d*e*f + (-1 + 6*c^2)*f^2)*Log[(c + d*x)*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + c^2 + 2*c*d*x + d^2*x^2)/(c + d*x)^2])]/d^3))/3 - (b^2*e^2*(-(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*((c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] - 2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + 2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])])) + 2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - 2*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])])/d - (2*b^2*d*e*f*x*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/d^2 + ((c + d*x)^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)/(2*d^2) - (c*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Coth[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2])/(2*d^2) - Log[(c + d*x)^(-1)]/d^2 - ((2*I)*c*(I*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + I*(PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]))/d^2 + (c*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2])/(2*d^2)))/((c + d*x)*(-1 + c/(c + d*x))) - (b^2*f^2*(2*(-2 + 12*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 - 6*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)*Coth[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2] + 2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(-1 + 3*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*Csch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^2 - (ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Csch[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^4)/(2*(c + d*x)) - 48*c*Log[(c + d*x)^(-1)] + 8*(-1 + 6*c^2)*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) - 2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*(1 + 3*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*Sech[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^2 - 8*(c + d*x)^3*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2*Sinh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^4 + 2*(2 + 12*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x] - ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 + 6*c^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]))/(24*d^3)
```

Maple [F]

time = 0.12, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (fx + e)^2 (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((f*x+e)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x)
```

```
[Out] int((f*x+e)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x)
```

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((f*x+e)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] 1/3*a^2*f^2*x^3 + a^2*f*x^2*e + a^2*x*e^2 + (2*(d*x + c)*arccsch(d*x + c) + log(sqrt(1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1) - log(sqrt(1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1) - 1))*a*b*e
```

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x^2}{d} + \frac{1}{3} \left(b^2 f^2 x^3 + 3 b^2 f x^2 e + 3 b^2 x e^2 \right) \log(\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1})^2 - \text{integrate}\left(-\frac{1}{3} \left(3 (b^2 d^2 f^2 x^4 + 2 b^2 c d f^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 x^2) \right) x^3 + (c^2 + 1) b^2 e^2 + (4 b^2 c d f e + b^2 d^2 e^2 + c^2 f^2 + f^2) b^2 x^2 + 2 (b^2 c d e^2 + (c^2 f + f) b^2 e) x \log(d x + c)^2 - 6 (a b d^2 f^2 x^4 + 2 (c^2 f + f) a b x e + 2 (a b c d f^2 + a b d^2 f e) x^3 + (4 a b c d f e + (c^2 f^2 + f^2) a b) x^2) \log(d x + c) + 2 (3 a b d^2 f^2 x^4 + 6 (c^2 f + f) a b x e + 6 (a b c d f^2 + a b d^2 f e) x^3 + 3 (4 a b c d f e + (c^2 f^2 + f^2) a b) x^2 - 3 (b^2 d^2 f^2 x^4 + 2 (b^2 c d f^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 e) x^3 + (c^2 + 1) b^2 e^2 + (4 b^2 c d f e + b^2 d^2 e^2 + c^2 f^2 + f^2) b^2 x^2 + 2 (b^2 c d e^2 + (c^2 f + f) b^2 e) x) \log(d x + c) + ((3 a b d^2 f^2 - b^2 d^2 f^2) x^4 + (6 a b c d f^2 - b^2 c d f^2 + 3 (2 a b d^2 f - b^2 d^2 f) e) x^3 - 3 (b^2 d^2 e^2 - (c^2 f^2 + f^2) a b - (4 a b c d f - b^2 c d f) e) x^2 - 3 (b^2 c d e^2 - 2 (c^2 f + f) a b e) x - 3 (b^2 d^2 f^2 x^4 + 2 (b^2 c d f^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 e) x^3 + (c^2 + 1) b^2 e^2 + (4 b^2 c d f e + b^2 d^2 e^2 + c^2 f^2 + f^2) b^2 x^2 + (c^2 f^2 + f^2) b^2 e) x) \log(\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1}) + 3 \sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1} + 3 \sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1} ((b^2 d^2 f^2 x^4 + 2 (b^2 c d f^2 + b^2 d^2 f^2 e) x^3 + (c^2 + 1) b^2 e^2 + (4 b^2 c d f e + b^2 d^2 e^2 + c^2 f^2 + f^2) b^2 x^2 + (c^2 f^2 + f^2) b^2 e) x) \log(d x + c)^2 - 2 (a b d^2 f^2 x^4 + 2 (c^2 f + f) a b x e + 2 (a b c d f^2 + a b d^2 f^2 e) x^3 + (4 a b c d f e + (c^2 f^2 + f^2) a b) x^2) \log(d x + c)) / (d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + (d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} + 1), x
\end{aligned}$$
Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((f*x+e)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral(a^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*f*x*e + (b^2*f^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*f*x*e + b^2*e^2)*arccsch(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*e^2 + 2*(a*b*f^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*f*x*e + a*b*e^2)*arccsch(d*x + c), x)
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2 (e + fx)^2 \, dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((f*x+e)**2*(a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2,x)
[Out] Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2*(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)^2*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate((f*x + e)^2*(b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.00

$$\int (e + f x)^2 \left(a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{1}{c + d x} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((e + f*x)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2,x)`

[Out] `int((e + f*x)^2*(a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2, x)`

$$\mathbf{3.9} \quad \int (e + fx) \left(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)^2 dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=194

$$\frac{bf(c+dx)\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))}{d^2}-\frac{(de-cf)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{2d^2f}+\frac{(e+fx)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{2f}$$

[Out] $-1/2*(-c*f+d*e)^2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2/d^2/f+1/2*(f*x+e)^2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2/f+4*b*(-c*f+d*e)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\operatorname{arctanh}(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^2+b^2*f*ln(d*x+c)/d^2+2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-1/(d*x+c)-(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^2-2*b^2*(-c*f+d*e)*\operatorname{polylog}(2,1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d^2+b*f*(d*x+c)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2)/d^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.18, antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.444$, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 4275, 4267, 2317, 2438, 4269, 3556}

$$-\frac{(de-cf)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{2d^2f}+\frac{4b(de-cf)\tanh^{-1}\left(e^{c\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))}{d^2}+\frac{bf(c+dx)\sqrt{\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}+1}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))}{d^2}+\frac{(e+fx)^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{2f}+\frac{2b^2(de-cf)\operatorname{Li}_2\left(-e^{c\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{d^2}-\frac{2b^2(de-cf)\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{c\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{d^2}+\frac{b^2f\log(c+dx)}{d^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(e + f*x)*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2, x]$

[Out] $(b*f*(c + d*x)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (c + d*x)^{-2}]*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]))/d^2 - ((d*e - c*f)^2*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2)/(2*d^2*f) + ((e + f*x)^2*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2)/(2*f) + (4*b*(d*e - c*f)*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*ArcTanh[E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]])/d^2 + (b^2*f*\operatorname{Log}[c + d*x])/d^2 + (2*b^2*(d*e - c*f)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]])/d^2 - (2*b^2*(d*e - c*f)*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]])/d^2$

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
:> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3556

```
Int[tan[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[Cos[c + d*x], x]]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 4267

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^m_, x_
_Symbol] :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x]
+ (-Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]
], x], x] + Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e +
f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4269

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Simp
[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Cot[e + f*x]/f), x] + Dist[d*(m/f), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*
Cot[e + f*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4275

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^m_, x_
Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, (a + b*Csc[e + f*x])^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*
(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^m_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e
+ f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b
*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /
; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^p*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^m_, x_
Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Co
th[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (e + fx) \left(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)^2 dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)^2 \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x) (de - cf + f \operatorname{csch}(x)) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}(x)\right)}{d^2} \\
&= \frac{(e + fx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f} - \frac{b \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)(de - cf + f \operatorname{csch}(x)) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}(x)\right)}{d^2} \\
&= \frac{(e + fx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f} - \frac{b \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \left(d^2 e^2 \left(1 + \frac{cf(-2de+cf)}{d^2 e^2}\right) + (e + fx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2\right) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}(x)\right)}{d^2} \\
&= -\frac{(de - cf)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2d^2 f} + \frac{(e + fx)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f} \\
&= \frac{bf(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} - \frac{(de - cf)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^2} \\
&= \frac{bf(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} - \frac{(de - cf)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^2} \\
&= \frac{bf(c + dx) \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d^2} - \frac{(de - cf)^2 (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs. 2(194) = 388.

time = 0.92, size = 401, normalized size = 2.07

¹⁰ See, e.g., *U.S. v. Sandoval*, 10 F.3d 1250, 1254 (10th Cir. 1993) (“[T]he term ‘probable cause’ is not defined in the Constitution.”); *U.S. v. Gandy*, 453 U.S. 39, 43 (S. Ct. 1981) (“[T]he term ‘probable cause’ is not defined in the Constitution.”).

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(e + f*x)*(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2, x]`

```
[Out] (2*a^2*(d*e - c*f)*(c + d*x) + a^2*f*(c + d*x)^2 + 2*a*b*f*(c + d*x)*(Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)] + (c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x]) + 2*b^2*f*((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + (c + d*x)^(-2)]*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + ((c + d*x)^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)/2 - Log[(c + d*x)^(-1)]) + 2*a*b*d*e*(2*(c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] - 2*Log[2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^2]) + 2*a*b*c*f*(-2*(c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + 2*Log[2*(c + d*x)*Sinh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]^2]) + 2*b^2*d*e*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*((c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] - 2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + 2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) - 2*PolyLog[2, -E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] + 2*PolyLog[2, E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])] - 2*b^2*c*f*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]*((c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] - 2*Log[1 - E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])]) + 2*Log[1 + E^(-ArcCsch[c + d*x])])
```

$\text{Csch}[c + d*x])] - 2*\text{PolyLog}[2, -E^{-\text{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]}] + 2*\text{PolyLog}[2, E^{-\text{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]}])/(2*d^2)$

Maple [F]

time = 0.02, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (fx + e) (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\int ((f*x+e)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2, x)$

[Out] $\int ((f*x+e)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2, x)$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{integrate}((f*x+e)*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2, x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"maxima"})$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}a^2f*x^2 + a^2x*e + (2*(d*x + c)*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x + c) + \log(\sqrt{1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1}) + 1) - \log(\sqrt{1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1} - 1)*a*b*e/d + \frac{1}{2}*(b^2*f*x^2 + 2*b^2*x*e)*\log(\sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}) + 1)^2 - \operatorname{integrate}(-((b^2*d^2*f*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e + (2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2*e)*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c))^2 - 2*(a*b*d^2*f*x^3 + 2*a*b*c*d*f*x^2 + (c^2*f + f)*a*b*x)*\log(d*x + c) + (2*a*b*d^2*f*x^3 + 4*a*b*c*d*f*x^2 + 2*(c^2*f + f)*a*b*x - 2*(b^2*d^2*f*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e + (2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2*e)*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c) + \sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}*((2*a*b*d^2*f - b^2*d^2*f)*x^3 + (4*a*b*c*d*f - b^2*c*d*f - 2*b^2*d^2*e)*x^2 - 2*(b^2*c*d*e - (c^2*f + f)*a*b)*x - 2*(b^2*d^2*f*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e + (2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2*e)*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*x)*\log(\sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}) + \sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}*((b^2*d^2*f*x^3 + (c^2 + 1)*b^2*e + (2*b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2*e)*x^2 + (2*b^2*c*d*e + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*x)*\log(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(a*b*d^2*f*x^3 + 2*a*b*c*d*f*x^2 + (c^2*f + f)*a*b*x)*\log(d*x + c)))/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + (d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)^(3/2) + 1), x)$

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] `integral(a^2*f*x + (b^2*f*x + b^2*e)*arccsch(d*x + c)^2 + a^2*e + 2*(a*b*f*x + a*b*e)*arccsch(d*x + c), x)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2 (e + fx) \, dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)*(a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2,x)`
[Out] `Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2*(e + f*x), x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((f*x+e)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `integrate((f*x + e)*(b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int (e + f x) \left(a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{c + d x}\right) \right)^2 \, dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((e + f*x)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2,x)`
[Out] `int((e + f*x)*(a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2, x)`

$$\text{3.10} \quad \int (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \, dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=85

$$\frac{(c + dx) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{4b(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \tanh^{-1}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{d}$$

[Out] $(d*x+c)*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/d+4*b*(a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))*arctanh(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d+2*b^2*polylog(2,-1/(d*x+c)-(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d-2*b^2*polylog(2,1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))/d$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6451, 6415, 5560, 4267, 2317, 2438}

$$\frac{(c + dx) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{4b \tanh^{-1}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right) (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{d} + \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{d} - \frac{2b^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{d}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2, x]$

[Out] $((c + d*x)*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2)/d + (4*b*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*Arctanh[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]}])/d + (2*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]}])/d - (2*b^2*PolyLog[2, E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]}])/d$

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol]
 :> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x))`^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[((c_.)*(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 4267

```
Int[csc[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
 :> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)]/(f*fz*I)), x]
 + (-Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x] + Dist[d*(m/(f*fz*I)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5560

```
Int[Coth[(a_.) + (b_ .)*(x_)]^(p_.)*Csch[(a_.) + (b_ .)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((c_.) +
(d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c + d*x)^m)*(Csch[a + b*x]^n/(b*n)),
x] + Dist[d*(m/(b*n)), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Csch[a + b*x]^n, x], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && EqQ[p, 1] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 6415

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_ .)*(x_)]*(b_ .))^n, x_Symbol] :> Dist[-c^(-1), Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Csch[x]*Coth[x], x], x, ArcCsch[c*x]], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6451

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_ .) + (d_ .)*(x_)]*(b_ .))^p, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/d, Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcCsch[x])^p, x], x, c + d*x], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 dx &= \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(x))^2 dx, x, c + dx\right)}{d} \\ &= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)^2 \coth(x)\operatorname{csch}(x) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\ &= \frac{(c + dx)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d} - \frac{(2b)\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (a + bx)\operatorname{csch}(x) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right)}{d} \\ &= \frac{(c + dx)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{4b(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \tanh^{-1}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}\right)}{d} \\ &= \frac{(c + dx)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{4b(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \tanh^{-1}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}\right)}{d} \\ &= \frac{(c + dx)(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{d} + \frac{4b(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \tanh^{-1}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}\right)}{d} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.17, size = 160, normalized size = 1.88

$$\frac{a^2 c + a^2 dx + 2ab(c + dx)\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) + b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)^2 + b^2 dx \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)^2 - 2b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \log(1 - e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}) + 2b^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \log(1 + e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}) - 2ab \log(\tanh(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))) - 2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}) + 2b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{d}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2, x]`

[Out]
$$(a^2*c + a^2*d*x + 2*a*b*(c + d*x)*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + b^2*c*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 + b^2*d*x*ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 - 2*b^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^{-ArcCsch[c + d*x]}] + 2*b^2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*Log[1 + E^{-ArcCsch[c + d*x]}] - 2*a*b*Log[Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2]] - 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, -E^{-ArcCsch[c + d*x]}] + 2*b^2*PolyLog[2, E^{-ArcCsch[c + d*x]}])/d$$

Maple [F]

time = 0.03, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x)`

[Out] `int((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$(x*\log(\sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}) + 1)^2 - \int ((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*\log(d*x + c)^2 + (d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)*\log(d*x + c)^2 - 2*((d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)*\log(d*x + c) + \sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}*(d^2*x^2 + c*d*x + (d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)*\log(d*x + c)))*\log(\sqrt{d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1}) + 1)/(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + (d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} + 1), x)*b^2 + a^2*x + (2*(d*x + c)*arccsch(d*x + c) + \log(\sqrt{1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1}) + 1) - \log(\sqrt{1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1}) - 1)*a*b/d$$

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `integral(b^2*arccsch(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a^2, x)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int (a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2,x)`
[Out] `Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `integrate((b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \left(a + b \operatorname{asinh} \left(\frac{1}{c + dx} \right) \right)^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2,x)`
[Out] `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2, x)`

$$3.11 \quad \int \frac{\left(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)\right)^2}{e+fx} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=475

$$-\frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2 \log \left(1-e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}\right)}{f}+\frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2 \log \left(1+\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)}(de-c)}{f-\sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 c d e f+(1-d^2) f^2}}\right)}{f}$$

[Out] $-(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^{2 * \ln(1-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/f+(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^{2 * \ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/f+(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^{2 * \ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2})/f)/f-b*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/f+2*b*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}))/f+2*b*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2})))/f+1/2*b^2*\operatorname{polylog}(3,(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})^2)/f-2*b^2*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}))/f-2*b^2*\operatorname{polylog}(3,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}))/f$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.74, antiderivative size = 475, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 9, integrand size = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.450$, Rules used = {6457, 5715, 5688, 3797, 2221, 2611, 2320, 6724, 5680}

$$\frac{2 b (a+\operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)) \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 d d f+(c^2+1) f^2}}\right)}{f}+\frac{2 b (a+\operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)) \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 d d f+(c^2+1) f^2}}+1\right)+\frac{(a+\operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x))^2 \log \left(\frac{(a-c) e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{(c^2+1)^2-2 d d f+d^2 e^2}}+1\right)}{f}+\frac{2 b (a+\operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)) \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 d d f+(c^2+1) f^2}}\right)}{f}+\frac{2 b (a+\operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)) \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 d d f+(c^2+1) f^2}}\right)}{f}+\frac{2 b^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(-\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 d d f+(c^2+1) f^2}}\right)}{f}+\frac{b^2 \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{bsech}^{-1}(c+d x)}}{f \sqrt{d^2 e^2-2 d d f+(c^2+1) f^2}}\right)}{f}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])^2/(e+f*x),x]$

[Out] $-(((a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])^{2 * \operatorname{Log}[1-E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}])/f)+((a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])^{2 * \operatorname{Log}[1+E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}]]/f+(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])^{2 * \operatorname{Log}[1+(E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}*(d*e-c*f))/(f-\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(1+c^2)*f^2])])/f+((a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])^{2 * \operatorname{Log}[1+(E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}*(d*e-c*f))/(f+\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(1+c^2)*f^2])])/f-(b*(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])* \operatorname{PolyLog}[2,E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}])/f+(2 * b * (a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])* \operatorname{PolyLog}[2,-(E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}*(d*e-c*f))/(f-\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(1+c^2)*f^2])])/f+(2 * b * (a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])* \operatorname{PolyLog}[2,-(E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}*(d*e-c*f))/(f+\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(1+c^2)*f^2])])/f+(b^2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[3,E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}]/(2*f)-(2 * b^2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[3,-(E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}*(d*e-c*f))/(f-\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(1+c^2)*f^2])])/f-(2 * b^2 * \operatorname{PolyLog}[3,-(E^{(2 * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])}*(d*e-c*f))/(f+\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(1+c^2)*f^2])])/f)$

Rule 2221

```
Int[((((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Dist[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x], Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^m_] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

Rule 2611

```
Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Dist[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])), Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 3797

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[2*I, Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi))), E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5680

```
Int[(Cosh[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*Sin[h[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(e + f*x)^(m + 1)/(b*f*(m + 1)), x] + (Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a - Rt[a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x] + Int[(e + f*x)^m*(E^(c + d*x)/(a + Rt[a^2 + b^2, 2] + b*E^(c + d*x))), x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[a^2 + b^2, 0]
```

Rule 5688

```
Int[(Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*Sinh[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)]], x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[(e + f*x)^m*Coth[c + d*x]^n, x], x] - Dist[b/a, Int[(e + f*x)^m*Cosh[c + d*x]*(Coth[c + d*x]^(n - 1)/(a + b*Sinh[c + d*x])), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && I
```

```
GtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 5715

```
Int[((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_.)*(F_)[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(n_.)*(G_)[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]^(p_.)]/(Csch[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.) + (a_)), x_Symbol] :> Int[(e + f*x)^m*Sinh[c + d*x]*F[c + d*x]^n*(G[c + d*x]^p/(b + a*Sinh[c + d*x])), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && HyperbolicQ[F] && HyperbolicQ[G] && IntegersQ[m, n, p]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.)]^(p_.)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^{(-1)}, Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Coth[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])]^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6724

```
Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^p]/((d_.) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{e + fx} dx &= -\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x)}{de - cf + f \operatorname{csch}(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right) \\
&= -\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \coth(x)}{f + (de - cf) \sinh(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right) \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}(\int (a + bx)^2 \coth(x) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{f} + \frac{(de - cf) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a + bx)^2}{f + e^x(de - cf)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right)}{f} \\
&= \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x}(a+bx)^2}{1-e^{2x}} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right)}{f} + \frac{(de - cf) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{(a+bx)^2}{f+e^x(de-cf)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)\right)}{f} \\
&= -\frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{f} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{f} \\
&= -\frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{f} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{f} \\
&= -\frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{f} + \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2 \log(1 - e^{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)})}{f}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 2.04, size = 1008, normalized size = 2.12

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

```
[In] Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2/(e + f*x), x]
[Out] (6*a^2*Log[e + f*x] + 6*a*b*((Pi - (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2/4 - ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2 - 8*ArcSin[Sqrt[(d*e + I*f - c*f)/(2*d*e - 2*c*f)]]*ArcTan[((I*d*e + f - I*c*f)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[f^2 + (d*e - c*f)^2]] - 2*ArcCsch[c + d*x]*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[c + d*x])] + (2*ArcCsch[c + d*x] + I*(Pi + 4*ArcSin[Sqrt[(d*e + I*f - c*f)/(2*d*e - 2*c*f)]]))*Log[(d*e - c*f - E^ArcCsch[c + d*x])*f + E^ArcCsch[c + d*x]*Sqrt[f^2 + (d*e - c*f)^2]]))/((d*e - c*f)^2)
```

$$\begin{aligned} & \left. \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{(d^2 e - c^2 f) + (2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x] + i (\operatorname{Pi} - 4 \operatorname{ArcSin}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[(d^2 e + i f - c^2 f)/(2(d^2 e - 2 c^2 f))]])) \operatorname{Log}[-((-(d^2 e) + c^2 f + E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x]) f + E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x]) \operatorname{Sqrt}[f^2 + (d^2 e - c^2 f)^2])/(d^2 e - c^2 f)] + 2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x] \operatorname{Log}[(d^2 (e + f x))/(c + d x)] - (i \operatorname{Pi} + 2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]) \operatorname{Log}[(d^2 (e + f x))/(c + d x)] + \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(-2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x])}] + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[f^2 + (d^2 e - c^2 f)^2]))/(d^2 e - c^2 f)] + 2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[f^2 + (d^2 e - c^2 f)^2]))/(d^2 e - c^2 f)] + b^2 ((-i) \operatorname{Pi}^3 - 2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]^3 - 6 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{(-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x])}] - 6 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x]] + 6 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (-d^2 e + c^2 f)) / (-f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^2 e f + (1 + c^2) f^2])] + 6 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x]^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (d^2 e - c^2 f)) / (f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^2 e f + (1 + c^2) f^2])] + 12 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{(-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x])}] - 12 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x]] + 12 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (d^2 e - c^2 f)) / (-f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^2 e f + (1 + c^2) f^2])] + 12 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x] \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (-d^2 e + c^2 f)) / (f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^2 e f + (1 + c^2) f^2])] + 12 \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -E^{(-\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d x])}] + 12 \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x]] - 12 \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (d^2 e - c^2 f)) / (-f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^2 e f + (1 + c^2) f^2])] - 12 \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, (E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}}[c + d x] * (-d^2 e + c^2 f)) / (f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2 c^2 d^2 e f + (1 + c^2) f^2])]) / (6 f^2) \right] \end{aligned}$$

Maple [F]

time = 0.13, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2}{fx + e} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\int ((a+b \operatorname{arccsch}(d x + c))^2 / (f x + e), x)$

[Out] $\text{int}((a+b\text{arcsech}(d x+c))^2/(f x+e), x)$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^(2/(f*x+e)), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
[Out] a^2*log(f*x + e)/f + integrate(b^2*log(sqrt(1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1/(d*x + c))^2/(f*x + e) + 2*a*b*log(sqrt(1/(d*x + c)^2 + 1) + 1/(d*x + c))/(f*x + e), x)
```

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e),x, algorithm="fricas")`
 [Out] `integral((b^2*arccsch(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a^2)/(f*x + e), x)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2}{e + fx} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2/(f*x+e),x)`
 [Out] `Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2/(e + f*x), x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e),x, algorithm="giac")`
 [Out] `integrate((b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2/(f*x + e), x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right))^2}{e + fx} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2/(e + f*x),x)`
 [Out] `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2/(e + f*x), x)`

$$3.12 \quad \int \frac{\left(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx)\right)^2}{(e+fx)^2} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=448

$$\frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{2bd(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \log\left(1 + \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}(de - cf)}{f - \sqrt{d^2 e^2 - 2cdef}}\right)}{(de - cf) \sqrt{d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (1 + c^2) f^2}}$$

[Out] $d*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2/f/(-c*f+d*e)-(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2/f/(f*x+e)-2*b*$
 $d*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))*(-c*f+d*e)/(f$
 $-(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2))/(-c*f+d*e)/(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2$
 $+1)*f^2)^(1/2)+2*b*d*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2))/(-c*f+d*e)/(d^2$
 $*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2)-2*b^2*d*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2))/(-c*f+d*e)/(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2)+2*b^2*d*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^(1/2))*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2))/(-c*f+d*e)/(d^2*e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.77, antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$,

Rules used = {6457, 5577, 4276, 3403, 2296, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$\frac{2bd(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \log\left(\frac{(de - cf)e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{(c^2 + 1)f^2 - 2cdef + d^2e^2}} + 1\right)}{(de - cf)\sqrt{(c^2 + 1)f^2 - 2cdef + d^2e^2}} + \frac{2bd(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)) \log\left(\frac{(de - cf)e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}}{\sqrt{(c^2 + 1)f^2 - 2cdef + d^2e^2}} + 1\right)}{(de - cf)\sqrt{(c^2 + 1)f^2 - 2cdef + d^2e^2}} + \frac{d(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{2b^2 d \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{-e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}(de - cf)}{f - \sqrt{d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (c^2 + 1) f^2}}\right)}{(de - cf)\sqrt{(c^2 + 1)f^2 - 2cdef + d^2e^2}} + \frac{2b^2 d \operatorname{Li}_2\left(\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx)}(de - cf)}{f + \sqrt{d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (c^2 + 1) f^2}}\right)}{(de - cf)\sqrt{(c^2 + 1)f^2 - 2cdef + d^2e^2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2/(e + f*x)^2, x]$

[Out] $(d*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2/(f*(d*e - c*f)) - (a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2/(f*(e + f*x)) - (2*b*d*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*Log[1 + (E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))/(f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])])/((d*e - c*f)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2]) + (2*b*d*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*Log[1 + (E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))/(f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])])/((d*e - c*f)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2]) - (2*b^2*d*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))/(f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])])/((d*e - c*f)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2]) + (2*b^2*d*\operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -(E^*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))/(f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])])/((d*e - c*f)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2 e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])$

Rule 2221

$\operatorname{Int}[(((F_)^((g_ .)*(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_))))^{(n_ .)}*((c_ .) + (d_ .)*(x_))^{(m_ .)})/((a_) + (b_ .)*((F_)^((g_ .)*(e_ .) + (f_ .)*(x_))))^{(n_ .)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}$

```
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Dist[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2296

```
Int[((F_)^u_)*((f_.)*(x_.)^m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(F_)^u_) + (c_.)*(F_)^v_), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[2*(c/q), Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Dist[2*(c/q), Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))))^n_.], x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^n_.]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3403

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*sin[(e_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])* (f_.)*(x_.)]], x_Symbol] :> Dist[2, Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x)/((-I)*b + 2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x) + I*b*E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4276

```
Int[(csc[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)^n_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^m_.], x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, 1/(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(Csch[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.) + (a_.)^n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^m_.], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```

Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(p_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(
m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^{(-1)}, Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Co
th[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]

```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{(e + fx)^2} dx &= - \left(d \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x)}{(de - cf + f \operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right) \right) \\
&= - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} + \frac{(2bd) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{a+bx}{de-cf+f\operatorname{csch}(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} + \frac{(2bd) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{a+bx}{de-cf} + \frac{f(a+bx)}{(-de+cf)(f+de(1-\frac{cf}{de}) \sinh(x))} \right) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= \frac{d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{(2bd) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{f+de(1-\frac{cf}{de}) \sinh(x)} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= \frac{d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{(4bd) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{2e^x f - de - cf} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= \frac{d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{(4bd) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{2f+2de-2e^x f} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= \frac{d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{2bd(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{(de - cf)^2} \\
&= \frac{d(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(de - cf)} - \frac{(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{f(e + fx)} - \frac{2bd(a + \operatorname{bcsch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{(de - cf)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 12.41, size = 1874, normalized size = 4.18

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

```
[In] Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2/(e + f*x)^2, x]

[Out] -(a^2/(f*(e + f*x))) - (2*a*b*(c + d*x)^2*(f + (d*e - c*f)/(c + d*x))^2*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]/(f + (d*e)/(c + d*x) - (c*f)/(c + d*x)) - (2*ArcTan[(d*e - c*f - f*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]))/(d*(-(d*e) + c*f)*(e + f*x)^2) - (b^2*(c + d*x)^2*(f + (d*e - c*f)/(c + d*x))^2*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]^2)/((-d*e) + c*f)*(f + (d*e - c*f)/(c + d*x))) + (2*((-I)*Pi*ArcTanh[(-(d*e) + c*f + f*Tanh[ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2])/Sqrt[f^2 + (d*e - c*f)^2]]))/Sqrt[f^2 + (d*e - c*f)^2] - ((2*I)*ArcCos[(I*f)/(-(d*e) + c*f)]*ArcTan[((d*e - (I + c)*f)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]] + (Pi - (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])*ArcTanh[(((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f)*Tan[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]] + (ArcCos[(I*f)/(-(d*e) + c*f)] + 2*ArcTan[((d*e - (I + c)*f)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]] - (2*I)*ArcTanh[(((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f)*Tan[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]]]*Log[-(((1)^3/4)*Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]]/Sqrt[2]*E^(ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2)*Sqrt[I*(-(d*e) + c*f)]*Sqrt[f + (d*e - c*f)/(c + d*x)])] + (ArcCos[(I*f)/(-(d*e) + c*f)] - 2*ArcTan[((d*e - (I + c)*f)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]] + (2*I)*ArcTanh[(((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f)*Tan[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]]*Log[((1)^{(1/4})*E^(ArcCsch[c + d*x]/2)*Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]]/Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[I*(-(d*e) + c*f)]*Sqrt[f + (d*e - c*f)/(c + d*x)])] - (ArcCos[(I*f)/(-(d*e) + c*f)] - 2*ArcTan[((d*e - (I + c)*f)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]]*Log[1 - ((((-I)*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*(I*d*e - f - I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]]/((d*e - c*f)*((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]))] - (ArcCos[(I*f)/(-(d*e) + c*f)] + 2*ArcTan[((d*e - (I + c)*f)*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4])/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]]*Log[1 + ((I*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*(I*d*e - f - I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]]/((d*e - c*f)*((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]))] + I*(-PolyLog[2, ((((-I)*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*(I*d*e - f - I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]] + I*(-PolyLog[2, ((((-I)*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*(I*d*e - f - I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]]))]/((d*e - c*f)*((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f)
```

```
+ Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2]*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4)]) + PolyLog[2, -((I*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*(I*d*e - f - I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]))/((d*e - c*f)*((-I)*d*e + f + I*c*f + Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])*Cot[(Pi + (2*I)*ArcCsch[c + d*x])/4]))]]))/Sqrt[-(d^2*e^2) + 2*c*d*e*f - (1 + c^2)*f^2])/(d*e - c*f)))/(d*(e + f*x)^2)
```

Maple [F]

time = 0.15, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2}{(fx + e)^2} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^2,x)`

[Out] `int((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^2,x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
[Out] -b^2*log(sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1) + 1)^2/(f^2*x + f*e) - a^2/(f^2*x + f*e) - integrate(-((b^2*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*log(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(a*b*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*a*b)*log(d*x + c) + 2*(a*b*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*a*b - (b^2*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*log(d*x + c) + (b^2*c*d*e + (c^2*f + f)*a*b + (a*b*d^2*f + b^2*d^2*f)*x^2 + (2*a*b*c*d*f + b^2*c*d*f + b^2*d^2*e)*x - (b^2*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*log(d*x + c))*sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1))*log(sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1) + 1) + sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)*((b^2*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*b^2*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*b^2)*log(d*x + c)^2 - 2*(a*b*d^2*f*x^2 + 2*a*b*c*d*f*x + (c^2*f + f)*a*b)*log(d*x + c)))/(d^2*f^3*x^4 + 2*(c*d*f^3 + d^2*f^2*e)*x^3 + (c^2*f^3 + 4*c*d*f^2*e + d^2*f*e^2 + f^3)*x^2 + 2*(c*d*f*e^2 + (c^2*f^2 + f^2)*e)*x + (c^2*f + f)*e^2 + (d^2*f^3*x^4 + 2*(c*d*f^3 + d^2*f^2*e)*x^3 + (c^2*f^3 + 4*c*d*f^2*e + d^2*f*e^2 + f^3)*x^2 + 2*(c*d*f*e^2 + (c^2*f^2 + f^2)*e)*x + (c^2*f + f)*e^2)*sqrt(d^2*x^2 + 2*c*d*x + c^2 + 1)), x)
```

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral((b^2*arccsch(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a^2)/(f^2*x^2 +
2*f*x*e + e^2), x)
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2}{(e + fx)^2} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2/(f*x+e)**2,x)
[Out] Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2/(e + f*x)**2, x)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate((b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2/(f*x + e)^2, x)
```

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right))^2}{(e + fx)^2} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2/(e + f*x)^2,x)
[Out] int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2/(e + f*x)^2, x)
```

$$3.13 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{(e+fx)^3} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=1024

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{bd^2f\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(c+dx)^2}}(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))}{(de-cf)(d^2e^2-2cdef+(1+c^2)f^2)(f+\frac{de-cf}{c+dx})} + \frac{d^2(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{2f(de-cf)^2} - \frac{(a+b\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c+dx))^2}{2f(e+fx)^2} + \end{aligned}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}d^2(2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2/f/(-c*f+d*e)^2-1/2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))^2/f/(f*x+e)^2+b^2*2*d^2*f^2*\ln(f+(-c*f+d*e)/(d*x+c))/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^2+(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(3/2)}-b*d^2*f^2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(3/2)}+b^2*d^2*f^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(3/2)}-b^2*d^2*f^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(3/2)}-2*b*d^2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}+2*b*d^2*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*\ln(1+(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}+2*b^2*d^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}-2*b^2*d^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}+2*b^2*d^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f-(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}+2*b^2*d^2*\operatorname{polylog}(2,-(1/(d*x+c)+(1+1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})*(-c*f+d*e)/(f+(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)^2/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)^{(1/2)}-b*d^2*f*(a+b*\operatorname{arccsch}(d*x+c))*(1+(1/(d*x+c)^2)^{(1/2)})/(-c*f+d*e)/(d^2e^2-2*c*d*e*f+(c^2+1)*f^2)/(f+(-c*f+d*e)/(d*x+c)))$

Rubi [A]

time = 1.62, antiderivative size = 1024, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 23, number of rules used = 11, integrand size = 20, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.550, Rules used = {6457, 5577, 4276, 3403, 2296, 2221, 2317, 2438, 3405, 2747, 31}

$\frac{d^2 \left(a+b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d x]\right)^2}{(e+f x)^3}$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(a+b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d*x])^2/(e+f*x)^3, x]$

[Out] $-\frac{((b d^2 f \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(c+d x)^2}}) (a+b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c+d x])) ((d e-c f) (d^2 e^2-2 c d e f+(1+c^2) f^2) (f+(d e-c f)/(c+d x)))}{(d^2 e^2-2 c d e f+(1+c^2) f^2)^2} + (d^2 e^2-2 c d e f+(1+c^2) f^2)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2 / (2*f*(d*e - c*f)^2) - (a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])^2 / (2*f*(e + f*x)^2) + (b*d^2*f^2*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*Log[1 + (E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2)^{(3/2)}) - (2*b*d^2*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*Log[1 + (E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*b*d^2*(a + b \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x])*Log[1 + (E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2]) + (b^2*d^2*f*Log[f + (d*e - c*f)/(c + d*x)]) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2)) + (b^2*d^2*f^2*PolyLog[2, -(\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2)^{(3/2)}) - (2*b^2*d^2*PolyLog[2, -(\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f - \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*b^2*d^2*PolyLog[2, -(\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2]) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*(d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2)^{(3/2)}) + (2*b^2*d^2*PolyLog[2, -(\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c + d*x]*(d*e - c*f))]/(f + \operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])) / ((d*e - c*f)^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[d^2*e^2 - 2*c*d*e*f + (1 + c^2)*f^2])
\end{aligned}$$
Rule 31

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

Rule 2221

```
Int[((((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*(c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Dist[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2296

```
Int[((F_)^(u_)*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^(u_) + (c_)*(F_)^(v_)), x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b^2 - 4*a*c, 2]}, Dist[2*(c/q), Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b - q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x] - Dist[2*(c/q), Int[(f + g*x)^m*(F^u/(b + q + 2*c*F^u)), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, f, g}, x] && EqQ[v, 2*u] && LinearQ[u, x] && NeQ[b^2 - 4*a*c, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*(c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
```

```
:> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)) )^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_)*(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 2747

```
Int[cos[(e_)*(f_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((a_)*(b_)*sin[(e_)*(f_)*(x_)])^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(b^p*f), Subst[Int[(a + x)^m*(b^2 - x^2)^(p - 1)/2, x], x, b*Sin[e + f*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, e, f, m}, x] && IntegerQ[(p - 1)/2] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0]
```

Rule 3403

```
Int[((c_)*(d_)*(x_))^m/((a_)*(b_)*sin[(e_)*(f_)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] :> Dist[2, Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/((-I)*b + 2*a*E^((-I)*e + f*fz*x) + I*b*E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 3405

```
Int[((c_)*(d_)*(x_))^m/((a_)*(b_)*sin[(e_)*(f_)*(x_)]^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[b*(c + d*x)^m*(Cos[e + f*x]/(f*(a^2 - b^2)*(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]))), x] + (Dist[a/(a^2 - b^2), Int[(c + d*x)^m/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x]), x], x] - Dist[b*d*(m/(f*(a^2 - b^2))), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*(Cos[e + f*x]/(a + b*Sin[e + f*x])), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[a^2 - b^2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 4276

```
Int[(csc[(e_)*(f_)*(x_)]*(b_)*(a_))^n*((c_)*(d_)*(x_))^m, x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c + d*x)^m, 1/(Sin[e + f*x]^n/(b + a*Sin[e + f*x])^n)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5577

```
Int[Coth[(c_)*(d_)*(x_)]*Csch[(c_)*(d_)*(x_)]*(Csch[(c_)*(d_)*(x_)]*(b_)*(a_))^n*((e_)*(f_)*(x_))^m, x_Symbol] :> Simp[((-e + f*x)^m)*((a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1)/(b*d*(n + 1))), x] + Dist[f*(m/(b*d*(n + 1))), Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*Csch[c + d*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

Rule 6457

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^^(p_.)*((e_.) + (f_)*(x_))^(  
m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[-(d^(m + 1))^-1, Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^p*Csch[x]*Co  
th[x]*(d*e - c*f + f*Csch[x])^m, x], x, ArcCsch[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{(e + fx)^3} dx &= - \left(d^2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{(a + bx)^2 \coth(x) \operatorname{csch}(x)}{(de - cf + f \operatorname{csch}(x))^3} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right) \right) \\
&= - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(e + fx)^2} + \frac{(bd^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{a + bx}{(de - cf + f \operatorname{csch}(x))^2} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(e + fx)^2} + \frac{(bd^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \left(\frac{a + bx}{(de - cf)^2} + \frac{2f(a + bx)}{(de - cf)^2(-f - de(1 - \frac{cf}{de}))} \right) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(de - cf)^2} - \frac{(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(e + fx)^2} + \frac{(2bd^2) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-f - de(1 - \frac{cf}{de})} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx) \right)}{f} \\
&= - \frac{bd^2 f \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{(de - cf)(d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (1 + c^2)f^2)(f + \frac{de - cf}{c + dx})} + \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(de - cf)^2} \\
&= - \frac{bd^2 f \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{(de - cf)(d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (1 + c^2)f^2)(f + \frac{de - cf}{c + dx})} + \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(de - cf)^2} \\
&= - \frac{bd^2 f \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{(de - cf)(d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (1 + c^2)f^2)(f + \frac{de - cf}{c + dx})} + \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(de - cf)^2} \\
&= - \frac{bd^2 f \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{(de - cf)(d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (1 + c^2)f^2)(f + \frac{de - cf}{c + dx})} + \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(de - cf)^2} \\
&= - \frac{bd^2 f \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(c + dx)^2}} (a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))}{(de - cf)(d^2 e^2 - 2cdef + (1 + c^2)f^2)(f + \frac{de - cf}{c + dx})} + \frac{d^2(a + b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(c + dx))^2}{2f(de - cf)^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 13.48, size = 8350, normalized size = 8.15

Result too large to show

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

[In] `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCsch[c + d*x])^2/(e + f*x)^3, x]`

[Out] Result too large to show

Maple [F]

time = 0.14, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{arccsch}(dx + c))^2}{(fx + e)^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^3, x)`

[Out] `int((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^3, x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^3, x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} b^2 \log(\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1})^2 / (f^3 x^2 + 2 f^2 x e^2) \\ & - \frac{1}{2} a^2 / (f^3 x^2 + 2 f^2 x e + f e^2) - \operatorname{integrate}\left(-\left(b^2 d^2 f x^2 + 2 b^2 c d f x + (c^2 f + f) b^2\right) \log(d x + c)^2 - 2 (a b d^2 f x^2 + 2 a b c d f x + (c^2 f + f) a b) \log(d x + c) + (2 a b d^2 f x^2 + 4 a b c d f x + 2 (c^2 f + f) a b - 2 (b^2 d^2 f x^2 + 2 b^2 c d f x + (c^2 f + f) b^2) \log(d x + c) + (b^2 c d e + 2 (c^2 f + f) a b + (2 a b d^2 f + b^2 d^2 f) x^2 + (4 a b c d f + b^2 c d f + b^2 d^2 e) x - 2 (b^2 d^2 f x^2 + 2 b^2 c d f x + (c^2 f + f) b^2) \log(\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1}) + \log(\sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1}) + \sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1} + 1) * ((b^2 d^2 f x^2 + 2 b^2 c d f x + (c^2 f + f) b^2) \log(d x + c)^2 - 2 (a b d^2 f x^2 + 2 a b c d f x + (c^2 f + f) a b) \log(d x + c)) / (d^2 f^4 x^5 + (2 c d f^4 + 3 d^2 f^3 e) x^4 + (c^2 f^4 + 6 c d f^3 e + 3 d^2 f^2 e^2 + f^4) x^3 + (6 c d f^2 e^2 + d^2 f e^3 + 3 (c^2 f^3 + f^3) e) x^2 + (2 c * d * f * e^3 + 3 (c^2 f^2 + f^2) * e^2) x + (c^2 f + f) * e^3 + (d^2 f^4 * x^5 + (2 c * d * f^4 + 3 d^2 f^3 e) x^4 + (c^2 f^4 + 6 c d f^3 e + 3 d^2 f^2 e^2 + f^4) x^3 + (6 c d f^2 e^2 + d^2 f e^3 + 3 (c^2 f^3 + f^3) e) x^2 + (2 c * d * f * e^3 + 3 (c^2 f^2 + f^2) * e^2) x + (c^2 f + f) * e^3) * \sqrt{d^2 x^2 + 2 c d x + c^2 + 1}), x \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] `integral((b^2*arccsch(d*x + c)^2 + 2*a*b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a^2)/(f^3*x^3 + 3*f^2*x^2*e + 3*f*x*e^2 + e^3), x)`**Sympy [F]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acsch}(c + dx))^2}{(e + fx)^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*acsch(d*x+c))**2/(f*x+e)**3,x)`[Out] `Integral((a + b*acsch(c + d*x))**2/(e + f*x)**3, x)`**Giac [F]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((a+b*arccsch(d*x+c))^2/(f*x+e)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `integrate((b*arccsch(d*x + c) + a)^2/(f*x + e)^3, x)`**Mupad [F]**

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{c+dx}\right)\right)^2}{(e + fx)^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2/(e + f*x)^3,x)`[Out] `int((a + b*asinh(1/(c + d*x)))^2/(e + f*x)^3, x)`

$$\mathbf{3.14} \quad \int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \, dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=114

$$-\frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{4 \sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-1-x)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{4 \sqrt{-x}} - \frac{3(-1-x)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}}{20 \sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-1-x)^{7/2} \sqrt{x}}{28 \sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2}) - \frac{1}{4} (-1-x)^{3/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2} - \frac{3}{20} (-1-x)^{5/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{28} (-1-x)^{7/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{4} (-1-x)^{1/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.300, Rules used = {6481, 12, 45}

$$\frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{(-x-1)^{7/2} \sqrt{x}}{28 \sqrt{-x}} - \frac{3(-x-1)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}}{20 \sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-x-1)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{4 \sqrt{-x}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x-1} \sqrt{x}}{4 \sqrt{-x}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^3 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]], x]$

[Out] $-\frac{1}{4} (\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x] - \frac{((-1-x)^{3/2} \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) / (4 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x])}{20} - \frac{(3(-1-x)^{5/2} \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) / (20 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x])}{28} - \frac{((-1-x)^{7/2} \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) / (28 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x])}{4} + \frac{(x^4 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]) / 4}{4}$

Rule 12

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)*(u_), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[a, \operatorname{Int}[u, x], x] \text{ /; } \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{MatchQ}[u, (b_*)*(v_)] \text{ /; } \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

Rule 45

$\operatorname{Int}[((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_))^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))^{(n_*)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ /; } \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \text{ \&\& } (\operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n] \text{ || } (\operatorname{EqQ}[c, 0] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{LeQ}[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) \text{ || } \operatorname{LtQ}[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] \text{ || } \operatorname{GtQ}[m + n + 2, 0])$

Rule 6481

$\operatorname{Int}[((a_*) + \operatorname{ArcCsch}[u_]*(b_*)*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))^{(m_*)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} * ((a + b*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[u]) / (d*(m+1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[b*(u/(d*(m+1)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-u^2])), \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{SimplifyIntegrand}[(c + d*x)^{m+1} * (D[u, x] / (u*\operatorname{Sqr}[-1 - u^2])), x], x, x] \text{ /; } \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{InverseFunctionFreeQ}[u, x] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{!FunctionOfQ}[(c + d*x)^{m+1}, u, x] \text{ \&\& } \operatorname{!FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) dx &= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{x^3}{2\sqrt{-1-x}} dx}{4\sqrt{-x}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{-1-x}} dx}{8\sqrt{-x}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x}} - 3\sqrt{-1-x} - 3(-1-x)^{3/2} - (-1-x)^{5/2} \right) dx}{8\sqrt{-x}} \\
 &= -\frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-1-x)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{3(-1-x)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}}{20\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-1-x)^{7/2} \sqrt{x}}{28\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 47, normalized size = 0.41

$$\frac{1}{140} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{x} (-16 + 8x - 6x^2 + 5x^3) + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x^3*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]], x]`

[Out] `(Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)]*Sqrt[x]*(-16 + 8*x - 6*x^2 + 5*x^3))/140 + (x^4*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]])/4`

Maple [A]

time = 0.15, size = 43, normalized size = 0.38

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{4} + \frac{(1+x)(5x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x - 16)}{140 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}} \sqrt{x}$	43
default	$\frac{x^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{4} + \frac{(1+x)(5x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x - 16)}{140 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}} \sqrt{x}$	43

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*arccsch(x^(1/2)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] `1/4*x^4*arccsch(x^(1/2))+1/140*(1+x)*(5*x^3-6*x^2+8*x-16)/((1+x)/x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 58, normalized size = 0.51

$$\frac{1}{28} x^{\frac{7}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right)^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{3}{20} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{arcsch}(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{4} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $\frac{1}{28} x^{(7/2)} (1/x + 1)^{(7/2)} - \frac{3}{20} x^{(5/2)} (1/x + 1)^{(5/2)} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{1}{4} x^{(3/2)} (1/x + 1)^{(3/2)} - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1/x + 1}$ **Fricas [A]**

time = 0.37, size = 55, normalized size = 0.48

$$\frac{1}{4} x^4 \log\left(\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \sqrt{x}}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{140} (5x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x - 16) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] $\frac{1}{4} x^4 \log\left(\frac{x \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x}}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{140} (5x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x - 16) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{1/x + 1}$ **Sympy [F]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x**3*acsch(x**(1/2)),x)`[Out] `Integral(x**3*acsch(sqrt(x)), x)`**Giac [F]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(sqrt(x)), x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int x^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*asinh(1/x^(1/2)),x)`[Out] `int(x^3*asinh(1/x^(1/2)), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.15} \quad \int x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \, dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=89

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{3 \sqrt{-x}} + \frac{2(-1-x)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{9 \sqrt{-x}} + \frac{(-1-x)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}}{15 \sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2}) + \frac{2}{9} (-1-x)^{3/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{15} (-1-x)^{5/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{3} (-1-x)^{1/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.300, Rules used = {6481, 12, 45}

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{(-x-1)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}}{15 \sqrt{-x}} + \frac{2(-x-1)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{9 \sqrt{-x}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x-1} \sqrt{x}}{3 \sqrt{-x}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]], x]$

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x] \operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/(3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]) + (2(-1-x)^{3/2} \operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/(9 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]) + ((-1-x)^{5/2} \operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/(15 \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]) + (x^3 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]])/3$

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 45

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LessQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 6481

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[u_]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[((c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*(u/(d*(m + 1)*Sqrt[-u^2])), Int[SimplifyIntegrand[((c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/(u*Sqr t[-1 - u^2])), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) dx &= \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{-1-x}} dx}{3\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{-1-x}} dx}{6\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x}} + 2\sqrt{-1-x} + (-1-x)^{3/2} \right) dx}{6\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{3\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{2(-1-x)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{9\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{(-1-x)^{5/2} \sqrt{x}}{15\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 42, normalized size = 0.47

$$\frac{1}{45} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{x} (8 - 4x + 3x^2) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x^2*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]],x]`[Out] $(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^{-1}] * \text{Sqrt}[x] * (8 - 4*x + 3*x^2)) / 45 + (x^3 * \text{ArcCsch}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]) / 3$ **Maple [A]**

time = 0.15, size = 38, normalized size = 0.43

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{3} + \frac{(1+x)(3x^2-4x+8)}{45 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}} \sqrt{x}$	38
default	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{3} + \frac{(1+x)(3x^2-4x+8)}{45 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}} \sqrt{x}$	38

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^2*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] $1/3*x^3*\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{(1/2)}) + 1/45*(1+x)*(3*x^2-4*x+8)/((1+x)/x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}$ **Maxima [A]**

time = 0.27, size = 46, normalized size = 0.52

$$\frac{1}{15} x^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \operatorname{arcsch}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{2}{9} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x^2*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/15*x^(5/2)*(1/x + 1)^(5/2) + 1/3*x^3*arccsch(sqrt(x)) - 2/9*x^(3/2)*(1/x + 1)^(3/2) + 1/3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1/x + 1)
```

Fricas [A]

time = 0.37, size = 50, normalized size = 0.56

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \log \left(\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \sqrt{x}}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{45} (3x^2 - 4x + 8) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x^2*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/3*x^3*log((x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + sqrt(x))/x) + 1/45*(3*x^2 - 4*x + 8)*sqrt(x)*sqrt((x + 1)/x)
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x**2*acsch(x**(1/2)),x)
[Out] Integral(x**2*acsch(sqrt(x)), x)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x^2*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(x^2*arccsch(sqrt(x)), x)
```

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int x^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(x^2*asinh(1/x^(1/2)),x)
[Out] int(x^2*asinh(1/x^(1/2)), x)
```

$$\int x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=64

$$-\frac{\sqrt{-1-x}\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-1-x)^{3/2}\sqrt{x}}{6\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{2}x^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}x^2\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2}) - \frac{1}{6}(-1-x)^{3/2}x^{1/2}/(-x)^{1/2} - \frac{1}{2}(-1-x)^{3/2}x^{1/2}/(-x)^{1/2}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.01, antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {6481, 12, 45}

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{(-x-1)^{3/2}\sqrt{x}}{6\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{\sqrt{-x-1}\sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{-x}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[x*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]], x]

[Out] $-\frac{1}{2}(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x] - \frac{((-1-x)^{3/2}\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])/(6\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x])}{2} + \frac{(x^2\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]])/2}{2}$

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 45

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 6481

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[u_.]*(b_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[((c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*(u/(d*(m + 1)*Sqrt[-u^2])), Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/(u*Sqr t[-1 - u^2])), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) dx &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{x}{2\sqrt{-1-x}} dx}{2\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-1-x}} dx}{4\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x}} - \sqrt{-1-x} \right) dx}{4\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= -\frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{(-1-x)^{3/2} \sqrt{x}}{6\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 35, normalized size = 0.55

$$\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} (-2 + x) \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]], x]`[Out] `(Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)]*(-2 + x)*Sqrt[x])/6 + (x^2*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]])/2`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.16, size = 31, normalized size = 0.48

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{(1+x)(x-2)}{6 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} \sqrt{x}}$	31
default	$\frac{x^2 \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{2} + \frac{(1+x)(x-2)}{6 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} \sqrt{x}}$	31

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x*arccsch(x^(1/2)), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] `1/2*x^2*arccsch(x^(1/2))+1/6*(1+x)*(x-2)/((1+x)/x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 34, normalized size = 0.53

$$\frac{1}{6} x^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \operatorname{arcsch}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/6*x^(3/2)*(1/x + 1)^(3/2) + 1/2*x^2*arccsch(sqrt(x)) - 1/2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1/x + 1)
```

Fricas [A]

time = 0.35, size = 43, normalized size = 0.67

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \log \left(\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \sqrt{x}}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{6} (x-2) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/2*x^2*log((x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + sqrt(x))/x) + 1/6*(x - 2)*sqrt(x)*sqrt((x + 1)/x)
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x \operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x*acsch(x**(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] Integral(x*acsch(sqrt(x)), x)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x*arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] integrate(x*arccsch(sqrt(x)), x)
```

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int x \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(x*asinh(1/x^(1/2)),x)
```

```
[Out] int(x*asinh(1/x^(1/2)), x)
```

$$3.17 \quad \int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \, dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=31

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-x}} + x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

[Out] $x \operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2}) + (-1-x)^{1/2} x^{1/2} / (-x)^{1/2}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.00, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6479, 12, 32}

$$\frac{\sqrt{-x-1} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-x}} + x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]], x]$

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1 - x] * \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[-x] + x * \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]$

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 32

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 6479

```
Int[ArcCsch[u_], x_Symbol] :> Simp[x * ArcCsch[u], x] - Dist[u / Sqrt[-u^2], Int[SimplifyIntegrand[x * (D[u, x] / (u * Sqrt[-1 - u^2])), x], x], x] /; InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \, dx &= x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-1-x}} \, dx}{\sqrt{-x}} \\ &= x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x}} \, dx}{2\sqrt{-x}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{-x}} + x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 2.49, size = 24, normalized size = 0.77

$$\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{x} + x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]],x]`[Out] `Sqrt[1 + x^(-1)]*Sqrt[x] + x*ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]]`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.16, size = 24, normalized size = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$	24
default	$x \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}}{\sqrt{x}}$	24

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] `x*arccsch(x^(1/2))+1/((1+x)/x)^(1/2)/x^(1/2)*(1+x)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.25, size = 18, normalized size = 0.58

$$x \operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x}) + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] `x*arccsch(sqrt(x)) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(1/x + 1)`**Fricas [A]**

time = 0.41, size = 36, normalized size = 1.16

$$x \log \left(\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \sqrt{x}}{x} \right) + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] $x \log((x\sqrt{x+1})/x) + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{(x+1)/x}$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(x**(1/2)),x)`
[Out] `Integral(acsch(sqrt(x)), x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `integrate(arccsch(sqrt(x)), x)`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.57, size = 18, normalized size = 0.58

$$x \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/x^(1/2)),x)`
[Out] $x \operatorname{asinh}(1/x^{1/2}) + x^{1/2} (1/x + 1)^{1/2}$

$$3.18 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=46

$$\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})^2 - 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}\right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}\right)$$

[Out] $\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2})^2 - 2\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2}) \ln(1 - (1/x^{1/2}) + (1+1/x)^{(1/2)})^2 - \operatorname{polylog}(2, (1/x^{1/2}) + (1+1/x)^{(1/2)})^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {6417, 5775, 3797, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$-\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}\right) + \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})^2 - 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/x, x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]^2 - 2\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]] \operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(2\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]])}] - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]])}]$

Rule 2221

```
Int[((((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)))/
((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Di
st[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x))
))^n/a]], x]; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_ + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.))], x_Symbol]
:> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2,
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3797

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_
.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Dist
```

```
[2*I, Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5775

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_.)*(x_)*(b_.)])^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/b, Subst[Int[x^n*Coth[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6417

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_.*(x_)*(b_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])/x, x], 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx &= 2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(x)}{x} dx, x, \sqrt{x}\right) \\
&= -\left(2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sinh^{-1}(x)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)\right) \\
&= -\left(2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)\right) \\
&= \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2 + 4\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x}x}{1-e^{2x}} dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)\right) \\
&= \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2 - 2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}\right) + 2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \log(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)\right) \\
&= \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2 - 2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}\right) + \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1-x)}{x} dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)\right) \\
&= \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)^2 - 2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}\right) - \operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 45, normalized size = 0.98

$$-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) + 2 \log\left(1 - e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}\right)\right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Integrate}[\text{ArcCsch}[\sqrt{x}]/x, x]$

[Out] $-(\text{ArcCsch}[\sqrt{x}]) * (\text{ArcCsch}[\sqrt{x}]) + 2 \log[1 - E^{-(-2 \text{ArcCsch}[\sqrt{x}])}] + \text{PolyLog}[2, E^{-(-2 \text{ArcCsch}[\sqrt{x}])}]$

Maple [F]

time = 0.02, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{int}(\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x, x)$

[Out] $\text{int}(\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x, x)$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{integrate}(\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x, x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"maxima"})$

[Out] $\text{integrate}(\operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})/x, x)$

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{integrate}(\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x, x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"fricas"})$

[Out] $\text{integral}(\operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})/x, x)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{integrate}(\operatorname{acsch}(x^{1/2})/x, x)$

[Out] $\text{Integral}(\operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x})/x, x)$

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(sqrt(x))/x, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x,x)`

[Out] `int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x, x)`

3.19 $\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=63

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{2\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{x}\operatorname{ArcTan}(\sqrt{-1-x})}{2\sqrt{-x}}$$

[Out] $-\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x + 1/2*(-1-x)^{1/2}/(-x)^{1/2}/x^{1/2} - 1/2*\operatorname{arctan}((-1-x)^{1/2})*x^{1/2}/(-x)^{1/2}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.01, antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6481, 12, 44, 65, 210}

$$-\frac{\sqrt{x}\operatorname{ArcTan}(\sqrt{-x-1})}{2\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x-1}}{2\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/x^2, x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/x - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]])/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x])$

Rule 12

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[a, \operatorname{Int}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[u, (b_)*(v_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

Rule 44

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, 0]]$

Rule 65

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Dist}[p/b, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]]$

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 6481

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[u_]*(b_.))*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*(u/(d*(m + 1)*Sqrt[-u^2])), Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/(u*Sqr t[-1 - u^2])), x], x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-1-x}x^2} dx}{\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x}x^2} dx}{2\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{2\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x}x} dx}{4\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{2\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \operatorname{Subst}(\int \frac{1}{-1-x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{-1-x})}{2\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{2\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{x} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{-1-x})}{2\sqrt{-x}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 42, normalized size = 0.67

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{1}{2} \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]]/x^2, x]`

[Out] `Sqrt[(1 + x)/x]/(2*Sqrt[x]) - ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]]/x - ArcSinh[1/Sqrt[x]]/2`

Maple [A]

time = 0.16, size = 46, normalized size = 0.73

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) x - \sqrt{1+x} \right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	46
default	$-\frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) x - \sqrt{1+x} \right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	46

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] `-arccsch(x^(1/2))/x-1/2*(1+x)^(1/2)*(arctanh(1/(1+x)^(1/2))*x-(1+x)^(1/2))/((1+x)/x)^(1/2)/x^(3/2)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 65, normalized size = 1.03

$$\frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}}{2 (x (\frac{1}{x} + 1) - 1)} - \frac{\operatorname{arcsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{1}{4} \log \left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1} + 1 \right) + \frac{1}{4} \log \left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1} - 1 \right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] `1/2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(1/x + 1)/(x*(1/x + 1) - 1) - arccsch(sqrt(x))/x - 1/4*log(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1/x + 1) + 1) + 1/4*log(sqrt(x)*sqrt(1/x + 1) - 1)`**Fricas [A]**

time = 0.36, size = 44, normalized size = 0.70

$$-\frac{(x+2) \log \left(\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}+\sqrt{x}}{x}\right)-\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}}}{2 x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] `-1/2*((x + 2)*log((x*sqrt((x + 1)/x) + sqrt(x))/x) - sqrt(x)*sqrt((x + 1)/x))/x`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x^2} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(x**(1/2))/x**2,x)`[Out] `Integral(acsch(sqrt(x))/x**2, x)`Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `integrate(arccsch(sqrt(x))/x^2, x)`Mupad [B]

time = 2.22, size = 33, normalized size = 0.52

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{4}\right)}{\sqrt{x}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x^2,x)`[Out] `(1/x + 1)^(1/2)/(2*x^(1/2)) - (2*asinh(1/x^(1/2))*(1/(2*x^(1/2)) + x^(1/2)/4))/x^(1/2)`

3.20 $\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=90

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{8\sqrt{-x}x^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-1-x}}{16\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{ArcTan}(\sqrt{-1-x})}{16\sqrt{-x}}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{(1/2)})/x^2+1/8*(-1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)}-3/16*(-1-x)^{(1/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)}+3/16*\operatorname{arctan}((-1-x)^{(1/2)})*x^{(1/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6481, 12, 44, 65, 210}

$$\frac{3\sqrt{x}\operatorname{ArcTan}(\sqrt{-x-1})}{16\sqrt{-x}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x-1}}{8\sqrt{-x}x^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-x-1}}{16\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/x^3, x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]/(8*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]*x^{(3/2)}) - (3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x])/(16*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/(2*x^2) + (3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]])/(16*\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x])$

Rule 12

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(u_), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[a, \operatorname{Int}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[u, (b_*)(v_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

Rule 44

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[n, 0]]$

Rule 65

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Dist}[p/b, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]]$

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 6481

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[u_]*(b_))*(c_*) + (d_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*(u/(d*(m + 1)*Sqrt[-u^2])), Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/(u*Sqr t[-1 - u^2])), x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-1-x} x^3} dx}{2\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x^3} dx}{4\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{8\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{(3\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x^2} dx}{16\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{8\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-1-x}}{16\sqrt{-x} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{(3\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x} dx}{32\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{8\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-1-x}}{16\sqrt{-x} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{(3\sqrt{x}) \operatorname{Subst}(\int \frac{1}{-1-x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{-1-x})}{16\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{8\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} - \frac{3\sqrt{-1-x}}{16\sqrt{-x} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{x} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{-1-x})}{16\sqrt{-x}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 47, normalized size = 0.52

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} (2 - 3x)\sqrt{x} - 8\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) + 3x^2 \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{16x^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]]/x^3, x]`

[Out] $(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^{-1}]*(2 - 3*x)*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 8*\text{ArcCsch}[\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 3*x^2*\text{ArcSinh}[1/\text{Sqrt}[x]])/(16*x^2)$

Maple [A]

time = 0.18, size = 57, normalized size = 0.63

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(3 \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) x^2 - 3 \sqrt{1+x} x + 2 \sqrt{1+x}\right)}{16 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	57
default	$-\frac{\text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(3 \text{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) x^2 - 3 \sqrt{1+x} x + 2 \sqrt{1+x}\right)}{16 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	57

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-1/2*\text{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x^2 + 1/16*(1+x)^{1/2}*(3*\text{arctanh}(1/(1+x)^{1/2})*x^2 - 3*(1+x)^{1/2}*x + 2*(1+x)^{1/2})/((1+x)/x)^{1/2}/x^{5/2}$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 92, normalized size = 1.02

$$-\frac{3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} (\frac{1}{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}}{16 \left(x^2 (\frac{1}{x} + 1)^2 - 2 x (\frac{1}{x} + 1) + 1\right)} - \frac{\text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{2 x^2} + \frac{3}{32} \log\left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1} + 1\right) - \frac{3}{32} \log\left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1} - 1\right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-1/16*(3*x^{3/2}*(1/x + 1)^{3/2} - 5*\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{1/x + 1})/(x^2*(1/x + 1)^2 - 2*x*(1/x + 1) + 1) - 1/2*\text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})/x^2 + 3/32*\log(\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{1/x + 1}) - 3/32*\log(\sqrt{x}*\sqrt{1/x + 1} - 1)$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.38, size = 53, normalized size = 0.59

$$-\frac{(3 x - 2) \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} - (3 x^2 - 8) \log\left(\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \sqrt{x}}{x}\right)}{16 x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out]
$$\frac{-1/16((3x - 2)\sqrt{x}\sqrt{(x + 1)/x} - (3x^2 - 8)\log(x\sqrt{(x + 1)/x}) + \sqrt{x})}{x^2}$$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(x**(1/2))/x**3,x)`
[Out] `Integral(acsch(sqrt(x))/x**3, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `integrate(arccsch(sqrt(x))/x^3, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{x^3} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x^3,x)`
[Out] `int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x^3, x)`

3.21 $\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=115

$$\frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{18\sqrt{-x}x^{5/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{72\sqrt{-x}x^{3/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{48\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{x}\operatorname{ArcTan}(\sqrt{-1-x})}{48\sqrt{-x}}$$

[Out] $-1/3*\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{(1/2)})/x^3 + 1/18*(-1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(5/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)} - 5/72*(-1-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(3/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)} + 5/48*(-1-x)^{(1/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)}/x^{(1/2)} - 5/48*\operatorname{arctan}((-1-x)^{(1/2)})*x^{(1/2)}/(-x)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6481, 12, 44, 65, 210}

$$-\frac{5\sqrt{x}\operatorname{ArcTan}(\sqrt{-x-1})}{48\sqrt{-x}} - \frac{5\sqrt{-x-1}}{72\sqrt{-x}x^{3/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-x-1}}{18\sqrt{-x}x^{5/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{-x-1}}{48\sqrt{-x}\sqrt{x}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/x^4, x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]/(18\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]*x^{(5/2)}) - (5\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x])/((72\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]*x^{(3/2)}) + (5\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x])/((48\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/(3*x^3) - (5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]*\operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[-1-x]])/(48\operatorname{Sqrt}[-x]))$

Rule 12

```
Int[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[a, Int[u, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[u, (b_)*(v_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

Rule 44

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
```

```
ominator[m] ] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 210

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 6481

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[u_]*(b_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCsch[u])/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*(u/(d*(m + 1)*Sqrt[-u^2])), Int[SimplifyIntegrand[(c + d*x)^(m + 1)*(D[u, x]/(u*Sqr t[-1 - u^2])), x], x, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && InverseFunctionFreeQ[u, x] && !FunctionOfQ[(c + d*x)^(m + 1), u, x] && !FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx &= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{-1-x} x^4} dx}{3\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{x} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x^4} dx}{6\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{18\sqrt{-x} x^{5/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{(5\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x^3} dx}{36\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{18\sqrt{-x} x^{5/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{72\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{(5\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x^2} dx}{48\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{18\sqrt{-x} x^{5/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{72\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{48\sqrt{-x} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{(5\sqrt{x}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x} dx}{96\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{18\sqrt{-x} x^{5/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{72\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{48\sqrt{-x} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{(5\sqrt{x}) \operatorname{Subst}(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1-x} x} dx)}{48\sqrt{-x}} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{-1-x}}{18\sqrt{-x} x^{5/2}} - \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{72\sqrt{-x} x^{3/2}} + \frac{5\sqrt{-1-x}}{48\sqrt{-x} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{5\sqrt{x} \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{-1-x})}{48\sqrt{-x}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 52, normalized size = 0.45

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} \sqrt{x} (8 - 10x + 15x^2) - 48 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(\sqrt{x}) - 15x^3 \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{144x^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[Sqrt[x]]/x^4,x]`

[Out] $(\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^{-1}] \cdot \text{Sqrt}[x] \cdot (8 - 10x + 15x^2) - 48 \cdot \text{ArcCsch}[\text{Sqrt}[x]] - 15x^3 \cdot \text{ArcSinh}[1/\text{Sqrt}[x]])/(144x^3)$

Maple [A]

time = 0.16, size = 67, normalized size = 0.58

method	result
derivative divides	$-\frac{\text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(-15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) x^3 + 15 \sqrt{1+x} x^2 - 10 \sqrt{1+x} x + 8 \sqrt{1+x}\right)}{144 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x} \left(-15 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}}\right) x^3 + 15 \sqrt{1+x} x^2 - 10 \sqrt{1+x} x + 8 \sqrt{1+x}\right)}{144 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{x}} x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-1/3 \cdot \text{arccsch}(x^{1/2})/x^3 + 1/144 \cdot (1+x)^{1/2} \cdot (-15 \cdot \operatorname{arctanh}(1/(1+x)^{1/2}) \cdot x^3 + 15 \cdot (1+x)^{1/2} \cdot x^2 - 10 \cdot (1+x)^{1/2} \cdot x + 8 \cdot (1+x)^{1/2}) / ((1+x)/x)^{1/2} / x^{7/2})$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 116, normalized size = 1.01

$$\frac{15 x^{\frac{5}{2}} (\frac{1}{x} + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 40 x^{\frac{3}{2}} (\frac{1}{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1}}{144 \left(x^3 (\frac{1}{x} + 1)^3 - 3 x^2 (\frac{1}{x} + 1)^2 + 3 x (\frac{1}{x} + 1) - 1\right)} - \frac{\text{arcsch}(\sqrt{x})}{3x^3} - \frac{5}{96} \log\left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1} + 1\right) + \frac{5}{96} \log\left(\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} + 1} - 1\right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $1/144 \cdot (15x^{5/2} \cdot (1/x + 1)^{5/2} - 40x^{3/2} \cdot (1/x + 1)^{3/2} + 33\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{1/x + 1}) / (x^3 \cdot (1/x + 1)^3 - 3x^2 \cdot (1/x + 1)^2 + 3x \cdot (1/x + 1) - 1) - 1/3 \cdot \text{arccsch}(\sqrt{x})/x^3 - 5/96 \cdot \log(\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{1/x + 1} + 1) + 5/96 \cdot \log(\sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{1/x + 1} - 1)$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.38, size = 58, normalized size = 0.50

$$\frac{(15x^2 - 10x + 8)\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} - 3(5x^3 + 16) \log\left(\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \sqrt{x}}{x}\right)}{144x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/144*((15*x^2 - 10*x + 8)*sqrt(x)*sqrt((x + 1)/x) - 3*(5*x^3 + 16)*log((x*
sqrt((x + 1)/x) + sqrt(x))/x))/x^3
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(\sqrt{x})}{x^4} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(acsch(x**(1/2))/x**4,x)
[Out] Integral(acsch(sqrt(x))/x**4, x)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(arccsch(x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(arccsch(sqrt(x))/x^4, x)
```

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{x^4} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x^4,x)
[Out] int(asinh(1/x^(1/2))/x^4, x)
```

3.22 $\int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=16

$$-\sqrt{1+x^2} + x \sinh^{-1}(x)$$

[Out] $x \operatorname{arcsinh}(x) - (x^{2+1})^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.00, antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.750, Rules used = {6463, 5772, 267}

$$x \sinh^{-1}(x) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[x^{(-1)}], x]$

[Out] $-\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + x^2] + x \operatorname{ArcSinh}[x]$

Rule 267

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_{_})^{(m_{_})}*((a_{_}) + (b_{_})*(x_{_})^{(n_{_})})^{(p_{_})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x^{n_{_}})^{(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Rule 5772

$\operatorname{Int}[((a_{_}) + \operatorname{ArcSinh}[(c_{_})*(x_{_})]*(b_{_}))^{(n_{_})}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[c*x])^{n_{_}}, x] - \operatorname{Dist}[b*c*n, \operatorname{Int}[x*((a + b*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[c*x])^{(n - 1)}/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0]$

Rule 6463

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(c_{_})/((a_{_}) + (b_{_})*(x_{_})^{(n_{_})})]^{(m_{_})}*(u_{_}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[u*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[a/c + b*(x^{n/c})]^m, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, n, m\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx &= \int \sinh^{-1}(x) dx \\ &= x \sinh^{-1}(x) - \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx \\ &= -\sqrt{1+x^2} + x \sinh^{-1}(x) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.00, size = 18, normalized size = 1.12

$$-\sqrt{1+x^2} + x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[x^(-1)],x]`
[Out] `-Sqrt[1 + x^2] + x*ArcCsch[x^(-1)]`

Maple [A]

time = 0.15, size = 29, normalized size = 1.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x \operatorname{arccsch}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{x^2} + 1\right) x^2}}$	29
default	$x \operatorname{arccsch}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{1}{x^2} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{x^2} + 1\right) x^2}}$	29

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(1/x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`
[Out] `x*arccsch(1/x)-1/((1/x^2+1)*x^2)^(1/2)*x^2*(1/x^2+1)`

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 16, normalized size = 1.00

$$x \operatorname{arcsch}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(1/x),x, algorithm="maxima")`
[Out] `x*arccsch(1/x) - sqrt(x^2 + 1)`

Fricas [A]

time = 0.36, size = 22, normalized size = 1.38

$$x \log\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}\right) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(1/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $x \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$

Sympy [A]

time = 0.04, size = 14, normalized size = 0.88

$$x \operatorname{acsch}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(1/x),x)`

[Out] $x \operatorname{acsch}(1/x) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(1/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(1/x), x)`

Mupad [B]

time = 0.07, size = 14, normalized size = 0.88

$$x \operatorname{asinh}(x) - \sqrt{x^2 + 1}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(x),x)`

[Out] $x \operatorname{asinh}(x) - (x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)}$

$$3.23 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}{x} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=61

$$\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)^2}{2n} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n) \log \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}\right)}{n} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}\right)}{2n}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccsch}(a*x^n)^2/n - \operatorname{arccsch}(a*x^n)*\ln(1 - (1/a/(x^n) + (1+1/a^2/(x^n)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/n - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{polylog}(2, (1/a/(x^n) + (1+1/a^2/(x^n)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/n$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.600, Rules used = {6417, 5775, 3797, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$-\frac{\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}\right)}{2n} + \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)^2}{2n} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n) \log \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}\right)}{n}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[ArcCsch[a*x^n]/x, x]

[Out] $\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^n]^{2/(2*n)} - (\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^n]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^n])}])/n - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^n])}]/(2*n)$

Rule 2221

```
Int[((((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Dist[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^m - 1]*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_.) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^n]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3797

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[2*I, Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5775

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))/x_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/b, Subst[Int[x^n*Coth[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6417

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))/x_, x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])/x, x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n)}{x} dx &= \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{x} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sinh^{-1}(\frac{x}{a})}{x} dx, x, x^{-n}\right)}{n} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)\right)}{n} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)^2}{2n} + \frac{2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x}x}{1-e^{2x}} dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)\right)}{n} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)^2}{2n} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)}\right)}{n} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \log(1 - e^{2x}) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)\right)}{n} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)^2}{2n} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)}\right)}{n} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1-x)}{x} dx, x, e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)}\right)}{2n} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)^2}{2n} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)}\right)}{n} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)}\right)}{2n}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

time = 0.06, size = 64, normalized size = 1.05

$$-\frac{x^{-n} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{x^{-2n}}{a^2}\right)}{an} + \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^n) - \operatorname{sinh}^{-1}\left(\frac{x^{-n}}{a}\right)\right) \log(x)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[a*x^n]/x,x]`

[Out] $-(\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{1/2, 1/2, 1/2\}, \{3/2, 3/2\}, -(1/(a^2 x^{(2 n)}))]/(a^{n x} x^n)) + (\text{ArcCsch}[a x^n] - \text{ArcSinh}[1/(a x^n)]) * \text{Log}[x]$

Maple [F]

time = 0.08, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(a x^n)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(a*x^n)/x,x)`

[Out] `int(arccsch(a*x^n)/x,x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $a^{2 n} \int x^{(2 n)} \log(x) / (a^{2 x} x^{(2 n)} + (a^{2 x} x^{(2 n)} + x) * \sqrt{a^{2 x} x^{(2 n)} + 1} + x), x) + n \int \log(x) / (a^{2 x} x^{(2 n)} + x), x) - \log(a) * \log(x) - \log(x) * \log(x^n) + \log(x) * \log(\sqrt{a^{2 x} x^{(2 n)} + 1} + 1)$

Fricas [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integ
rate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(ax^n)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(a*x**n)/x, x)`

[Out] `Integral(acsch(a*x**n)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^n)/x, x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^n)/x, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax^n}\right)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/(a*x^n))/x, x)`

[Out] `int(asinh(1/(a*x^n))/x, x)`

3.24 $\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}{x} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=54

$$\frac{1}{10} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)^2 - \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) \log \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)} \right) - \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right)$$

[Out] $1/10 * \operatorname{arccsch}(a*x^5)^2 - 1/5 * \operatorname{arccsch}(a*x^5) * \ln(1 - (1/a/x^5 + (1+1/a^2/x^10)^{(1/2)})^2) - 1/10 * \operatorname{polylog}(2, (1/a/x^5 + (1+1/a^2/x^10)^{(1/2)})^2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {6417, 5775, 3797, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$-\frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right) + \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)^2 - \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) \log \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)} \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^5]/x, x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^5]^2/10 - (\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^5]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^5])}])/5 - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^5])}/10$

Rule 2221

```
Int[((((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Dist[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x]; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x]; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_.)*(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x]; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3797

```
Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (Complex[0, fz_])*f_]*(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Dist
```

```
[2*I, Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*((-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5775

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/b, Subst[Int[x^n*Coth[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6417

```
Int[((a_.) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_.))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])/x, x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}{x} dx &= \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{x} dx, x, x^5\right) \\
&= -\left(\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^5}\right)\right) \\
&= -\left(\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)\right)\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)^2 + \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x} x}{1 - e^{2x}} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)^2 - \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right) + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \log(1 - e^{2x}) dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)^2 - \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right) + \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1 - x)}{x} dx, x, \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)^2 - \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right) - \frac{1}{10} \operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 49, normalized size = 0.91

$$\frac{1}{10} \left(-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5) + 2 \log\left(1 - e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right) \right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^5)}\right) \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[a*x^5]/x, x]`

[Out] $\left(-(\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^5]) * (\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^5] + 2*\text{Log}[1 - E^{-(-2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^5])}]) + \text{PolyLog}[2, E^{-(-2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^5])}] \right) / 10$

Maple [F]

time = 0.05, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\text{arccsch}(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(a*x^5)/x,x)`

[Out] `int(arccsch(a*x^5)/x,x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^5)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $5*a^2*\text{integrate}(x^9*\log(x)/(a^2*x^{10} + (a^2*x^{10} + 1)^{(3/2)} + 1), x) - 1/2*\log(a^2*x^{10} + 1)*\log(x) - \log(a)*\log(x) - 5/2*\log(x)^2 + \log(x)*\log(\sqrt{a^2*x^{10} + 1}) + 1) - 1/20*\text{dilog}(-a^2*x^{10})$

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^5)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `integral(arccsch(a*x^5)/x, x)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\text{acsch}(ax^5)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(a*x**5)/x,x)`

[Out] `Integral(acsch(a*x**5)/x, x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^5)/x, x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(a*x^5)/x, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax^5}\right)}{x} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(1/(a*x^5))/x, x)`

[Out] `int(asinh(1/(a*x^5))/x, x)`

$$\text{3.25} \quad \int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx}) dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=77

$$\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx})^2}{2b} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx}) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx})})}{b} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx})}\right)}{2b}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccsch}(c \exp(bx+a))^2/b - \operatorname{arccsch}(c \exp(bx+a)) \ln(1 - (1/c \exp(bx+a) + (1 + c^2/\exp(bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/b - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{polylog}(2, (1/c \exp(bx+a) + (1 + c^2/\exp(bx+a)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/b$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$, Rules used = {2320, 6417, 5775, 3797, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$-\frac{\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx})}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx})^2}{2b} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx}) \log(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx})})}{b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[ArcCsch[c*E^(a + b*x)], x]

[Out] $\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c \exp(a + bx)]^2/(2b) - (\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c \exp(a + bx)] * \operatorname{Log}[1 - \exp(2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c \exp(a + bx)])])/b - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, \exp(2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c \exp(a + bx)])]/(2b)$

Rule 2221

```
Int[((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Dist[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])), Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x]; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 2317

```
Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]), Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x]; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

Rule 2320

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Dist[v/D[v, x], Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))]*
```

$(F_{_})[v_{_}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&& \text{InverseFunctionQ}[F[x]]]$

Rule 2438

$\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_{_})*(d_{_}) + (e_{_})*(x_{_})^{(n_{_})}]/(x_{_}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \&& \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$

Rule 3797

$\text{Int}[((c_{_}) + (d_{_})*(x_{_}))^{(m_{_})}*\tan[(e_{_}) + \text{Pi}*(k_{_}) + (\text{Complex}[0, fz_{_}])*(f_{_})*(x_{_})], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-I)*((c + d*x)^{(m + 1)}/(d*(m + 1))), x] + \text{Dist}[2*I, \text{Int}[((c + d*x)^m*(E^{(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x)})/(1 + E^{(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x)})/E^{(2*I*k*\text{Pi})})/E^{(2*I*k*\text{Pi})}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{c, d, e, f, fz\}, x] \&& \text{IntegerQ}[4*k] \&& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Rule 5775

$\text{Int}[((a_{_}) + \text{ArcSinh}[(c_{_})*(x_{_})]*(b_{_}))^{(n_{_})}/(x_{_}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \text{Dist}[1/b, \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Coth}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

Rule 6417

$\text{Int}[((a_{_}) + \text{ArcCsch}[(c_{_})*(x_{_})]*(b_{_}))/(x_{_}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{ArcSinh}[x/c])/x, x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx}) dx &= \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{x} dx, x, e^{a+bx}\right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sinh^{-1}(\frac{x}{c})}{x} dx, x, e^{-a-bx}\right)}{b} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)\right)}{b} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)^2}{2b} + \frac{2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x}x}{1-e^{2x}} dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)\right)}{b} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)^2}{2b} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)}\right)}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \log(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)}) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)\right)}{b} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)^2}{2b} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)}\right)}{b} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1-x)}{x} dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)\right)}{b} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)^2}{2b} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)}\right)}{b} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right)}\right)}{2b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [B] Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs. 2(77) = 154.

time = 0.45, size = 236, normalized size = 3.06

$$x \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ce^{a+bx}) + \frac{e^{-a-bx} \sqrt{1+c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}} \left(\log ^2\left(-c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}\right)+\tanh ^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1+c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}}\right) (-8 b x+4 \log \left(-c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}\right))-4 \log \left(-c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}\right) \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1+\sqrt{1+c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}}\right)\right)+2 \log ^2\left(\frac{1}{2} \left(1+\sqrt{1+c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}}\right)\right)-4 \text{PolyLog}\left(2,\frac{1}{2} \left(1-\sqrt{1+c^2 e^{2(a+b x)}}\right)\right)\right)}{8 b c \sqrt{1+\frac{e^{-2(a+b x)}}{c^2}}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[c*E^(a + b*x)], x]`

[Out] $x \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c \operatorname{E}^a] + (\operatorname{E}^{-a-b x}) \operatorname{Sqrt}[1+c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)}] * (\operatorname{Log}[-(c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)})]^2 + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)}]] * (-8 b x + 4 \operatorname{Log}[-(c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)})]) - 4 \operatorname{Log}[-(c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)})] * \operatorname{Log}[(1+\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)}])/2] + 2 \operatorname{Log}[(1+\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)}])/2]^2 - 4 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, (1-\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)}])/2])/(8 b c \operatorname{Sqrt}[1+1/(c^2 \operatorname{E}^{2(a+b x)})])$

Maple [F]

time = 0.08, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \operatorname{arccsch}(e^{bx+a}c) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(arccsch(exp(b*x+a)*c),x)`

[Out] `int(arccsch(exp(b*x+a)*c),x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(c*exp(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `b*c^2*integrate(x*e^(2*b*x + 2*a)/(c^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1)^(3/2) + 1, x) - 1/2*b*x^2 - (a + log(c))*x + x*log(sqrt(c^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1)) - 1/4*(2*b*x*log(c^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a) + 1) + dilog(-c^2*e^(2*b*x + 2*a))/b)`

Fricas [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(c*exp(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \operatorname{acsch}(ce^{a+bx}) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(acsch(c*exp(b*x+a)),x)`

[Out] `Integral(acsch(c*exp(a + b*x)), x)`

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(arccsch(c*exp(b*x+a)),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(arccsch(c*e^(b*x + a)), x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{e^{-a-bx}}{c}\right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(asinh(exp(- a - b*x)/c),x)`

[Out] `int(asinh(exp(- a - b*x)/c), x)`

3.26 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^m dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=52

$$\frac{x^m}{am} + \frac{x^{1+m} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1-m); \frac{1-m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)}{1+m}$$

[Out] $x^m/a/m+x^{(1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([-1/2, -1/2-1/2*m], [1/2-1/2*m], -1/a^2/x^2)/(1+m)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.400, Rules used = {6471, 30, 346, 371}

$$\frac{x^{m+1} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-m-1); \frac{1-m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)}{m+1} + \frac{x^m}{am}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]}*x^m, x]$

[Out] $x^m/(a*m) + (x^{(1+m)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, (-1-m)/2, (1-m)/2, -(1/(a^2*x^2))])/(1+m)$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m+1)/(m+1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N \in \mathbb{Q}[m, -1]$

Rule 346

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[(-c^{(-1)})*(c*x)^{(m+1)}*(1/x)^{(m+1)}, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a+b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{!RationalQ}[m]$

Rule 371

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^p*((c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&& (\operatorname{ILtQ}[p, 0] \text{ || } \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0])$

Rule 6471

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(a_)*(x_)^{(p_)}]*(x_)^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/a, \operatorname{Int}[x^{(m-p)}, x], x] + \operatorname{Int}[x^m*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+1/(a^2*x^{(2*p)})], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, m, p\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^m dx &= \frac{\int x^{-1+m} dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^m dx \\
 &= \frac{x^m}{am} - \left(\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m x^m \right) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int x^{-2-m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
 &= \frac{x^m}{am} + \frac{x^{1+m} {}_2F_1 \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1-m); \frac{1-m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)}{1+m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 54, normalized size = 1.04

$$\frac{x^m}{am} + \frac{x^{1+m} {}_2F_1 \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}(-1-m); 1 + \frac{1}{2}(-1-m); -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)}{1+m}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x^m, x]`

[Out] $x^m/(a*m) + (x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (-1 - m)/2, 1 + (-1 - m)/2, -(1/(a^2*x^2))])/(1 + m)$

Maple [F]

time = 0.02, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{ax} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right) x^m dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^m, x)`

[Out] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^m, x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^m, x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `integrate(sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^m/x, x)/a + x^m/(a*m)`

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] `integral((a*x*x^m*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) + x^m)/(a*x), x)`**Sympy [A]**

time = 3.44, size = 51, normalized size = 0.98

$$-\frac{x^m \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2} + 1 \end{matrix} \middle| a^2 x^2 e^{i\pi}\right)}{2a \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{m}{2}\right)} + \frac{\begin{cases} \frac{x^m}{m} & \text{for } m \neq 0 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**m,x)`[Out] `-x**m*gamma(-m/2)*hyper((-1/2, m/2), (m/2 + 1,), a**2*x**2*exp_polar(I*pi))/(2*a*gamma(1 - m/2)) + Piecewise((x**m/m, Ne(m, 0)), (log(x), True))/a`**Giac [F(-2)]**

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> An error occurred running a Giac command: INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Warning, integration of abs or sign assumes constant sign by intervals (correct if the argument is real):Check [abs(sa

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int x^m \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{1}{a x} \right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^m*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x)),x)`[Out] `int(x^m*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x)), x)`

3.27 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^4 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=54

$$-\frac{2\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}x^3}{15a^2} + \frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{1}{5}\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2}x^5$$

[Out] $-2/15*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/a^2+1/4*x^4/a+1/5*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)*x^5$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.400, Rules used = {6471, 30, 277, 270}

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2x^3\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{15a^2} + \frac{x^4}{4a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x^4, x]

[Out] $(-2*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^(3/2)*x^3)/(15*a^2) + x^4/(4*a) + ((1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^(3/2)*x^5)/5$

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 270

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 277

Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]

Rule 6471

Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_)]*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^4 dx &= \frac{\int x^3 dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4 dx \\
&= \frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{1}{5} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5 - \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2 dx}{5a^2} \\
&= -\frac{2(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2})^{3/2} x^3}{15a^2} + \frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{1}{5} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^5
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 49, normalized size = 0.91

$$\frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x(-2 + a^2 x^2 + 3a^4 x^4)}{15a^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x^4,x]

[Out] $x^4/(4*a) + (\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x*(-2 + a^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*x^4))/(15*a^4)$ Maple [A]

time = 0.06, size = 53, normalized size = 0.98

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} x (a^2 x^2+1) (3 a^2 x^2-2)}{15 a^4} + \frac{x^4}{4 a}$	53
trager	$\frac{\frac{(x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{(3 a^4 x^4+a^2 x^2-2)x \sqrt{-\frac{a^2 x^2-1}{a^2 x^2}}}{15 a^3}}{a}$	63

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $1/15*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a^2*x^2+1)/a^4*(3*a^2*x^2-2)+1/4*x^4/a$ Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 50, normalized size = 0.93

$$\frac{x^4}{4 a} + \frac{3 a^2 x^5 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5 x^3 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{15 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`
[Out] $\frac{1}{4}x^4/a + \frac{1}{15}(3a^2x^5 + a^2x^3 - 2x)\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}}$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.40, size = 53, normalized size = 0.98

$$\frac{15a^3x^4 + 4(3a^4x^5 + a^2x^3 - 2x)\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}}}{60a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] $\frac{1}{60}(15a^3x^4 + 4(3a^4x^5 + a^2x^3 - 2x)\sqrt{(a^2x^2 + 1)/(a^2x^2)})/a^4$

Sympy [A]

time = 1.72, size = 63, normalized size = 1.17

$$\frac{x^4\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{5a} + \frac{x^4}{4a} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{15a^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{15a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**4,x)`
[Out] $x^{**4}\sqrt{a^{**2}x^{**2} + 1}/(5*a) + x^{**4}/(4*a) + x^{**2}\sqrt{a^{**2}x^{**2} + 1}/(15*a^{**3}) - 2\sqrt{a^{**2}x^{**2} + 1}/(15*a^{**5})$

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 78, normalized size = 1.44

$$-\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{2a^5} + \frac{2|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{15a^6} + \frac{12(a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 20(a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 15(a^2x^2 + 1)^2a}{60a^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] $-1/2*(a^2x^2 + 1)/a^5 + 2/15*abs(a)*sgn(x)/a^6 + 1/60*(12*(a^2x^2 + 1)^{(5/2)}*abs(a)*sgn(x) - 20*(a^2x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*abs(a)*sgn(x) + 15*(a^2x^2 + 1)^2a^2)/a^6$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.18, size = 41, normalized size = 0.76

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} \left(\frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{2x}{15a^4} + \frac{x^3}{15a^2} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{int}(x^4 * ((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x)), x)$

[Out] $(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) * (x^5/5 - (2*x)/(15*a^4) + x^3/(15*a^2)) + x^4/(4*a)$

3.28 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^3 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=75

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{8a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4 - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)}{8a^4}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{3}x^3/a - \frac{1}{8}\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/a^4 + \frac{1}{8}x^2(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a^2 + \frac{1}{4}x^4(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.700, Rules used = {6471, 30, 272, 43, 44, 65, 214}

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{8a^2} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{8a^4} + \frac{x^3}{3a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x^3,x]

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] x^2)/(8 a^2) + x^3/(3 a) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] x^4)/4 - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]]/(8 a^4)$

Rule 30

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 43

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 44

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
ominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m
- p), x], x] + Int[x^m*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^3 dx &= \frac{\int x^2 dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^3 dx \\
&= \frac{x^3}{3a} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x^3} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4 - \frac{\operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right)}{8a^2} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{8a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4 + \frac{\operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right)}{16a^4} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{8a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4 + \frac{\operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)}{8a^2} \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{8a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4 - \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)}{8a^4}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 76, normalized size = 1.01

$$\frac{a^2 x^2 \left(3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + 8 a x + 6 a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2 \right) - 3 \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right) x \right)}{24 a^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x^3,x]`[Out] `(a^2*x^2*(3*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)] + 8*a*x + 6*a^2*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x^2) - 3*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])*x])/ (24*a^4)`**Maple [A]**

time = 0.04, size = 109, normalized size = 1.45

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} x \left(-2 x \left(\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4+x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2+\ln \left(x+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}}\right)\right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^4}+\frac{x^3}{3 a}$	109

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{-1/8*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(-2*x*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*a^4+x*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2+ln(x+((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)))/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)/a^4+1/3*x^3/a}{(a^2*x^2+1)/a^2}$$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 107, normalized size = 1.43

$$\frac{x^3}{3 a} + \frac{\left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{8 \left(a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^2 - 2 a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right) + a^4\right)} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)}{16 a^4} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{16 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1/3*x^3/a + 1/8*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1))/(a^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*a^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + a^4) - 1/16*log(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/a^4 + 1/16*log(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/a^4}{a^4}$$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.37, size = 79, normalized size = 1.05

$$\frac{8 a^3 x^3 + 3 (2 a^4 x^4 + a^2 x^2) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} + 3 \log \left(a x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - a x\right)}{24 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1/24*(8*a^3*x^3 + 3*(2*a^4*x^4 + a^2*x^2)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) + 3*log(a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - a*x))/a^4}{a^4}$$

Sympy [A]

time = 3.10, size = 73, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{a x^5}{4 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{x^3}{3 a} + \frac{3 x^3}{8 a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{x}{8 a^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(a x)}{8 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**3,x)`

[Out] $a*x^{15}/(4*sqrt(a^{10}*x^2 + 1)) + x^3/(3*a) + 3*x^3/(8*a*sqrt(a^{10}*x^2 + 1)) + x/(8*a^3*sqrt(a^{10}*x^2 + 1)) - asinh(a*x)/(8*a^4)$

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 69, normalized size = 0.92

$$\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \left(\frac{2 x^2 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^2} + \frac{|a| \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^4} \right) x + \frac{x^3}{3 a} + \frac{\log \left(-x|a| + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $1/8*sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1)*(2*x^2*abs(a)*sgn(x)/a^2 + abs(a)*sgn(x)/a^4)*x + 1/3*x^3/a + 1/8*log(-x*abs(a) + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))*sgn(x)/a^4$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.41, size = 61, normalized size = 0.81

$$\frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{4} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{8 a^4} + \frac{x^3}{3 a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{8 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x)),x)`

[Out] $(x^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/4 - \operatorname{atanh}((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(8*a^4) + x^3/(3*a) + (x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(8*a^2)$

3.29 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^2 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=31

$$\frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3$$

[Out] $1/2*x^2/a + 1/3*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.01, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.300, Rules used = {6471, 30, 270}

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]} * x^2, x]$

[Out] $x^2/(2*a) + ((1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^(3/2)*x^3)/3$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N \operatorname{eQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 270

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_*)(x_))^{(m_.)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 6471

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(a_*)(x_)^{(p_.)}]*(x_)^{(m_.)}}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/a, \operatorname{Int}[x^{(m - p)}, x], x] + \operatorname{Int}[x^m * \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^{(2*p)})], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, m, p\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^2 dx &= \frac{\int x dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2 dx \\ &= \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 38, normalized size = 1.23

$$\frac{3ax^2 + 2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}(x + a^2x^3)}{6a^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x^2,x]`[Out] $(3*a*x^2 + 2*SQRT[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*(x + a^2*x^3))/(6*a^2)$ **Maple [A]**

time = 0.04, size = 43, normalized size = 1.39

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} x(a^2x^2+1)}{3a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$	43
trager	$\frac{\frac{(1+x)(-1+x)}{2} + \frac{(a^2x^2+1)x}{3a}\sqrt{-\frac{a^2x^2-1}{a^2x^2}}}{a}$	49

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] $1/3*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a^2*x^2+1)/a^2+1/2*x^2/a$ **Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 25, normalized size = 0.81

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $1/3*x^3*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + 1/2*x^2/a$ **Fricas [A]**

time = 0.35, size = 41, normalized size = 1.32

$$\frac{3ax^2 + 2(a^2x^3 + x)\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}}}{6a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] $1/6*(3*a*x^2 + 2*(a^2*x^3 + x)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)))/a^2$

Sympy [A]

time = 1.54, size = 41, normalized size = 1.32

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{3a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**2,x)`
[Out] $x^{*2}*sqrt(a^{*2}*x^{*2} + 1)/(3*a) + x^{*2}/(2*a) + sqrt(a^{*2}*x^{*2} + 1)/(3*a^{*3})$

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 44, normalized size = 1.42

$$\frac{(a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3a^4} + \frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{2a^3} - \frac{|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] $1/3*(a^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{abs}(a)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^4 + 1/2*(a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3 - 1/3*\operatorname{abs}(a)*\operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^4$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.17, size = 33, normalized size = 1.06

$$\left(\frac{x}{3a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^2*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x)),x)`
[Out] $(x/(3*a^2) + x^{*3}/3)*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{(1/2)} + x^{*2}/(2*a)$

3.30 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x \, dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=47

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2 + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)}{2a^2}$$

[Out] $x/a + 1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/a^2 + 1/2*x^2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {6471, 8, 272, 43, 65, 214}

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]}*x, x]$

[Out] $x/a + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x^2)/2 + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]]/(2*a^2)$

Rule 8

$\operatorname{Int}[a_, \ x_\operatorname{Symbol}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a*x, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x]$

Rule 43

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^n_, x_\operatorname{Symbol}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&& \operatorname{!IntegerQ}[n] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0]$

Rule 65

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^n_, x_\operatorname{Symbol}] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Dist}[p/b, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \&& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_ .)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_ .)*(a_ .) + (b_ .)*(x_)^(n_ .))^p_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_ .)*(x_)^(p_ .)]*(x_)^(m_ .), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x \, dx &= \frac{1}{a} \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \, x \, dx \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x^2} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&\quad \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \, x^2 - \frac{1}{4a^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \, x^2 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} \, dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right) \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \, x^2 + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)}{2a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 47, normalized size = 1.00

$$\frac{ax \left(2 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \, x\right) + \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right) x\right)}{2a^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]*x,x]`

[Out] $(a*x*(2 + a*sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x) + Log[(1 + sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])*x])/(2*a^2)$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

time = 0.04, size = 85, normalized size = 1.81

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} x \left(x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2+\ln \left(x+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}}\right)\right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2}+\frac{x}{a}$	85

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)} * x * (x * ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} * a^2 + \ln(x + ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)})) / ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} / a^2 + x / a$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 78, normalized size = 1.66

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{2 (a^2 (\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1) - a^2)} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right)}{4 a^2} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{4 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $x/a + 1/2*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)/(a^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - a^2) + 1/4*log(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/a^2 - 1/4*log(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/a^2$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.34, size = 64, normalized size = 1.36

$$\frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} + 2 a x - \log \left(a x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} - a x\right)}{2 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(a^2 x^2 + 1) \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^2} + \frac{2 a x}{a^2} - \frac{\log(a x \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1})}{a^2}$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.04, size = 29, normalized size = 0.62

$$\frac{x \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{2 a} + \frac{x}{a} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(a x)}{2 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x,x)`

[Out] $x \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} / (2 a) + x / a + \operatorname{asinh}(a x) / (2 a^2)$

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 52, normalized size = 1.11

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} x |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2 a^2} + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\log\left(-x|a| + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} x \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(x) / a^2 + x / a - \frac{1}{2} \log(-x \operatorname{abs}(a) + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}) \operatorname{sgn}(x) / a^2$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.21, size = 39, normalized size = 0.83

$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{2 a^2} + \frac{x}{a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x*((1/(a^2*x^2)+1)^(1/2)+1/(a*x)),x)`

[Out] $\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right) / (2 a^2) + x / a + \frac{(x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1})}{2}$

3.31 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=24

$$e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}x - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

[Out] $(1/a/x + (1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x - \operatorname{arccsch}(a*x)/a + \ln(x)/a)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.01, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.833, Rules used = {6466, 29, 248, 283, 221}

$$x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]}, x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]/a + \operatorname{Log}[x]/a$

Rule 29

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(-1)}, x_Symbol] :> \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Log}[x], x]$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a])]/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

Rule 248

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] :> -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

Rule 283

$\operatorname{Int}[(c_*)*(x_)^{(m_*)}*((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] :> \operatorname{Simp}[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&& !\operatorname{ILtQ}[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] \&& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

Rule 6466

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(a_*)*(x_)^{(p_.)}]}, x_Symbol] :> \operatorname{Dist}[1/a, \operatorname{Int}[1/x^p, x], x] + \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^{(2*p)})], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, p\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x} dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} dx \\
 &= \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x + \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{a^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.01, size = 35, normalized size = 1.46

$$\frac{a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x - \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right) + \log(ax)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x],x]`

[Out] `(a*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x - ArcSinh[1/(a*x)] + Log[a*x])/a`

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(37) = 74$.

time = 0.06, size = 113, normalized size = 4.71

method	result	size
default	$ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} x \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 - \ln\left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 + 2}{a^2 x} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a} $	113

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}*x*((1/a^2)^{(1/2)}*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2-\ln(2*((1/a^2)^{(1/2)}*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}*a^2+1)/x/a^2))/(1/a^2)^{(1/2)}/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}/a^2+\ln(x)/a$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 64, normalized size = 2.67

$$x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}-\frac{\log \left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{2a}+\frac{\log \left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{2a}+\frac{\log (x)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $x*\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^2)+1}-1/2*\log(a*x*\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^2)+1}+1)/a+1/2*\log(a*x*\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^2)+1}-1)/a+\log(x)/a$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 86 vs. 2(37) = 74.

time = 0.37, size = 86, normalized size = 3.58

$$\frac{ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-\log \left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-ax+1\right)+\log \left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-ax-1\right)+\log (x)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $(a*x*\sqrt{(a^2*x^2+1)/(a^2*x^2)})-\log(a*x*\sqrt{(a^2*x^2+1)/(a^2*x^2)})-a*x+1+\log(a*x*\sqrt{(a^2*x^2+1)/(a^2*x^2)})-a*x-1+\log(x))/a$

Sympy [A]

time = 0.72, size = 48, normalized size = 2.00

$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}+\frac{\log (x)}{a}-\frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{a}+\frac{1}{a^2x\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2),x)`

[Out] $x/\sqrt{1+1/(a**2*x**2)}+\log(x)/a-\operatorname{asinh}(1/(a*x))/a+1/(a**2*x*\sqrt{1+1/(a**2*x**2)})$

Giac [A]

time = 0.40, size = 66, normalized size = 2.75

$$-\frac{\left(\log \left(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}+1\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)-\log \left(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}-1\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)-2 \sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)|a|}{2a^2}+\frac{\log (|x|)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} \left(\log(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}) + 1 \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \log(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}) - 1 \operatorname{sgn}(x) \\ & - 2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{sgn}(x) \operatorname{abs}(a) / a^2 + \log(\operatorname{abs}(x)) / a \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.25, size = 36, normalized size = 1.50

$$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} + x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{\operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1i}{a x}\right) 1i}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x),x)`

[Out] $\log(x)/a + (\operatorname{asin}(1i/(a*x))*1i)/a + x*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{(1/2)}$

3.32 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=38

$$-\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{ax} + \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)$$

[Out] $-1/a/x + \operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}) - (1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.600, Rules used = {6471, 30, 272, 52, 65, 214}

$$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right) - \frac{1}{ax}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]}/x, x]$

[Out] $-\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] - 1/(a*x) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]]$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \& \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 52

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1)))}, x] + \operatorname{Dist}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0] \& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \& \operatorname{Not}[\operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \& \operatorname{Or}[\operatorname{Not}[\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \operatorname{Or} (\operatorname{GtQ}[m, 0] \& \operatorname{LtQ}[m - n, 0])]] \& \operatorname{Not}[\operatorname{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]]$

Rule 65

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Dist}[p/b, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^{p/b})^n}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \& \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \& \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \& \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]]$

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_ .)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_ .)*(a_ .) + (b_ .)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_ .), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_ .)*(x_)^(p_ .)]*(x_)^(m_ .), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{ax} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&= -\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{ax} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&= -\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{ax} - a^2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right) \\
&= -\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{ax} + \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 42, normalized size = 1.11

$$-\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{ax} + \log\left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)x\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]/x,x]`

[Out] $-\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] - 1/(a x) + \text{Log}[(1 + \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]) x]$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.04, size = 107, normalized size = 2.82

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} \left(-a^2 \left(\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 x^2+\ln \left(x+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}}\right) x\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}}} - \frac{1}{ax}$	107

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2 x^2)^{(1/2)} * (-a^2 * ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(3/2)} + ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} * a^2 x^2 + \ln(x + ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} * x)) / ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} - 1/a$
 $/x$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 54, normalized size = 1.42

$$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{1}{ax} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-\text{sqrt}(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1) - 1/(a x) + 1/2 * \text{log}(\text{sqrt}(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1) + 1) - 1/2 * \text{log}(\text{sqrt}(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1) - 1)$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.35, size = 64, normalized size = 1.68

$$-\frac{ax \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} - ax\right) + ax \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} + ax + 1}{ax}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-(a x * \text{log}(a x * \text{sqrt}((a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)) - a x) + a x * \text{sqrt}((a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)) + a x + 1)/(a x)$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.96, size = 41, normalized size = 1.08

$$-\frac{ax}{\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}} + \operatorname{asinh}(ax) - \frac{1}{ax} - \frac{1}{ax\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x,x)`

[Out] `-a*x/sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1) + asinh(a*x) - 1/(a*x) - 1/(a*x*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1))`

Giac [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> An error occurred running a Giac command: INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Warning, integration of abs or sign assumes constant sign by intervals (correct if the argument is real):Check [abs(sa

Mupad [B]

time = 2.46, size = 34, normalized size = 0.89

$$\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{1}{ax}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))/x,x)`

[Out] `atanh((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)) - (1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) - 1/(a*x)`

3.33 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=40

$$-\frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2}a\operatorname{acsch}^{-1}(ax)$$

[Out] $-1/2/a/x^2 - 1/2*a*\operatorname{arccsch}(a*x) - 1/2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {6471, 30, 342, 201, 221}

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{1}{2}a\operatorname{acsch}^{-1}(ax)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]/x^2}, x]$

[Out] $-1/2*1/(a*x^2) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]/(2*x) - (a*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])/2$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \& \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 201

$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + \operatorname{Dist}[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)), \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*p] \|\ (\operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2] \& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[4*p]) \|\ (\operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2] \& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3*p]) \|\ \operatorname{LtQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[p + 1/n], \operatorname{Denominator}[p]])$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a])]/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

Rule 342

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^{(m + 2)}, x], x, 1/x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0] \& \operatorname{Int}$

`eagerQ[m]`

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^2} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^2} dx \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2ax^2} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2} a \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 43, normalized size = 1.08

$$-\frac{1 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x + a^2 x^2 \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]/x^2, x]`

[Out] $-1/2*(1 + a*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x + a^2*x^2*ArcSinh[1/(a*x)])/(a*x^2)$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

time = 0.04, size = 145, normalized size = 3.62

method	result	size
--------	--------	------

default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} \left(a^2\left(\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2x^2 + \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2}{a^2x}\right) x^2\right)}{2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}}} - \frac{1}{2ax^2}$	145
---------	--	-----

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$-1/2*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x*(a^2*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2)-(1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^2+ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2+1)/x/a^2)*x^2)/(1/a^2)^(1/2)/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)-1/2/a/x^2$$

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 86 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

time = 0.26, size = 86, normalized size = 2.15

$$-\frac{a^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{2\left(a^2x^2\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1\right)-1\right)}-\frac{1}{4}a\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}+1\right)+\frac{1}{4}a\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}-1\right)-\frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$-1/2*a^2*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)/(a^2*x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 1/4*a*log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + 1/4*a*log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 1/2/(a*x^2)$$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 102 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

time = 0.33, size = 102, normalized size = 2.55

$$-\frac{a^2x^2\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-ax+1\right)-a^2x^2\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-ax-1\right)+ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}+1}{2ax^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$-1/2*(a^2*x^2*log(a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2+1)/(a^2*x^2))-a*x+1)-a^2*x^2*log(a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2+1)/(a^2*x^2))-a*x-1)+a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2+1)/(a^2*x^2))+1)/(a*x^2)$$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.01, size = 36, normalized size = 0.90

$$-\frac{a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2ax^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x**2,x)`[Out] `-a*asinh(1/(a*x))/2 - sqrt(1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))/(2*x) - 1/(2*a*x**2)`**Giac [B]** Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(32) = 64$.
time = 0.42, size = 82, normalized size = 2.05

$$\frac{a^4 |a| \log \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1 \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^4 |a| \log \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1 \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^4 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^5 \right)}{a^2 x^2}}{4 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `-1/4*(a^4*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)*sgn(x) - a^4*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)*sgn(x) + 2*(sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^4*abs(a)*sgn(x) + a^5)/(a^2*x^2))/a^4`**Mupad [B]**

time = 2.56, size = 42, normalized size = 1.05

$$-\frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}{x}\right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{2 x} - \frac{1}{2 a x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))/x^2,x)`[Out] `- asinh((1/a^2)^(1/2)/x)/(2*(1/a^2)^(1/2)) - (1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)/(2*x) - 1/(2*a*x^2)`

3.34 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=31

$$-\frac{1}{3}a^2\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3ax^3}$$

[Out] $-1/3*a^2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)-1/3/a/x^3$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.01, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.300, Rules used = {6471, 30, 267}

$$-\frac{1}{3}a^2\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3ax^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]/x^3}, x]$

[Out] $-1/3*(a^2*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^(3/2)) - 1/(3*a*x^3)$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 267

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Rule 6471

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(a_*)*(x_.)^(p_.)]*(x_.)^(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/a, \operatorname{Int}[x^{(m - p)}, x], x] + \operatorname{Int}[x^m \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^{(2*p)})], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, m, p\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^3} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^4} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{3}a^2\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3ax^3} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 37, normalized size = 1.19

$$-\frac{1 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x (1 + a^2 x^2)}{3 a x^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]/x^3,x]`[Out] $-1/3*(1 + a* \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + a^2*x^2))/(a*x^3)$ **Maple [A]**

time = 0.04, size = 42, normalized size = 1.35

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} (a^2 x^2+1)}{3 x^2} - \frac{1}{3 a x^3}$	42
trager	$-\frac{1}{3 x^3} - \frac{a (a^2 x^2+1) \sqrt{-\frac{a^2 x^2-1}{a^2 x^2}}}{3 x^2}$	46

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] $-1/3*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x^2*(a^2*x^2+1)-1/3/a/x^3$ **Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 25, normalized size = 0.81

$$-\frac{1}{3} a^2 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{3 a x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $-1/3*a^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 1/3/(a*x^3)$ **Fricas [A]**

time = 0.33, size = 47, normalized size = 1.52

$$-\frac{a^3 x^3 + (a^3 x^3 + a x) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} + 1}{3 a x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] `-1/3*(a^3*x^3 + (a^3*x^3 + a*x)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) + 1)/(a*x^3)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x**3,x)`
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs. $2(25) = 50$.
time = 0.41, size = 69, normalized size = 2.23

$$\frac{2 \left(3 \left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^4 a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)\right)}{3 \left(\left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}\right)^2 - 1\right)^3} - \frac{1}{3 a x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `2/3*(3*(x*abs(a) - sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))^4*a^2*sgn(x) + a^2*sgn(x))/((x*abs(a) - sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))^2 - 1)^3 - 1/3/(a*x^3)`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.16, size = 42, normalized size = 1.35

$$-\frac{\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{3} + \frac{1}{3 a}}{x^3} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))/x^3,x)`
[Out] `- ((x*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/3 + 1/(3*a))/x^3 - (a^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/3`

3.35 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=65

$$-\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{4x^3} - \frac{a^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{8x} + \frac{1}{8}a^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)$$

[Out] $-1/4/a/x^4 + 1/8*a^3*\operatorname{arccsch}(a*x) - 1/4*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^3 - 1/8*a^2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.600, Rules used = {6471, 30, 342, 285, 327, 221}

$$\frac{1}{8}a^3\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax) - \frac{a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{8x} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{4x^3} - \frac{1}{4ax^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^ArcCsch[a*x]/x^4, x]

[Out] $-1/4*1/(a*x^4) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]/(4*x^3) - (a^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])/(8*x) + (a^3*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])/8$

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NQ[m, -1]

Rule 221

Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]

Rule 285

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Dist[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)), Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]

Rule 327

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Dist[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^4} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^5} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^4} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{8x} + \frac{1}{8} a^2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{4x^3} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{8x} + \frac{1}{8} a^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 53, normalized size = 0.82

$$\frac{-2 - a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x (2 + a^2 x^2) + a^4 x^4 \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{ax} \right)}{8 a x^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]/x^4,x]

[Out] $(-2 - a \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] x (2 + a^2 x^2) + a^4 x^4 \operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(a x)])/(8 a x^4)$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(53) = 106.

time = 0.04, size = 173, normalized size = 2.66

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} a^2 \left(\left(\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} a^2 x^2 - \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} a^2 x^4 + \ln \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 x^2}{a^2 x} \right) x^4 - 2 \left(\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} 8 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \right)}{8 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $\frac{1}{8} ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3 a^2 * (((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2 x^2 - ((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2 x^4 + \ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2 x^2+1)/x/a^2)*x^4 - 2*((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2))/((a^2 x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)/(1/a^2)^(1/2) - 1/4/a/x^4$

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs. 2(53) = 106.

time = 0.26, size = 129, normalized size = 1.98

$$\frac{1}{16} a^3 \log \left(a x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{16} a^3 \log \left(a x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right) - \frac{a^6 x^3 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{8 \left(a^4 x^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^2 - 2 a^2 x^2 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right) + 1 \right)} - \frac{1}{4 a x^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $\frac{1}{16} a^3 \log(a x \operatorname{sqrt}(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1) + 1) - \frac{1}{16} a^3 \log(a x \operatorname{sqrt}(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1) - 1) - \frac{1}{8} (a^6 x^3 (1/(a^2 x^2) + 1)^{3/2} + a^4 x \operatorname{sqrt}(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1)) / (a^4 x^4 (1/(a^2 x^2) + 1)^2 - 2 a^2 x^2 (1/(a^2 x^2) + 1) + 1) - \frac{1}{4} / (a x^4)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(53) = 106.

time = 0.35, size = 113, normalized size = 1.74

$$\frac{a^4 x^4 \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} - ax + 1\right) - a^4 x^4 \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} - ax - 1\right) - (a^3 x^3 + 2 a x) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2+1}{a^2 x^2}} - 2}{8 a x^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/8*(a^4*x^4*log(a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - a*x + 1) - a^4*x^4*log(a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - a*x - 1) - (a^3*x^3 + 2*a*x)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - 2)/(a*x^4)
```

Sympy [A]

time = 2.90, size = 83, normalized size = 1.28

$$\frac{a^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{8} - \frac{a^2}{8 x \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} - \frac{3}{8 x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} - \frac{1}{4 a x^4} - \frac{1}{4 a^2 x^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x**4,x)
[Out] a**3*asinh(1/(a*x))/8 - a**2/(8*x*sqrt(1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))) - 3/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))) - 1/(4*a*x**4) - 1/(4*a**2*x**5*sqrt(1 + 1/(a**2*x**2)))
```

Giac [A]

time = 0.42, size = 103, normalized size = 1.58

$$\frac{a^6 |a| \log \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2+1}+1\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)-a^6 |a| \log \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2+1}-1\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)-\frac{2 \left((a^2 x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^6 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x)+\sqrt{a^2 x^2+1} a^6 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x)+2 a^7\right)}{a^4 x^4}}{16 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] 1/16*(a^6*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)*sgn(x) - a^6*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)*sgn(x) - 2*((a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a^6*abs(a)*sgn(x) + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^6*abs(a)*sgn(x) + 2*a^7)/(a^4*x^4))/a^4
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.54, size = 61, normalized size = 0.94

$$\frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}{x}\right)}{8 \left(\frac{1}{a^2}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}+1}}{4 x^3} - \frac{1}{4 a x^4} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}+1}}{8 x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\int \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{a x} \right) / x^4, x$

[Out] $\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2}}{a^2 x^2}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a^2}}{a^2 x^2} - \frac{1}{4 a x^4} - \frac{a^2 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{(1/2)}}{8 x}$

3.36 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=51

$$\frac{1}{3}a^4\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{5}a^4\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{5ax^5}$$

[Out] $1/3*a^4*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)-1/5*a^4*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(5/2)-1/5/a/x^5$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.400, Rules used = {6471, 30, 272, 45}

$$-\frac{1}{5}a^4\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{5/2} + \frac{1}{3}a^4\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{5ax^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x]/x^5}, x]$

[Out] $(a^4*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^{(3/2)})/3 - (a^4*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^{(5/2)})/5 - 1/(5*a*x^5)$

Rule 30

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && N
eQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 45

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && Le
Q[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_)]*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m
- p), x], x] + Int[x^m*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^5} dx &= \int \frac{\frac{1}{x^6} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^5} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \left(-a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}} + a^2 \left(1 + \frac{x}{a^2}\right)^{3/2}\right) dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{3} a^4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{5} a^4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{1}{5ax^5}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 46, normalized size = 0.90

$$\frac{-3 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x (-3 - a^2 x^2 + 2 a^4 x^4)}{15ax^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x]/x^5,x]`[Out] $(-3 + a \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] x (-3 - a^2 x^2 + 2 a^4 x^4))/(15 a x^5)$ Maple [A]

time = 0.05, size = 52, normalized size = 1.02

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} (a^2 x^2 + 1) (2 a^2 x^2 - 3)}{15 x^4} - \frac{1}{5 a x^5}$	52
trager	$\frac{-\frac{1}{5 a^5} + \frac{a (2 a^4 x^4 - a^2 x^2 - 3)}{15 x^4} \sqrt{-\frac{a^2 x^2 - 1}{a^2 x^2}}}{a}$	55

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] $1/15*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x^4*(a^2*x^2+1)*(2*a^2*x^2-3)-1/5/a/x^5$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 41, normalized size = 0.80

$$-\frac{1}{5} a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{5 a x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $-1/5*a^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(5/2) + 1/3*a^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) - 1/5/(a*x^5)$ **Fricas [A]**

time = 0.38, size = 58, normalized size = 1.14

$$\frac{2 a^5 x^5 + (2 a^5 x^5 - a^3 x^3 - 3 a x) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - 3}{15 a x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] $1/15*(2*a^5*x^5 + (2*a^5*x^5 - a^3*x^3 - 3*a*x)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - 3)/(a*x^5)$ **Sympy [A]**

time = 1.59, size = 65, normalized size = 1.27

$$\frac{2 a^3 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 x} - \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5 a x^5} - \frac{1}{5 a x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x**5,x)`[Out] $2*a**3*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x) - a*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(15*x**3) - sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(5*a*x**5) - 1/(5*a*x**5)$ **Giac [B]** Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(41) = 82$.

time = 0.42, size = 124, normalized size = 2.43

$$\frac{4 \left(15 \left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^6 a^4 \text{sgn}(x) + 5 \left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^4 a^4 \text{sgn}(x) + 5 \left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^2 a^4 \text{sgn}(x) - a^4 \text{sgn}(x) \right)}{15 \left(\left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^2 - 1 \right)^5} - \frac{1}{5 a x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] $\frac{4}{15} \left(\frac{15(x\sqrt{a^2x^2+1})^6 - 5(x\sqrt{a^2x^2+1})^4 + 5(x\sqrt{a^2x^2+1})^2 - 1}{(x\sqrt{a^2x^2+1})^2} - \frac{1}{5a^5x^5} \right)$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.20, size = 61, normalized size = 1.20

$$\frac{2a^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{15} - \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{x^5} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{15 x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))/x^5,x)`
[Out] $\frac{(2a^4(1/(a^2x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/15 - ((x*(1/(a^2x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/5 + 1/(5a))/x^5 - (a^2*(1/(a^2x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(15x^2)}$

3.37 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^m dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=59

$$-\frac{x^{-1+m}}{a(1-m)} + \frac{x^{1+m} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1-m); \frac{3-m}{4}; -\frac{1}{a^2x^4}\right)}{1+m}$$

[Out] $-x^{(-1+m)}/a/(1-m)+x^{(1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([-1/2, -1/4-1/4*m], [3/4-1/4*m], -1/a^2/x^4)/(1+m)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.333, Rules used = {6471, 30, 346, 371}

$$\frac{x^{m+1} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-m-1); \frac{3-m}{4}; -\frac{1}{a^2x^4}\right)}{m+1} - \frac{x^{m-1}}{a(1-m)}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}*x^m, x]$

[Out] $-(x^{(-1+m)}/(a*(1-m))) + (x^{(1+m)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, (-1-m)/4, (3-m)/4, -(1/(a^2*x^4))])/(1+m)$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m+1)/(m+1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N \in \mathbb{Q}[m, -1]$

Rule 346

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}) \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[(-c^{(-1)})*(c*x)^{(m+1)}/(1/x)^{(m+1)}, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a+b/x^n)^p/x^{(m+2)}, x], x, 1/x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{!RationalQ}[m]$

Rule 371

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}) \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a^p*((c*x)^{(m+1)}/(c*(m+1)))*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, -(b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&& (\operatorname{ILtQ}[p, 0] \mid\mid \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0])$

Rule 6471

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(a_)*(x_)^{(p_)}]}*(x_)^{(m_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/a, \operatorname{Int}[x^{(m-p)}, x], x] + \operatorname{Int}[x^m*\sqrt{1+1/(a^2*x^{(2*p)})}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, m, p\}, x]$

]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^m dx &= \frac{\int x^{-2+m} dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^m dx \\
&= -\frac{x^{-1+m}}{a(1-m)} - \left(\left(\frac{1}{x} \right)^m x^m \right) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int x^{-2-m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{x^{-1+m}}{a(1-m)} + \frac{x^{1+m} {}_2F_1 \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}(-1-m); \frac{3-m}{4}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} \right)}{1+m}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 55, normalized size = 0.93

$$x^{-1+m} \left(\frac{1}{a(-1+m)} + \frac{x^2 {}_2F_1 \left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4} - \frac{m}{4}; \frac{3}{4} - \frac{m}{4}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} \right)}{1+m} \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*x^m,x]`[Out] $x^{(-1+m)*(1/(a*(-1+m))} + (x^{2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -1/4 - m/4, 3/4 - m/4, -(1/(a^2*x^4))])/(1+m))$ Maple [F]

time = 0.04, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{a x^2} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} \right) x^m dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^m,x)`[Out] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^m,x)`Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`
[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(m-2>0)', see 'assume?' for more details)Is

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] `integral((a*x^2*x^m*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) + x^m)/(a*x^2), x)`

Sympy [A]

time = 3.72, size = 66, normalized size = 1.12

$$-\frac{xx^m\Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{4}-\frac{1}{4}\right){}_2F_1\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{4}-\frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{3}{4}-\frac{m}{4} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2x^4}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}-\frac{m}{4}\right)} + \frac{\begin{cases} \frac{x^m}{mx-x} & \text{for } m \neq 1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))*x**m,x)`
[Out] `-x*x**m*gamma(-m/4 - 1/4)*hyper((-1/2, -m/4 - 1/4), (3/4 - m/4,), exp_polar(I*pi)/(a**2*x**4))/(4*gamma(3/4 - m/4)) + Piecewise((x**m/(m*x - x), Ne(m, 1)), (log(x), True))/a`

Giac [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> An error occurred running a Giac command: INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const in dex_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int x^m \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + \frac{1}{a x^2} \right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^m*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)),x)`

[Out] `int(x^m*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)), x)`

3.38 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^4 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=202

$$\frac{-\frac{2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{5 a^2 (a+\frac{1}{x^2}) x} + \frac{2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x}{5 a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3 a} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^5 + \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2+\frac{1}{x^4}}{(a+\frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a+\frac{1}{x^2}) E(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{5 a^{7/2} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}$$

[Out] $\frac{1/3*x^3/a - 2/5*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)/a^2/(a+1/x^2)/x + 2/5*x*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)}{a^2 + 1/5*x^5*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2) + 2/5*(a+1/x^2)*(\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))^2)$
 $\cdot (\sin(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2)*2^(1/2)*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2) - 1/5*(a+1/x^2)*(\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2)*2^(1/2)*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/a^(7/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.08, antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.667,
Rules used = {6471, 30, 342, 283, 331, 311, 226, 1210}

$$\frac{2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{5 a^2} + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{5 a^2 x (a + \frac{1}{x^2})} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{5 a^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}} + \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) E(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{5 a^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}} + \frac{x^3}{3 a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}*x^4, x]$

[Out] $(-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])/(5*a^2*(a + x^{(-2))*x}) + (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x)/(5*a^2) + x^3/(3*a) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x^5)/5 + (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2))})*\operatorname{EllipticE}[2*\operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2])/(5*a^(7/2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]) - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2))})*\operatorname{EllipticF}[2*\operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2])/(5*a^(7/2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^m, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \& \& N \in \mathbb{Q}[m, -1]$

Rule 226

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*$

```
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

Rule 283

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 311

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Dist[1/q, Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Dist[1/q, Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

Rule 331

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 1210

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^4 dx &= \frac{\int x^2 dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^4 dx \\
&= \frac{x^3}{3a} - \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}}{x^6} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
&= \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^5 - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{5a^2} \\
&= \frac{2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x}{5a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^5 - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{5a^4} \\
&= \frac{2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x}{5a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} + \frac{1}{5} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^5 - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{5a^3} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{5a^{7/2} \sqrt{1 -}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

time = 0.18, size = 112, normalized size = 0.55

$$\frac{4\sqrt{2} e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} \left(\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{-1 + e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}} \right)^{5/2} x^5 \left(-4 + 7e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} + 4 \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} \right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1 \left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{2}; \frac{7}{4}; e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} \right) \right)}{21 (ax^2)^{5/2}}$$

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*x^4,x]`

[Out] `(4*.Sqrt[2]*(E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/(-1 + E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))))^(5/2)*x^5*(-4 + 7*E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]) + 4*(1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))^(5/2)*Hypergeometric2F`

Maple [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.
 time = 0.08, size = 152, normalized size = 0.75

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^4+1}{a^2x^4}} x^2 \left(-\sqrt{ia} a^3x^7-x^3a\sqrt{ia}+2i\sqrt{-ia}x^2+1\right) \sqrt{ia}x^2+1}{5(a^2x^4+1)a\sqrt{ia}} \text{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{ia}, i\right)-2i\sqrt{-ia}x^2+1$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`
 [Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*x^2*(-(I*a)^(1/2)*a^3*x^7-x^3*a*(I*a)^(1/2) \\ & +2*I*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticE}(x*(I*a)^(1/2), I)-2*I*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(I*a)^(1/2), I))/(a^2*x^4+1)/a \\ & /(I*a)^(1/2)+1/3*x^3/a \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$1/3*x^3/a + \text{integrate}(\sqrt{a^2*x^4 + 1}*x^2, x)/a$$

Fricas [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Symbolic function elliptic_ec takes exactly 1 arguments (2 given)

Sympy [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 1.44, size = 48, normalized size = 0.24

$$-\frac{x^5 \Gamma\left(-\frac{5}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{4} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2x^4}\right)}{4\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \frac{x^3}{3a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))*x**4,x)
[Out] -x**5*gamma(-5/4)*hyper((-5/4, -1/2), (-1/4,), exp_polar(I*pi)/(a**2*x**4))
/(4*gamma(-1/4)) + x**3/(3*a)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(x^4*(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) + 1/(a*x^2)), x)
```

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.00

$$\int x^4 \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + \frac{1}{a x^2} \right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(x^4*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)),x)
[Out] int(x^4*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)), x)
```

3.39 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^3 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=52

$$\frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^4 + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} \right)}{4a^2}$$

[Out] $1/2*x^2/a + 1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^4)^{(1/2)})/a^2 + 1/4*x^4*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6471, 30, 272, 43, 65, 214}

$$\frac{1}{4} x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}*x^3, x]$

[Out] $x^2/(2*a) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x^4)/4 + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]]/(4*a^2)$

Rule 30

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && N
eQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 43

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))), I
nt[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
ominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^3 dx &= \frac{\int x dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^3 dx \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^4} \right) \\
&\quad \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^4} \right) \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^4 - \frac{\operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^4} \right)}{8a^2} \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^4 - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} \right) \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^4 + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} \right)}{4a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 53, normalized size = 1.02

$$\frac{ax^2 \left(2 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 \right) + \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} \right) x^2 \right)}{4a^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*x^3,x]`

[Out] $(a^2 x^2 (2 + a \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2 x^4)}) x^2 + \log(1 + \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2 x^4)}) x^2)/(4 a^2)$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

time = 0.09, size = 94, normalized size = 1.81

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 \left(x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2}} a^2 + \ln\left(x^2 + \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2}}\right)\right)}{4 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2}} a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2a}$	94

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $1/4*((a^2 x^4 + 1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*x^2*(x^2*((a^2 x^4 + 1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2 + \ln(x^2 + ((a^2 x^4 + 1)/a^2)^(1/2)))/((a^2 x^4 + 1)/a^2)^(1/2)/a^2 + 1/2*x^2/a$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 81, normalized size = 1.56

$$\frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{4(a^2(\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1) - a^2)} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + 1\right)}{8a^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - 1\right)}{8a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $1/2*x^2/a + 1/4*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)/(a^2*(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) - a^2) + 1/8*log(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) + 1)/a^2 - 1/8*log(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) - 1)/a^2$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.34, size = 70, normalized size = 1.35

$$\frac{a^2 x^4 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} + 2 a x^2 - \log\left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} - a x^2\right)}{4 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{a^2 x^4 \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1}}{(a^2 x^4 + 1)^{1/2}} + \frac{2 a x^2 - \log(a x^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1})}{a^2}$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.23, size = 36, normalized size = 0.69

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1}}{4a} + \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(ax^2)}{4a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))*x**3,x)`

[Out] $x^{10/4} \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1} / (4a) + x^{7/4} / (2a) + \operatorname{asinh}(a x^2) / (4a^2)$

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 57, normalized size = 1.10

$$\frac{2 a x^2 + \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1} x^2 - \frac{\log(-x^2 |a| + \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1})}{|a|} \right) |a|}{4 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2 a x^2 + (\sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1} x^2 - \log(-x^2 \operatorname{abs}(a) + \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1}) / \operatorname{abs}(a)) \operatorname{abs}(a)}{a^2}$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.61, size = 42, normalized size = 0.81

$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}\right)}{4 a^2} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*((1/(a^2*x^4)+1)^(1/2)+1/(a*x^2)),x)`

[Out] $\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1}}\right) / (4 a^2) + \frac{x^4 (1/\sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1})}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2 a}$

3.40 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^2 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=86

$$\frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^3 - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{3a^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}$$

[Out] $x/a + 1/3*x^3*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2) - 1/3*(a+1/x^2)*(cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))*EllipticF(sin(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2*2^(1/2))*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/a^(5/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.417, Rules used = {6471, 8, 342, 283, 226}

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{3a^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}} + \frac{x}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Int[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*x^2,x]`

[Out] $x/a + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^4)]*x^3)/3 - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{-4})/(a + x^{-2})^2]*(a + x^{-2})*\operatorname{EllipticF}[2*\operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2])/(3*a^{5/2}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^4)])$

Rule 8

`Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

Rule 226

`Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simp[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]]`

Rule 283

`Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), In]`

```
t[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_.)^(m_.)*(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_.)*(x_.)^(p_.)]*(x_.)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x^2 dx &= \frac{1}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 dx \\
&= \frac{x}{a} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}}{x^4} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&\quad 2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^3 - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}}{3a^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{a} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^3 - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}}{3a^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

time = 0.16, size = 113, normalized size = 1.31

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{2} e^{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} \left(\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{-1 + e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}\right)^{3/2} x \left(1 - 2e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} - \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}; e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}\right)\right)}{3a\sqrt{ax^2}}$$

Warning: Unable to verify antiderivative.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*x^2,x]`

[Out]
$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{2}*(E^{\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]} / (-1 + E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]})))^{(3/2)}*x*(1 - 2*E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]} - (1 - E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}))^{(3/2)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}]))}{(3*a*E^{\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}*\sqrt{a*x^2})}$$

Maple [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 0.04, size = 104, normalized size = 1.21

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 \left(\sqrt{i a} a^2 x^5 + 2 \sqrt{-i a x^2 + 1} \sqrt{i a x^2 + 1} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{i a}, i\right) + x \sqrt{i a} \right)}{3(a^2 x^4 + 1) \sqrt{i a}}$	104

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{1/3*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*x^2*((I*a)^(1/2)*a^2*x^5+2*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(I*a)^(1/2), I)+x*(I*a)^(1/2))/(a^2*x^4+1)/(I*a)^(1/2)+x/a$$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$x/a + \text{integrate}(\sqrt{a^2*x^4 + 1}, x)/a$$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.11, size = 55, normalized size = 0.64

$$\frac{ax^3 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} + 2 a \left(-\frac{1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}} \text{ellipticF}\left(\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{x}, -1\right) + 3 x}{3 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1/3*(a*x^3*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) + 2*a*(-1/a^2)^(3/4)*\text{ellipticF}((-1/a^2)^(1/4)/x, -1) + 3*x)/a}{a^2}$$

Sympy [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.
time = 1.26, size = 41, normalized size = 0.48

$$-\frac{x^3 \Gamma\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{4} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2 x^4}\right)}{4 \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)} + \frac{x}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))*x**2,x)
[Out] -x**3*gamma(-3/4)*hyper((-3/4, -1/2), (1/4,), exp_polar(I*pi)/(a**2*x**4))/
(4*gamma(1/4)) + x/a
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(x^2*(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) + 1/(a*x^2)), x)
```

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int x^2 \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + \frac{1}{a x^2} \right) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(x^2*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)),x)
[Out] int(x^2*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)), x)
```

3.41 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x \, dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=40

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{2a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

[Out] $-1/2*\operatorname{arccsch}(a*x^2)/a+\ln(x)/a+1/2*x^2*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.600, Rules used = {6471, 29, 342, 281, 283, 221}

$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{2a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}*x, x]$

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x^2)/2 - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]/(2*a) + \operatorname{Log}[x]/a$

Rule 29

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(-1)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Log}[x], x]$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^2], x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a])]/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

Rule 281

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{With}[\{k = \operatorname{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \operatorname{Dist}[1/k, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p}, x], x, x^{(m + 1)/k}], x] /; k != 1] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[m]$

Rule 283

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_*)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x}] - \operatorname{Dist}[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(c*x)^{(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&& !\operatorname{ILtQ}[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] \&& \operatorname{IntBInomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m -
p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} x \, dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x} \, dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x \, dx \\
&= \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}}{x^3} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}}{x^2} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 + \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2a^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}{2a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 42, normalized size = 1.05

$$\frac{a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 - \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{ax^2}\right) + \log(ax^2)}{2a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

```
[In] Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*x, x]
[Out] (a*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x^2 - ArcSinh[1/(a*x^2)] + Log[a*x^2])/(2*a)
```

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.09, size = 116, normalized size = 2.90

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^4+1}{a^2x^4}} x^2 \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^4+1}{a^2}} a^2 - \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^4+1}{a^2}} a^2 + 2}{a^2x^2} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^4+1}{a^2}} a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	116

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{2} * ((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*x^2 * ((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2 - \ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2+1)/a^2/x^2)/(1/a^2)^(1/2)/((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2)^(1/2)/a^2 + \ln(x)/a$$

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.27, size = 71, normalized size = 1.78

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{4 a} - \frac{\log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + 1 \right)}{4 a} + \frac{\log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - 1 \right)}{4 a} + \frac{\log (x)}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sqrt{1/(a^2 x^4) + 1} - \frac{1}{4} \log(a x^2 \sqrt{1/(a^2 x^4) + 1} + 1)/a + \frac{1}{4} \log(a x^2 \sqrt{1/(a^2 x^4) + 1} - 1)/a + \log(x)/a$$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.38, size = 88, normalized size = 2.20

$$\frac{2 a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} - \log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} + 1 \right) + \log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} - 1 \right) + 4 \log (x)}{4 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{4} * (2 * a * x^2 * \sqrt{(a^2 x^4 + 1) / (a^2 x^4)}) - \log(a * x^2 * \sqrt{(a^2 x^4 + 1) / (a^2 x^4)} + 1) + \log(a * x^2 * \sqrt{(a^2 x^4 + 1) / (a^2 x^4)} - 1) + 4 * \log(x)/a$$

Sympy [A]

time = 4.00, size = 58, normalized size = 1.45

$$\frac{x^2}{2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^4}}} + \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax^2}\right)}{2a} + \frac{1}{2a^2x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))*x,x)`[Out] $x^{1/2}/(2*\sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)}) + \log(x)/a - \operatorname{asinh}(1/(a*x^2))/(2*a) + 1/(2*a^2*x^2*\sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)})$ **Giac [A]**

time = 0.41, size = 61, normalized size = 1.52

$$\frac{(a - |a|) \log\left(\sqrt{a^2x^4 + 1} + 1\right) + (a + |a|) \log\left(\sqrt{a^2x^4 + 1} - 1\right) + 2\sqrt{a^2x^4 + 1}|a|}{4a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] $1/4*((a - \operatorname{abs}(a))*\log(\sqrt{a^2*x^4 + 1}) + 1) + (a + \operatorname{abs}(a))*\log(\sqrt{a^2*x^4 + 1} - 1) + 2*\sqrt{a^2*x^4 + 1}*\operatorname{abs}(a)/a^2$ **Mupad [B]**

time = 2.97, size = 43, normalized size = 1.08

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}}{2} - \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2a} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}\right)}{2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x*((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2)),x)`[Out] $(x^2*(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2))/2 - \log(1/x^2)/(2*a) - (\operatorname{asinh}((1/a^2)^(1/2))/x^2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2))/2$

3.42 $\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=165

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{ax} - \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})x} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}x + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})E(2\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a}x)|\frac{1}{2})}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}} \end{aligned}$$

[Out] $-1/a/x - 2*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)/(a+1/x^2)/x + x*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2) + 2*(a+1/x^2)*(\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))*\operatorname{EllipticE}(\sin(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2*2^(1/2))*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2) - (a+1/x^2)*(\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/\cos(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2)))*\operatorname{EllipticF}(\sin(2*\operatorname{arccot}(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2*2^(1/2))*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/a^(3/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {6466, 30, 248, 283, 311, 226, 1210}

$$x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1} - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}}{x(a + \frac{1}{x^2})} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})F(2\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a}x)|\frac{1}{2})}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})E(2\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a}x)|\frac{1}{2})}}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}} - \frac{1}{ax}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}, x]$

[Out] $-(1/(a*x)) - (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])/((a + x^{(-2))}*x) + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x + (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2))})*\operatorname{EllipticE}[2*\operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2])/(a^(3/2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]) - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2))})*\operatorname{EllipticF}[2*\operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2))/(a^(3/2)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N \in \mathbb{Q}[m, -1]$

Rule 226

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*\operatorname{EllipticF}[2*\operatorname{ArcTan}[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b/a]$

Rule 248

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 283

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBInomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 311

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Dist[1/q, Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Dist[1/q, Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

Rule 1210

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Rule 6466

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_)], x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[1/x^p, x], x] + Int[Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx}{a} + \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{ax} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{ax} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{a^2} \\
&= -\frac{1}{ax} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{a} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1 - \frac{x^2}{a}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{ax} - \frac{2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2}) x} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x + \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) E(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{a^{3/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

time = 0.10, size = 96, normalized size = 0.58

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} \sqrt{\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{-1 + e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}} x \left(-3 + 4 \sqrt{1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{7}{4}; e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}\right)\right)}{3 \sqrt{ax^2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2], x]`

[Out] `(Sqrt[2]*E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]*Sqrt[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/(-1 + E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))]*x*(-3 + 4*Sqrt[1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2])])*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 3/2, 7/4, E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))]/(3*Sqrt[a*x^2])`

Maple [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 0.06, size = 144, normalized size = 0.87

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}} x \left(\sqrt{i a} x^4 a^2-2 i \sqrt{-i a x^2+1}\right) \sqrt{i a x^2+1} x \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{i a}, i\right) a+2 i \sqrt{-i a x^2+1} \sqrt{i a x^2+1}}{(a^2 x^4+1) \sqrt{i a}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] -((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*x*((I*a)^(1/2)*x^4*a^2-2*I*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*x*EllipticF(x*(I*a)^(1/2),I)*a+2*I*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*x*EllipticE(x*(I*a)^(1/2),I)*a+(I*a)^(1/2))/(a^2*x^4+1)/(I*a)^(1/2)-1/a/x
```

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1)/x^2, x)/a - 1/(a*x)
```

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] integral((a*x^2*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) + 1)/(a*x^2), x)
```

Sympy [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 0.45, size = 42, normalized size = 0.25

$$-\frac{x \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2 F_1\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{3}{4} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2 x^4}\right)}{4 \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} - \frac{1}{ax}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2),x)
```

[Out] $-x\gamma(-1/4)\text{hyper}((-1/2, -1/4), (3/4,), \exp_{\text{polar}}(I\pi)/(a^{**2}x^{**4}))/((4*\gamma(3/4)) - 1/(a*x))$

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{integrate}(1/a/x^2 + (1+1/a^2/x^4)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"giac"})$

[Out] $\text{integrate}(\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^4) + 1} + 1/(a*x^2), x)$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.33, size = 24, normalized size = 0.15

$$x {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}; \frac{3}{4}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}\right) - \frac{1}{a x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{int}((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^{(1/2)} + 1/(a*x^2), x)$

[Out] $x*\text{hypergeom}([-1/2, -1/4], 3/4, -1/(a^2*x^4)) - 1/(a*x)$

3.43 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=46

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} - \frac{1}{2 a x^2} + \frac{1}{2} \tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} \right)$$

[Out] $-1/2/a/x^2+1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))-1/2*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6471, 30, 272, 52, 65, 214}

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + \frac{1}{2} \tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} \right) - \frac{1}{2 a x^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}/x, x]$

[Out] $-1/2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)] - 1/(2*a*x^2) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]]/2$

Rule 30

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && N
eQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 52

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Dist[n*((b*c - a*d)/(
b*(m + n + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ
[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n
+ 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
ominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_ .)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_ .)*(a_) + (b_ .)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_ .)*(x_)^(p_ .)]*(x_)^(m_ .), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{x} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^4}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^4}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{1}{2}a^2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{1}{2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 22, normalized size = 0.48

$$-\frac{1}{2} e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} + \tanh^{-1}\left(e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/x, x]`

[Out] $-1/2 E^{\text{ArcCsch}[a x^2]} + \text{ArcTanh}[E^{\text{ArcCsch}[a x^2]}]$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 85 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

time = 0.09, size = 86, normalized size = 1.87

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}} \left(-\ln \left(x^2+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2}}\right) x^2+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2}}\right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2}}} - \frac{1}{2 a x^2}$	86

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $-1/2 ((a^2 x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^{(1/2)} (-\ln (x^2+((a^2 x^4+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}) * x^2+((a^2 x^4+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}) / ((a^2 x^4+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} - 1/2/a/x^2$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 54, normalized size = 1.17

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - \frac{1}{2 a x^2} + \frac{1}{4} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{4} \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - 1 \right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-1/2 \sqrt{1/(a^2 x^4) + 1} - 1/2/(a x^2) + 1/4 \log(\sqrt{1/(a^2 x^4) + 1} + 1) - 1/4 \log(\sqrt{1/(a^2 x^4) + 1} - 1)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

time = 0.35, size = 74, normalized size = 1.61

$$-\frac{ax^2 \log \left(ax^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}} - ax^2\right) + ax^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}} + ax^2 + 1}{2 a x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-1/2 (a x^2 \log(a x^2 \sqrt{(a^2 x^4 + 1)/(a^2 x^4)} - a x^2) + a x^2 \sqrt{(a^2 x^4 + 1)/(a^2 x^4)} + a x^2 + 1)/(a x^2)$

Sympy [A]

time = 6.30, size = 54, normalized size = 1.17

$$-\frac{ax^2}{2\sqrt{a^2x^4+1}} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(ax^2)}{2} - \frac{1}{2ax^2} - \frac{1}{2ax^2\sqrt{a^2x^4+1}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))/x,x)`[Out] `-a*x**2/(2*sqrt(a**2*x**4 + 1)) + asinh(a*x**2)/2 - 1/(2*a*x**2) - 1/(2*a*x**2*sqrt(a**2*x**4 + 1))`**Giac [A]**

time = 0.42, size = 66, normalized size = 1.43

$$-\frac{a^2 \log \left(-x^2|a|+\sqrt{a^2 x^4+1}\right)-\frac{2 a^2}{\left(x^2|a|-\sqrt{a^2 x^4+1}\right)^2-1}+\frac{a}{x^2}}{2 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `-1/2*(a^2*log(-x^2*abs(a) + sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1)) - 2*a^2/((x^2*abs(a) - sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1))^2 - 1) + a/x^2)/a^2`**Mupad [B]**

time = 2.38, size = 36, normalized size = 0.78

$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}+1}\right)}{2}-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}+1}}{2}-\frac{1}{2 a x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2))/x,x)`[Out] `atanh((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2))/2 - (1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2)/2 - 1/(2*a*x^2)`

3.44 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=91

$$-\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \tfrac{1}{2})}{3\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}$$

[Out] $-1/3/a/x^3 - 1/3*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)/x - 1/3*(a+1/x^2)*(cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))^2/(a+1/x^2)^2)/cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))*EllipticF(sin(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2*2^(1/2))*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.417, Rules used = {6471, 30, 342, 201, 226}

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \tfrac{1}{2})}{3\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}} - \frac{1}{3ax^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/x^2, x]

[Out] $-1/3*1/(a*x^3) - \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]/(3*x) - (\text{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2))})*\text{EllipticF}[2*\text{ArcCot}[\text{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2)]/(3*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])$

Rule 30

Int[(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && N eQ[m, -1]

Rule 201

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Dist[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)), Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || (EqQ[n, 2] && IntegerQ[4*p]) || (EqQ[n, 2] && IntegerQ[3*p])) || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])

Rule 226

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 4]}, Simplify[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*Sqrt[a + b*x^4]))*EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^2} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^4} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{x^2} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{3x} - \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{3ax^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) F(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a} x) | \frac{1}{2})}{3\sqrt{a} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

time = 0.11, size = 96, normalized size = 1.05

$$\frac{a \sqrt{\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{-2 + 2e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}} x \left(-1 + e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} + 4\sqrt{1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}; \frac{5}{4}; e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}\right)\right)}{3\sqrt{ax^2}}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/x^2, x]`

[Out]
$$\frac{-1/3*(a*\text{Sqrt}[E^{\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}]/(-2 + 2*E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2])})*x*(-1 + E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2])}) + 4*\text{Sqrt}[1 - E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2])}]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, E^{(2*\text{ArcCsch}[a*x^2])}])}{\text{Sqrt}[a*x^2]}$$

Maple [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 0.05, size = 111, normalized size = 1.22

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}} \left(-2 \sqrt{-i a x^2+1} \sqrt{i a x^2+1} \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{i a}, i\right) x^3 a^2+\sqrt{i a} x^4 a^2+\sqrt{i a}\right)}{3 x (a^2 x^4+1) \sqrt{i a}}-\frac{1}{3 a x^3}$	111

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^2, x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{-1/3*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*(-2*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*\text{EllipticF}(x*(I*a)^(1/2), I)*x^3*a^2+(I*a)^(1/2)*x^4*a^2+(I*a)^(1/2))/x/(a^2*x^4+1)/(I*a)^(1/2)-1/3/a/x^3}{a}$$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^2, x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `integrate(sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1)/x^4, x)/a - 1/3/(a*x^3)`

Fricas [A]

time = 0.10, size = 56, normalized size = 0.62

$$-\frac{2 (-a^2)^{\frac{3}{4}} x^3 \text{ellipticF}\left((-a^2)^{\frac{1}{4}} x, -1\right)+a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}}+1}{3 a x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^2, x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out]
$$\frac{-1/3*(2*(-a^2)^(3/4)*x^3*\text{ellipticF}((-a^2)^(1/4)*x, -1) + a*x^2*\text{sqrt}((a^2*x^4+1)/(a^2*x^4+1)) + 1)/(a*x^3)}$$

Sympy [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.
time = 1.33, size = 42, normalized size = 0.46

$$-\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2 x^4}\right)}{4x\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} - \frac{1}{3ax^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))/x**2,x)
[Out] -gamma(1/4)*hyper((-1/2, 1/4), (5/4,), exp_polar(I*pi)/(a**2*x**4))/(4*x*gamma(5/4)) - 1/(3*a*x**3)
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^2, x)
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.37, size = 27, normalized size = 0.30

$$-\frac{{}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}; \frac{5}{4}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}\right)}{x} - \frac{1}{3 a x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^2,x)
[Out] - hypergeom([-1/2, 1/4], 5/4, -1/(a^2*x^4))/x - 1/(3*a*x^3)
```

3.45 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=42

$$-\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4}a\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)$$

[Out] $-1/4/a/x^4 - 1/4*a*\operatorname{arccsch}(a*x^2) - 1/4*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^{(1/2)}/x^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6471, 30, 342, 281, 201, 221}

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{1}{4}a\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]}/x^3, x]$

[Out] $-1/4*1/(a*x^4) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]/(4*x^2) - (a*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2])/4$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N \operatorname{eQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 201

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + \operatorname{Dist}[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)), \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&& (\operatorname{IntegerQ}[2*p] \|\ (\operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2] \&& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[4*p]) \|\ (\operatorname{EqQ}[n, 2] \&& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[3*p]) \|\ \operatorname{LtQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[p + 1/n], \operatorname{Denominator}[p]])$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]))/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

Rule 281

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{k = \operatorname{GCD}[m + 1, n]\}, \operatorname{Dist}[1/k, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^{(n/k)})^p}, x], x, x$

```
 $\text{^k}], \text{x}] /; \text{k} != 1] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&& \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \&& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$ 
```

Rule 342

```
 $\text{Int}[(\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.} ((\text{a}_.) + (\text{b}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{n}_.})^{\text{p}_.}, \text{x}_{\text{Symbol}}] :> -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}/\text{x}^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}/\text{x}^{(\text{m} + 2)}, \text{x}], \text{x}, 1/\text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&& \text{ILtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \&& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{m}]$ 
```

Rule 6471

```
 $\text{Int}[E^{\text{ArcCsch}}[(\text{a}_.) * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{p}_.}] * (\text{x}_.)^{\text{m}_.}, \text{x}_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \text{Dist}[1/\text{a}, \text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{m} - \text{p})}, \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Int}[\text{x}^{\text{m}} * \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(\text{a}^2 * \text{x}^{(2*\text{p})})], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}]$ 
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^3} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^5} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \text{Subst}\left(\int x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4ax^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{acsch}^{-1}(ax^2) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 24, normalized size = 0.57

$$-\frac{1}{8}a \left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} + 2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

```
[In] Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/x^3,x]
[Out] -1/8*(a*(E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]) + 2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))
```

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.09, size = 114, normalized size = 2.71

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2}} a^2+2}{a^2 x^2}\right) x^4+\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}\right)}{4 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}} - \frac{1}{4 a x^4}$	114

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] -1/4*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)/x^2*(ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2+1)/a^2/x^2)*x^4+((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2))/((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2)^(1/2)/(1/a^2)^(1/2)-1/4/a/x^4
```

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.25, size = 92, normalized size = 2.19

$$-\frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{4 \left(a^2 x^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1\right) - 1\right)} - \frac{1}{8} a \log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + 1\right) + \frac{1}{8} a \log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} - 1\right) - \frac{1}{4 a x^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -1/4*a^2*x^2*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)/(a^2*x^4*(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) - 1) - 1/8*a*log(a*x^2*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) + 1) + 1/8*a*log(a*x^2*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) - 1) - 1/4/(a*x^4)
```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 101 vs. $2(34) = 68$.

time = 0.33, size = 101, normalized size = 2.40

$$-\frac{a^2 x^4 \log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}}+1\right)-a^2 x^4 \log \left(a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}}-1\right)+2 a x^2 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4+1}{a^2 x^4}}+2}{8 a x^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

[Out] $-1/8*(a^2*x^4*log(a*x^2*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) + 1) - a^2*x^4*log(a*x^2*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) - 1) + 2*a*x^2*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) + 2)/(a*x^4)$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.43, size = 39, normalized size = 0.93

$$-\frac{a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax^2}\right)}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{4ax^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))/x**3,x)`

[Out] $-a*\operatorname{asinh}(1/(a*x^2))/4 - \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)}/(4*x^2) - 1/(4*a*x^4)$

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(34) = 68.

time = 0.41, size = 76, normalized size = 1.81

$$-\frac{a^4|a| \log \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^4+1}+1\right)-a^4|a| \log \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^4+1}-1\right)+\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^4+1} a^4|a|+a^5\right)}{a^2 x^4}}{8 a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-1/8*(a^4*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1) + 1) - a^4*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1) - 1) + 2*(sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1)*a^4*abs(a) + a^5)/(a^2*x^4))/a^4$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.83, size = 42, normalized size = 1.00

$$-\frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}{x^2}\right)}{4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4}+1}}{4 x^2} - \frac{1}{4 a x^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^3,x)`

[Out] $-\operatorname{asinh}((1/a^2)^(1/2)/x^2)/(4*(1/a^2)^(1/2)) - (1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2)/(4*x^2) - 1/(4*a*x^4)$

3.46 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=181

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{5x^3} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{5(a + \frac{1}{x^2})x} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})E(2\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a}x)|\tfrac{1}{2})}{5\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}}}{5\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}} \end{aligned}$$

[Out] $-1/5/a/x^5 - 1/5*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)/x^3 - 2/5*a^2*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)/(a+1/x^2)$
 $/x+2/5*(a+1/x^2)*(cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))*EllipticE(sin(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2*2^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2) - 1/5*(a+1/x^2)*(cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))^2)^(1/2)/cos(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2)))*EllipticF(sin(2*arccot(x*a^(1/2))), 1/2*2^(1/2))*a^(1/2)*((a^2+1/x^4)/(a+1/x^2)^2)^(1/2)/(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.583$, Rules used = {6471, 30, 342, 285, 311, 226, 1210}

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}}{5x^3} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}}{5x(a + \frac{1}{x^2})} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})F(2\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a}x)|\tfrac{1}{2})}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2}}(a + \frac{1}{x^2})E(2\cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a}x)|\tfrac{1}{2})}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1}} - \frac{1}{5ax^5} \end{aligned}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]/x^4}, x]$

[Out] $-1/5*1/(a*x^5) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]/(5*x^3) - (2*a^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])/(5*(a + x^{(-2)})*x) + (2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2)})*\operatorname{EllipticE}[2*\operatorname{ArcCot}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2)]/(5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]) - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a^2 + x^{(-4)})/(a + x^{(-2)})^2]*(a + x^{(-2)})*\operatorname{EllipticF}[2*\operatorname{ArcCo}t[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*x], 1/2)]/(5*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)])$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N\operatorname{eQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 226

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)(x_)^4], x_{\text{Symbol}}] := \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Rt}[b/a, 4]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[(1 + q^2*x^2)*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(2*q*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4]))*$

```
EllipticF[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

Rule 285

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Dist[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)), Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 311

```
Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[b/a, 2]}, Dist[1/q, Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] - Dist[1/q, Int[(1 - q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[b/a]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 1210

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] :> With[{q = Rt[c/a, 4]}, Simp[(-d)*x*(Sqrt[a + c*x^4]/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2))), x] + Simp[d*(1 + q^2*x^2)*(Sqrt[(a + c*x^4)/(a*(1 + q^2*x^2)^2)]/(q*Sqrt[a + c*x^4]))]*EllipticE[2*ArcTan[q*x], 1/2], x] /; EqQ[e + d*q^2, 0]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && PosQ[c/a]
```

Rule 6471

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(a_)*(x_)^(p_.)]*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/a, Int[x^(m - p), x], x] + Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^(2*p))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, p}, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^4} dx &= \int \frac{\frac{1}{x^6} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{x^4} dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{5x^3} - \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{5x^3} - \frac{1}{5}(2a) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{5}(2a) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^4}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{5ax^5} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{5x^3} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}{5(a + \frac{1}{x^2})x} + \frac{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}{(a + \frac{1}{x^2})^2} (a + \frac{1}{x^2}) E(2 \cot^{-1}(\sqrt{a + \frac{1}{x^4}}))}}{5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}}}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [C] Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

time = 0.14, size = 114, normalized size = 0.63

$$\frac{(ax^2)^{3/2} \left(3 \left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} \right)^{3/2} + 4e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}; \frac{7}{4}; e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}\right) \right)}{6 \sqrt{2 - 2e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}} \sqrt{\frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{-1 + e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}} x^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/x^4, x]`

[Out] $((a*x^2)^{(3/2)}*(3*(1 - E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))^{(3/2)} + 4*E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, 3/4, 7/4, E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2])])/ (6*sqrt[2 - 2*E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2])]*sqrt[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/(-1 + E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x^2]))]*x^3)$

Maple [C] Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 0.05, size = 171, normalized size = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} \left(-2 \sqrt{i a} a^4 x^8 + 2 i a^3 \sqrt{-i a x^2 + 1} \sqrt{i a x^2 + 1} x^5 \text{EllipticF}\left(x \sqrt{i a}, i\right) - 2 i a^3 \sqrt{-i a x^2 + 1} \sqrt{i a x^2 + 1} \right)}{5 x^3 (a^2 x^4 + 1) \sqrt{i a}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/5*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2/x^4)^(1/2)*(-2*(I*a)^(1/2)*a^4*x^8+2*I*a^3*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*x^5*EllipticF(x*(I*a)^(1/2),I)-2*I*a^3*(1-I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1+I*a*x^2)^(1/2)*x^5*EllipticE(x*(I*a)^(1/2),I)-3*(I*a)^(1/2)*x^4*a^2-(I*a)^(1/2))/x^3/(a^2*x^4+1)/(I*a)^(1/2)-1/5/a/x^5
```

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] integrate(sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1)/x^6, x)/a - 1/5/(a*x^5)
```

Fricas [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Symbolic function elliptic_ec takes exactly 1 arguments (2 given)
```

Sympy [C]

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

time = 1.48, size = 44, normalized size = 0.24

$$-\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{7}{4} \end{array} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2 x^4}\right)}{4 x^3 \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - \frac{1}{5 a x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))/x**4,x)
```

[Out] $-\text{gamma}(3/4) * \text{hyper}((-1/2, 3/4), (7/4,), \exp_{\text{polar}}(I\pi)/(a^2 x^4)) / (4x^3)$
 $* \text{gamma}(7/4) - 1/(5a x^5)$

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2 + (1+1/a^2*x^4)^(1/2))/x^4, x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(sqrt(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^4, x)`

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1} + \frac{1}{a x^2}}{x^4} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^4, x)`

[Out] `int(((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^4, x)`

3.47 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=31

$$-\frac{1}{6}a^2\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{6ax^6}$$

[Out] $-1/6*a^2*(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(3/2)-1/6/a/x^6$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.02, antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.250, Rules used = {6471, 30, 267}

$$-\frac{1}{6}a^2\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^4} + 1\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{6ax^6}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x^2]/x^5}, x]$

[Out] $-1/6*(a^2*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^4))^(3/2)) - 1/(6*a*x^6)$

Rule 30

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)/(m + 1)}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& N \operatorname{eQ}[m, -1]$

Rule 267

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Rule 6471

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(a_)*(x_)^{(p_.)}]*(x_)^{(m_.)}}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/a, \operatorname{Int}[x^{(m - p)}, x], x] + \operatorname{Int}[x^m * \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^{(2*p)})]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, m, p\}, x]$

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax^2)}}{x^5} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^7} dx}{a} + \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}}}{x^5} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{6}a^2\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^4}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{6ax^6} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 39, normalized size = 1.26

$$-\frac{1 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^4}} x^2 (1 + a^2 x^4)}{6 a x^6}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[a*x^2]/x^5, x]`[Out] $-1/6*(1 + a*SQRT[1 + 1/(a^2*x^4)]*x^2*(1 + a^2*x^4))/(a*x^6)$ **Maple [A]**

time = 0.09, size = 42, normalized size = 1.35

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} (a^2 x^4 + 1)}{6 x^4} - \frac{1}{6 a x^6}$	42
trager	$-\frac{1}{6 x^6} - \frac{(a^2 x^4 + 1) a \sqrt{-\frac{a^2 x^4 - 1}{a^2 x^4}}}{6 x^4}$	46

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] $-1/6*((a^2*x^4+1)/a^2*x^4)^(1/2)/x^4*(a^2*x^4+1)-1/6/a*x^6$ **Maxima [A]**

time = 0.27, size = 25, normalized size = 0.81

$$-\frac{1}{6} a^2 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{6 a x^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $-1/6*a^2*(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(3/2) - 1/6/(a*x^6)$ **Fricas [A]**

time = 0.35, size = 49, normalized size = 1.58

$$-\frac{a^3 x^6 + (a^3 x^6 + a x^2) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^4 + 1}{a^2 x^4}} + 1}{6 a x^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] `-1/6*(a^3*x^6 + (a^3*x^6 + a*x^2)*sqrt((a^2*x^4 + 1)/(a^2*x^4)) + 1)/(a*x^6)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x**2+(1+1/a**2/x**4)**(1/2))/x**5,x)`
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. 2(25) = 50.
time = 0.41, size = 71, normalized size = 2.29

$$\frac{\frac{2 \left(3 \left(x^2|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1}\right)^4 a^4 + a^4\right)}{\left(\left(x^2|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^4 + 1}\right)^2 - 1\right)^3} - \frac{a}{x^6}}{6 a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x^2+(1+1/a^2/x^4)^(1/2))/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `1/6*(2*(3*(x^2*abs(a) - sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1)))^4*a^4 + a^4)/((x^2*abs(a) - sqrt(a^2*x^4 + 1))^2 - 1)^3 - a/x^6)/a^2`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.16, size = 44, normalized size = 1.42

$$-\frac{\frac{1}{6 a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{6}}{x^6} - \frac{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^4} + 1}}{6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x^2))/x^5,x)`
[Out] `- (1/(6*a) + (x^2*(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2))/6)/x^6 - (a^2*(1/(a^2*x^4) + 1)^(1/2))/6`

3.48 $\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^m dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=64

$$-\frac{2x^{-1+m}}{a^2(1-m)} + \frac{x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2x^m {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}; 1 - \frac{m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)}{am}$$

[Out] $-2*x^{(-1+m)}/a^2/(1-m)+x^{(1+m)/(1+m)}+2*x^m*\text{hypergeom}([-1/2, -1/2*m], [1-1/2*m], -1/a^2/x^2)/a/m$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.23, antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.333, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 346, 371}

$$\frac{2x^m {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}; 1 - \frac{m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)}{am} - \frac{2x^{m-1}}{a^2(1-m)} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\text{Int}[E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])}*x^m, x]$

[Out] $(-2*x^{(-1+m)})/(a^2*(1-m)) + x^{(1+m)/(1+m)} + (2*x^m*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, -1/2*m, 1 - m/2, -(1/(a^2*x^2))])/(a*m)$

Rule 346

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^m_*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n_)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[(-c^(-1))*(c*x)^m*(1/x)^(m+1), Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m+2), x], x, 1/x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalQ[m]
```

Rule 371

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^m_*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n_)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_))*x^m_, x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^m dx &= \int \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^2 x^m dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2x^{-2+m}}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^{-1+m}}{a} + x^m \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{2x^{-1+m}}{a^2(1-m)} + \frac{x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^{-1+m} dx}{a} \\
&= -\frac{2x^{-1+m}}{a^2(1-m)} + \frac{x^{1+m}}{1+m} - \frac{(2(\frac{1}{x})^m x^m) \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int x^{-1-m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{2x^{-1+m}}{a^2(1-m)} + \frac{x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2x^m {}_2F_1(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}; 1 - \frac{m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2})}{am}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.05, size = 57, normalized size = 0.89

$$x^m \left(\frac{2}{a^2(-1+m)x} + \frac{x}{1+m} + \frac{2 {}_2F_1(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}; 1 - \frac{m}{2}; -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2})}{am} \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])*x^m, x]`[Out] $x^m (2/(a^2 (-1 + m) x) + x/(1 + m) + (2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -1/2*m, 1 - m/2, -(1/(a^2 x^2))])/(a*m))$ Maple [F]

time = 0.03, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{ax} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)^2 x^m dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^m, x)`[Out] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^m, x)`

Maxima [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: ValueError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(m-2>0)', see 'assume?' for more details)Is

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] integral((2*a*x*x^m*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) + (a^2*x^2 + 2)*x^m)/(a^2*x^2), x)

Sympy [A]

time = 4.17, size = 71, normalized size = 1.11

$$\begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} - \frac{x^m \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2} \\ 1 - \frac{m}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{e^{i\pi}}{a^2 x^2}\right)}{a \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{m}{2}\right)} + \frac{2 \left(\begin{cases} \frac{x^m}{mx-x} & \text{for } m \neq 1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2*x**m,x)

[Out] Piecewise((x**((m + 1)/(m + 1)), Ne(m, -1)), (log(x), True)) - x**m*gamma(-m/2)*hyper((-1/2, -m/2), (1 - m/2,), exp_polar(I*pi)/(a**2*x**2))/(a*gamma(1 - m/2)) + 2*Piecewise((x**m/(m*x - x), Ne(m, 1)), (log(x), True))/a**2

Giac [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> An error occurred running a Giac command:INP
UT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Warning, integration of abs or sign a
ssumes constant sign by intervals (correct if the argument is real):Check [
abs(sa

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int x^m \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^2 dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^m*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2,x)`

[Out] `int(x^m*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2, x)`

3.49 $\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^4 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=85

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{4a^3} + \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4}{2a} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)}{4a^5}$$

[Out] $2/3*x^3/a^2+1/5*x^5-1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/a^5+1/4*x^2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a^3+1/2*x^4*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.17, antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.583, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 272, 43, 44, 65, 214}

$$\frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{2a} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{4a^5} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{4a^3} + \frac{x^5}{5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])*x^4, x]

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]*x^2)/(4*a^3) + (2*x^3)/(3*a^2) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]*x^4)/(2*a) + x^5/5 - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]]/(4*a^5)$

Rule 43

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))), I
nt[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 44

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*(((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !Int
egerQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
```

```
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(a_ + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.))*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^4 dx &= \int \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^2 x^4 dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^3}{a} + x^4 \right) dx \\
&= \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^3 dx}{a} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x^3} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx}{a} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4}{2a} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{4a^3} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{4a^3} + \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4}{2a} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{8a^5} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right) \\
&= \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{4a^3} + \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^4}{2a} + \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)}{4a^5}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 84, normalized size = 0.99

$$\frac{a^2 x^2 \left(15 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + 40 a x + 30 a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2 + 12 a^3 x^3 \right) - 15 \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right) x \right)}{60 a^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])*x^4,x]

[Out] $(a^2 x^2 (15 \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] + 40 a x + 30 a^2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)] x^2 + 12 a^3 x^3) - 15 \operatorname{Log}[(1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]) x])/(60 a^5)$

Maple [A]

time = 0.10, size = 130, normalized size = 1.53

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{3} x^3}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} x \left(2x \left(\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 - x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2}} a^2 - \ln \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2}} \right) \right)}{4a^5 \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2}}} + \frac{x^3}{3a^2}$	130

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] $1/a^2 (1/5*a^2*x^5 + 1/3*x^3) + 1/4/a^5 ((a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*x*(2*x*((a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2*x^2)^(3/2)*a^4 - x*((a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*a^2 - \ln(x + ((a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)))/((a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2) + 1/3*x^3/a^2$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 117, normalized size = 1.38

$$\frac{2 \left(\left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} \right)}{a^4} - \frac{\log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right)}{a^4} + \frac{\log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{a^4}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} x^5 + \frac{2}{3} x^3}{3 a^2} + \frac{a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^2 - 2 a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right) + a^4}{8 a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")

[Out] $1/5*x^5 + 2/3*x^3/a^2 + 1/8*(2*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + \operatorname{sqrt}(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1))/(a^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*a^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + a^4) - \log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/a^4 + \log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/a^4/a$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.35, size = 87, normalized size = 1.02

$$\frac{12 a^5 x^5 + 40 a^3 x^3 + 15 (2 a^4 x^4 + a^2 x^2) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} + 15 \log \left(a x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - a x \right)}{60 a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")

[Out] $\frac{1}{60} \left(12a^5x^5 + 40a^3x^3 + 15(2a^4x^4 + a^2x^2)\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{15\log(a*x)\sqrt{(a^2x^2 + 1)/(a^2x^2 - a*x)}}{a^5}$

Sympy [A]

time = 3.33, size = 82, normalized size = 0.96

$$\frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^5}{2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}} + \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{3x^3}{4a^2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}} + \frac{x}{4a^4\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(ax)}{4a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2*x**4,x)`

[Out] $x^{5/5} + x^{5/(2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1})} + \frac{2x^{3/3}}{3a^2} + \frac{3x^{3/4a^2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}}{4a^2} + \frac{x/(4a^{4/4a^4\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}})}{4a^5} - \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(a*x)/(4a^{5/4})}{4a^5}$

Giac [A]

time = 0.42, size = 80, normalized size = 0.94

$$\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1} x \left(\frac{2x^2|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^3} + \frac{|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^5} \right) + \frac{3a^2x^5 + 10x^3}{15a^2} + \frac{\log(-x|a| + \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{4a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}x^2(2x^2\operatorname{abs}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^3 + \operatorname{abs}(a)\operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^5) + \frac{1}{15}(3a^2x^5 + 10x^3)/a^2 + \frac{1}{4}\log(-x\operatorname{abs}(a) + \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1})\operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^5$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.17, size = 73, normalized size = 0.86

$$\frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{2x^3}{3a^2} + \frac{x^4\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{2a} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{4a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} 1i\right) 1i}{4a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^4*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2,x)`

[Out] $(\operatorname{atan}((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)*1i)*1i)/(4a^5) + x^{5/5} + \frac{(2x^3)/(3a^2) + (x^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(2a) + (x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(4a^3)}{4a^5}$

3.50 $\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^3 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=38

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2})^{3/2} x^3}{3a} + \frac{x^4}{4}$$

[Out] $x^2/a^2 + 2/3*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)*x^3/a + 1/4*x^4$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.15, antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.250, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 270}

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2x^3(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1)^{3/2}}{3a} + \frac{x^4}{4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])}*x^3, x]$

[Out] $x^2/a^2 + (2*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^{3/2}*x^3)/(3*a) + x^4/4$

Rule 270

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.))*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^3 dx &= \int \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^2 x^3 dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{a} + x^3 \right) dx \\
&= \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2 dx}{a} \\
&= \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2})^{3/2} x^3}{3a} + \frac{x^4}{4}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 44, normalized size = 1.16

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} (x + a^2 x^3)}{3a^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])*x^3,x]`[Out] $x^2/a^2 + x^4/4 + (2* \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*(x + a^2*x^3))/(3*a^3)$ **Maple [A]**

time = 0.12, size = 59, normalized size = 1.55

method	result	size
default	$\frac{(a^2 x^2 + 1)^2}{4a^4} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} x(a^2 x^2 + 1)}{3a^3} + \frac{x^2}{2a^2}$	59
trager	$\frac{(a^2 x^3 + a^2 x^2 + a^2 x + a^2 + 4x + 4)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{2(a^2 x^2 + 1)x \sqrt{-\frac{a^2 x^2 - 1}{a^2 x^2}}}{3a}$	73

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] $1/4/a^4*(a^2*x^2+1)^2+2/3/a^3*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(a^2*x^2+1)+1/2*x^2/a^2$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 32, normalized size = 0.84

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{2x^3\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a} + \frac{x^2}{a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $1/4*x^4 + 2/3*x^3*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2)/a + x^2/a^2$ **Fricas [A]**

time = 0.33, size = 49, normalized size = 1.29

$$\frac{3a^3x^4 + 12ax^2 + 8(a^2x^3 + x)\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}}}{12a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`[Out] $1/12*(3*a^3*x^4 + 12*a*x^2 + 8*(a^2*x^3 + x)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)))/a^3$ **Sympy [A]**

time = 1.73, size = 51, normalized size = 1.34

$$\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{3a^2} + \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{3a^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2*x**3,x)`[Out] $x^{**4}/4 + 2*x^{**2}*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**2) + x^{**2}/a^{**2} + 2*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*a**4)$ **Giac [B]** Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs. $2(32) = 64$.

time = 0.43, size = 66, normalized size = 1.74

$$\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{2a^4} - \frac{2|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3a^5} + \frac{8(a^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3(a^2x^2 + 1)^2a^3}{12a^7}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] $1/2*(a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^4 - 2/3*abs(a)*sgn(x)/a^5 + 1/12*(8*(a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a^2*abs(a)*sgn(x) + 3*(a^2*x^2 + 1)^2*a^3)/a^7$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.14, size = 40, normalized size = 1.05

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} \left(\frac{2x}{3a^3} + \frac{2x^3}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^2}{a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(x^3*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2,x)

[Out] (1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)*((2*x)/(3*a^3) + (2*x^3)/(3*a)) + x^4/4 + x^2/a^2

3.51 $\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^2 dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=52

$$\frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{a} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}\right)}{a^3}$$

[Out] $2*x/a^2 + 1/3*x^3 + \operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/a^3 + x^2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.15, antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 272, 43, 65, 214}

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{a} + \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{a^3} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x] * x^2, x]$

[Out] $(2*x)/a^2 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x^2)/a + x^3/3 + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]]/a^3$

Rule 43

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*(n/(b*(m + 1))), I
nt[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Den
ominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/
Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.))*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 +
1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x^2 dx &= \int \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^2 x^2 dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x}{a} + x^2 \right) dx \\
&= \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x dx}{a} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{a} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right)}{2a^3} \\
&= \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{a} + \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{\text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)}{a} \\
&= \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^2}{a} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{\tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right)}{a^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 57, normalized size = 1.10

$$\frac{ax \left(6 + 3a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x + a^2 x^2 \right) + 3 \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right) x \right)}{3a^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])*x^2, x]

[Out] (a*x*(6 + 3*a*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x + a^2*x^2) + 3*Log[(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])*x])/(3*a^3)

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

time = 0.04, size = 98, normalized size = 1.88

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}a^2x^3+x}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} x \left(x \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 + \ln\left(x + \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}}\right)\right)}{a^3 \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}}} + \frac{x}{a^2}$	98

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{a^2}x^2*(\frac{1}{3}a^2x^3+x)+\frac{1}{a^3}*((a^2x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(x*((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2+\ln(x*((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)))/((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)+x/a^2$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 89, normalized size = 1.71

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{\frac{2}{a^2}\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{a^2} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}+1\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}-1\right)}{a^2}}{2a} + \frac{2x}{a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{2}*(2*\sqrt{1/(a^2x^2) + 1}/(a^2*(1/(a^2x^2) + 1) - a^2) + \log(\sqrt{1/(a^2x^2) + 1} + 1)/a^2 - \log(\sqrt{1/(a^2x^2) + 1} - 1)/a^2)/a + 2*x/a^2$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.34, size = 72, normalized size = 1.38

$$\frac{a^3x^3 + 3a^2x^2\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} + 6ax - 3\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} - ax\right)}{3a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{3}*(a^3x^3 + 3a^2x^2*\sqrt{(a^2x^2+1)/(a^2x^2)}) + 6*a*x - 3*log(a*x)*\sqrt{(a^2x^2+1)/(a^2x^2)} - a*x)/a^3$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.03, size = 36, normalized size = 0.69

$$\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}(ax)}{a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2*x**2,x)`[Out] `x**3/3 + x*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1)/a**2 + 2*x/a**2 + asinh(a*x)/a**3`**Giac [A]**

time = 0.42, size = 62, normalized size = 1.19

$$\frac{\sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1} x|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^3} + \frac{a^2x^3 + 6x}{3a^2} - \frac{\log\left(-x|a| + \sqrt{a^2x^2 + 1}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*abs(a)*operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^3 + 1/3*(a^2*x^3 + 6*x)/a^2 - log(-x*abs(a) + sqrt(a^2*x^2 + 1))*operatorname{sgn}(x)/a^3`**Mupad [B]**

time = 2.13, size = 51, normalized size = 0.98

$$\frac{2x}{a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} 1i\right) 1i}{a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^2*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2,x)`[Out] `(2*x)/a^2 - (atan((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)*1i)*1i)/a^3 + x^3/3 + (x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/a`

3.52 $\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x \, dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=43

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{a} x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2\log(x)}{a^2}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2\operatorname{arccsch}(ax)/a^2 + 2\ln(x)/a^2 + 2x*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.10, antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 248, 283, 221}

$$\frac{2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{a} + \frac{2\log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])}*x, x]$

[Out] $(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x)/a + x^2/2 - (2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])/a^2 + (2*\operatorname{Log}[x])/a^2$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^2], x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a])]/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

Rule 248

$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

Rule 283

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_*)*(x_))^{(m_*)}*((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)}*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - \operatorname{Dist}[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))), \operatorname{Int}[(c*x)^{(m + n)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&& !\operatorname{ILtQ}[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] \&& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

Rule 6473

$\operatorname{Int}[E^{(\operatorname{ArcCsch}[u_]*n_)*x_}^{(m_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] :> \operatorname{Int}[x^m*(1/u + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[m, x] \&& \operatorname{IntegerQ}[n]$

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} x \, dx &= \int \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^2 x \, dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{a} + \frac{2}{a^2 x} + x \right) \, dx \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{2 \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \, dx}{a} \\
&\quad 2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}}{x^2} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
&= \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{2 \log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} \, dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{a^3} \\
&= \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x}{a} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{2 \log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2 \log(x)}{a^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 44, normalized size = 1.02

$$\frac{ax \left(4\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + ax \right) - 4 \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{ax} \right) + 4 \log(x)}{2a^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])*x,x]`

[Out] $(a*x*(4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)] + a*x) - 4*ArcSinh[1/(a*x)] + 4*Log[x])/(2*a^2)$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

time = 0.04, size = 129, normalized size = 3.00

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} x \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 - \ln \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2 + 2}{a^2x} \right) \right)}{a^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}}} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2}$	129

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $1/a^2*(1/2*a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*a^2 - \ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*(a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)*a^2 + 1)/x/a^2)/(1/a^2)^(1/2)/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2) + \ln(x)/a^2$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 75, normalized size = 1.74

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} - \frac{\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}\right) + 1}{a} + \frac{\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}\right) - 1}{a}}{a} + \frac{2\log(x)}{a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $1/2*x^2 + (2*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)/a + log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1)/a)/a + 2*log(x)/a^2$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. $2(39) = 78$.

time = 0.36, size = 99, normalized size = 2.30

$$\frac{a^2x^2 + 4ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}} - 4\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}} - ax + 1\right) + 4\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2 + 1}{a^2x^2}} - ax - 1\right) + 4\log(x)}{2a^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{a^2 x^2 + 4 a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)} - 4 \log(a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)}) - a^2 x - 1 + 4 \log(x)}{a^2}$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.30, size = 63, normalized size = 1.47

$$\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} + \frac{2\log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{2\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{2}{a^3x\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2*x,x)`

[Out] $x^{2/2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{1+1/(a^2x^{**2})}} + \frac{2\log(x)/a^{**2} - 2\operatorname{asinh}(1/(a*x))/a^{**2} + 2/(a^{**3}x\sqrt{1+1/(a^2x^{**2})})}{a^{**2}}$

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(39) = 78$.
time = 0.40, size = 82, normalized size = 1.91

$$\frac{4\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)+(a^2x^2+1)a-2(|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-a)\log\left(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}+1\right)+2(|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)+a)\log\left(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}-1\right)}{2a^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{4\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} \cdot \operatorname{abs}(a) \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(x) + (a^2x^2+1) \cdot a - 2(\operatorname{abs}(a) \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a) \cdot \log(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} + 1) + 2(\operatorname{abs}(a) \cdot \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a) \cdot \log(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1} - 1)}{a^3}$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.20, size = 52, normalized size = 1.21

$$\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{2\ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{a} - \frac{2\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}{x}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x*((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2,x)`

[Out] $x^{2/2} - \frac{(2\log(1/x))/a^2 + (2x*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/a - (2\operatorname{asinh}(1/a^{(1/2)}/x))/(a^3*(1/a^2)^(1/2))}{a^2}$

3.53 $\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=47

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2x} + x + \frac{2\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}\right)}{a}$$

[Out] $-2/a^2/x+x+2*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/a-2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {6468, 6874, 272, 52, 65, 214}

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{a} + \frac{2\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}\right)}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2x} + x$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])}, x]$

[Out] $(-2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])/a - 2/(a^2*x) + x + (2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]])/a$

Rule 52

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Dist[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x]; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6468

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Int[(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /
; IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)} dx &= \int \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^2 dx \\
&= \int \left(1 + \frac{2}{a^2x^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{ax} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{2}{a^2x} + x + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{x} dx}{a} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2}{a^2x} + x - \frac{2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{a} \\
&\quad \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2x} + x - (2a) \text{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{-a^2 + a^2x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}} \right) \\
&= -\frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2x} + x + \frac{2 \tanh^{-1} \left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}} \right)}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 52, normalized size = 1.11

$$-\frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2x} + x + \frac{2 \log \left(a \left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}} \right) x \right)}{a}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x]), x]`[Out] `(-2*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])/a - 2/(a^2*x) + x + (2*Log[a*(1 + Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])]*x)/a`

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs. $2(43) = 86$.

time = 0.04, size = 112, normalized size = 2.38

method	result	size
default	$x - \frac{2}{a^2 x} + \frac{\sqrt[2]{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} \left(-a^2 \left(\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2}} a^2 x^2 + \ln \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2}} \right) x \right)}{a \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2}}}$	112

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $x - 2/a^2/x + 2/a*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)*(-a^2*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)+((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^2+ln(x*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*x))/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 59, normalized size = 1.26

$$x - \frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1 \right) + \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1 \right)}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2 x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $x - (2*\sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - \log(\sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) + \log(\sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/a - 2/(a^2*x)$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.33, size = 73, normalized size = 1.55

$$\frac{a^2 x^2 - 2 a x \log \left(a x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - a x \right) - 2 a x \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - 2 a x - 2}{a^2 x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $(a^2*x^2 - 2*a*x*log(a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - a*x) - 2*a*x*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) - 2*a*x - 2)/(a^2*x)$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.17, size = 49, normalized size = 1.04

$$x - \frac{2 x}{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}} + \frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}(a x)}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2 x} - \frac{2}{a^2 x \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2,x)
[Out] x - 2*x/sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1) + 2*asinh(a*x)/a - 2/(a**2*x) - 2/(a**2*x*sqrt(a**2*x**2 + 1))
```

Giac [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> An error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Warning, integration of abs or sign assumes constant sign by intervals (correct if the argument is real):Check [abs(sa
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.26, size = 47, normalized size = 1.00

$$x - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{a} - \frac{2}{a^2 x} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} \operatorname{li}\right) 2i}{a}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2,x)
[Out] x - (atan((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)*1i)*2i)/a - (2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/a - 2/(a^2*x)
```

3.54 $\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=38

$$-\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax} - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax) + \log(x)$$

[Out] $-1/a^2/x^2 - \operatorname{arccsch}(a*x) + \ln(x) - (1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.14, antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.417, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 342, 201, 221}

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{ax} - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax) + \log(x)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])}/x, x]$

[Out] $-(1/(a^2 x^2)) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)]/(a*x) - \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x] + \operatorname{Log}[x]$

Rule 201

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)), x] + Dist[a*n*(p/(n*p + 1)), Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[2*p] || (EqQ[n, 2] && IntegerQ[4*p]) || (EqQ[n, 2] && IntegerQ[3*p]) || LtQ[Denominator[p + 1/n], Denominator[p]])
```

Rule 221

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]]*(x/Sqrt[a])/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_))*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x} dx &= \int \frac{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^2}{x} dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2}{a^2 x^3} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax^2} + \frac{1}{x} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + \log(x) + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^2} dx}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + \log(x) - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax} + \log(x) - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax} - \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax) + \log(x)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 39, normalized size = 1.03

$$-\frac{1 + a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x}{a^2 x^2} - \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right) + \log(x)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x,x]`

[Out] `-((1 + a*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x)/(a^2*x^2)) - ArcSinh[1/(a*x)] + Log[x]`

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

time = 0.04, size = 164, normalized size = 4.32

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{2x^2} + a^2 \ln(x)}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} \left(a^2 \left(\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2x^2 + \ln \left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2x^2 \right) x^2 \right)}{ax \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}}} -$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\frac{1}{a^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(-1/2/x^2 + a^2 \ln(x)) - 1/a * ((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/x * (a^2*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2) - (1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^2 + \ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^2+1)/x/a^2)*x^2/(1/a^2)^(1/2))/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2) - 1/2/a^2/x^2}{a^2}$$

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 93 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

time = 0.26, size = 93, normalized size = 2.45

$$\frac{\frac{2a^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{a^2x^2(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1)-1} + a\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1} + 1\right) - a\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1} - 1\right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{a^2x^2} + \log(x)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$\frac{-1/2*(2*a^2*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)/(a^2*x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) + a*log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - a*log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1))/a - 1/(a^2*x^2) + log(x)}$$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

time = 0.35, size = 112, normalized size = 2.95

$$\frac{a^2x^2 \log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} - ax + 1\right) - a^2x^2 \log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} - ax - 1\right) - a^2x^2 \log(x) + ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} + 1}{a^2x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-(a^2 x^2 \log(a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)}) - a x + 1) - a^2 x^2 \log(a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)}) - a x - 1) - a^2 x^2 \log(x) + a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)} + 1)/(a^2 x^2)$

Sympy [A]

time = 2.44, size = 34, normalized size = 0.89

$$\log(x) - \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax} - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2/x,x)`

[Out] $\log(x) - \operatorname{asinh}(1/(a x)) - \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2 x^2)}/(a x) - 1/(a^2 x^2)$

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 118 vs. $2(36) = 72$.

time = 0.42, size = 118, normalized size = 3.11

$$\frac{(a^4 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^5) \log\left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1\right) - (a^4 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^5) \log\left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1\right) + \frac{2 \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^4 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^5\right)}{\left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1\right) \left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1\right)}}{2 a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $-1/2 * ((a^4 \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^5) \log(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) - (a^4 \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^5) \log(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1) + 2 * (\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} * a^4 \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + a^5) / ((\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) * (\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1))) / a^5$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.25, size = 44, normalized size = 1.16

$$-\ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a x}\right) - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{a x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2/x,x)`

[Out] $-\log(1/x) - \operatorname{asinh}(1/(a x)) - 1/(a^2 x^2) - (1/(a^2 x^2) + 1)^{(1/2)}/(a x)$

3.55 $\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=34

$$-\frac{2}{3}a\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{3a^2x^3} - \frac{1}{x}$$

[Out] $-2/3*a*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)-2/3/a^2/x^3-1/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.13, antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.250, Rules used = {6473, 6847, 2142}

$$-\frac{1}{6}a\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^3 - \frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1} - \frac{1}{2x}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a x]/x^2, x]$

[Out] $\frac{-1/2*(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]) - (a*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)] + 1/(a*x))^3)/6 - 1/(2*x)}$

Rule 2142

```
Int[((g_.) + (h_.)*(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_) + (f_.)*Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2])^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(2*e), Subst[Int[(g + h*x^n)^p*((d^2 + a*f^2 - 2*d*x + x^2)/(d - x)^2), x], x, d + e*x + f*Sqrt[a + c*x^2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e, f, g, h, n}, x] && EqQ[e^2 - c*f^2, 0] && IntegerQ[p]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.))*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6847

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(m + 1), Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m + 1), u, x], x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && FunctionQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^2} dx &= \int \frac{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^2}{x^2} dx \\
&= -\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{x}{a} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}\right)^2 dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) \\
&= -\left(\frac{1}{2}a\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int (1+x^2) dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)\right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2}a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{6}a\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^3 - \frac{1}{2x}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 46, normalized size = 1.35

$$-\frac{2 + 3a^2x^2 + 2a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}x(1 + a^2x^2)}{3a^2x^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x^2,x]`[Out] `-1/3*(2 + 3*a^2*x^2 + 2*a*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x*(1 + a^2*x^2))/(a^2*x^3)`**Maple [B]** Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 62 vs.
 $\overline{2(28)} = 56$.

time = 0.04, size = 63, normalized size = 1.85

method	result	size
trager	$\frac{-\frac{3a^2x^2+2}{3x^3}-\frac{2a(a^2x^2+1)}{a^2}\sqrt{-\frac{a^2x^2-1}{a^2x^2}}}{3x^2}$	56
default	$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{x}-\frac{1}{3x^3}}{a^2}-\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}(a^2x^2+1)}{3ax^2}-\frac{1}{3a^2x^3}$	63

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`[Out] `1/a^2*(-a^2/x-1/3/x^3)-2/3/a*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2*(a^2*x^2+1)-1/3/a^2/x^3`

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 28, normalized size = 0.82

$$-\frac{2}{3} a \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1 \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{3 a^2 x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-2/3*a*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{(3/2)} - 1/x - 2/3/(a^2*x^3)$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(28) = 56.

time = 0.37, size = 57, normalized size = 1.68

$$-\frac{2 a^3 x^3 + 3 a^2 x^2 + 2 (a^3 x^3 + a x) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} + 2}{3 a^2 x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $-1/3*(2*a^3*x^3 + 3*a^2*x^2 + 2*(a^3*x^3 + a*x)*sqrt((a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^2*x^2)) + 2)/(a^2*x^3)$

Sympy [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2/x**2,x)`

[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(28) = 56.
time = 0.43, size = 75, normalized size = 2.21

$$\frac{4 \left(3 \left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^4 \operatorname{asgn}(x) + \operatorname{asgn}(x) \right)}{3 \left(\left(x|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^2 - 1 \right)^3} - \frac{3 a^2 x^2 + 2}{3 a^2 x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{4/3 * (3 * (x * \text{abs}(a) - \sqrt{a^2 * x^2 + 1})^{4 * a * \text{sgn}(x) + a * \text{sgn}(x)}) / ((x * \text{abs}(a) - \sqrt{a^2 * x^2 + 1})^2 - 1)^3 - 1/3 * (3 * a^2 * x^2 + 2) / (a^2 * x^3)}$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.21, size = 51, normalized size = 1.50

$$-\frac{\frac{2}{3} \frac{x}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3 a}}{x^3} - \frac{\frac{2 a x}{3} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{x} + 1$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\text{int}(((1/(a^2 * x^2) + 1)^{(1/2)} + 1/(a * x))^2 / x^2, x)$

[Out] $-\frac{(2/(3*a^2) + (2*x*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(3*a))/x^3 - ((2*a*x*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/3 + 1)/x}{x}$

3.56 $\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=73

$$-\frac{1}{2a^2x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{2ax^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}a^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)$$

[Out] $-1/2/a^2/x^4 - 1/2/x^2 + 1/4*a^2*\operatorname{arccsch}(a*x) - 1/2*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a/x^3 - 1/4*a*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.15, antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 342, 285, 327, 221}

$$-\frac{1}{2a^2x^4} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{4x} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{2ax^3} + \frac{1}{4}a^2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax) - \frac{1}{2x^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])}/x^3, x]$

[Out] $-1/2*1/(a^2*x^4) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]/(2*a*x^3) - 1/(2*x^2) - (a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])/(4*x) + (a^2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])/4$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_) + (b_..)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a])/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]]$

Rule 285

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_..)*(x_))^{(m_..)*((a_) + (b_..)*(x_)^{(n_..)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x} + \operatorname{Dist}[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)), \operatorname{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^{(p - 1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[p, 0] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0] \&& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]]$

Rule 327

$\operatorname{Int}[((c_..)*(x_))^{(m_..)*((a_) + (b_..)*(x_)^{(n_..)})^{(p_)}, x_Symbol] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[c^{(n - 1)*(c*x)^{(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1)))}, x}] - \operatorname{Dist}[a*c^{n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1)))}, \operatorname{Int}[(c*x)^{(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[m, n - 1] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[m + n*p + 1, 0] \&& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]]$

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a +
b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.))*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 +
1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^3} dx &= \int \frac{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^2}{x^3} dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2}{a^2 x^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax^4} + \frac{1}{x^3} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^4} - \frac{1}{2x^2} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^4} dx}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^4} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{2ax^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{2a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{2ax^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}a \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{2ax^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{4x} + \frac{1}{4}a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 73, normalized size = 1.00

$$-\frac{1}{2a^2 x^4} - \frac{1}{2x^2} + \left(-\frac{1}{2ax^3} - \frac{a}{4x} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1 + a^2 x^2}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}a^2 \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{ax} \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x^3, x]

[Out]
$$-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{a^2 x^4} - \frac{1}{2x^2} + \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{a x^3} - \frac{a}{4x} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1 + a^2 x^2}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{4}a^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{ax} \right)$$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

time = 0.04, size = 189, normalized size = 2.59

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{a^2}{2x^2}}{a^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} \left(\left(\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} a^2x^2 - \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} a^2x^4 + \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^2x^2}{4x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}\right) x^4 - 2\left(\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2x^2}{4x^3 \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/a^2*(-1/4/x^4-1/2*a^2/x^2)+1/4*a*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^3(((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^2-((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^4+ln(2*((1/a^2)^(1/2)*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)*a^2*x^2+1)/x/a^2)*x^4-2*((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(3/2)*(1/a^2)^(1/2))/((a^2*x^2+1)/a^2)^(1/2)/(1/a^2)^(1/2)-1/4/a^2/x^4
```

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

time = 0.27, size = 139, normalized size = 1.90

$$\frac{a^3 \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} + 1\right) - a^3 \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1} - 1\right) - \frac{2 \left(a^6 x^3 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{a^4 x^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right)^2 - 2 a^2 x^2 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1\right) + 1} - \frac{1}{2 x^2} - \frac{1}{2 a^2 x^4}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/8*(a^3*log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1) - a^3*log(a*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) - 1) - 2*(a^6*x^3*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(3/2) + a^4*x*sqrt(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)) / (a^4*x^4*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^2 - 2*a^2*x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1) + 1)) / a - 1/2/x^2 - 1/2/(a^2*x^4)
```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. $2(59) = 118$.

time = 0.41, size = 121, normalized size = 1.66

$$\frac{a^4 x^4 \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - ax + 1\right) - a^4 x^4 \log \left(ax \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - ax - 1\right) - 2 a^2 x^2 - (a^3 x^3 + 2 a x) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - 2}{4 a^2 x^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{a^4 x^4 \log(a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)}) - a x + 1 - a^4 x^4 \log(a x \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)}) - a x - 1 - 2 a^2 x^2 - (a^3 x^3 + 2 a x) \sqrt{(a^2 x^2 + 1)/(a^2 x^2)} - 2}{(a^2 x^4)}$

Sympy [A]

time = 3.15, size = 92, normalized size = 1.26

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{4} - \frac{a}{4x\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{4ax^3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2a^2x^4} - \frac{1}{2a^3x^5\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2/x**3,x)`
[Out] $a^{*2} \operatorname{asinh}(1/(a x))/4 - a/(4 x \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^{*2} x^{*2})}) - 1/(2 x^{*2}) - 3/(4 a x^{*3} \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^{*2} x^{*2})}) - 1/(2 a^{*2} x^{*4}) - 1/(2 a^{*3} x^{*5} \sqrt{1 + 1/(a^{*2} x^{*2})})$

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 112, normalized size = 1.53

$$\frac{a^6 |a| \log\left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^6 |a| \log\left(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \frac{2 \left((a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^6 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^6 |a| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2 (a^2 x^2 + 1) a^7\right)}{a^4 x^4}}{8 a^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] $\frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{a^6 \operatorname{abs}(a) \log(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^6 \operatorname{abs}(a) \log(\sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} - 1) \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 2 ((a^2 x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)} a^6 \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} a^6 \operatorname{abs}(a) \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2 (a^2 x^2 + 1) a^7) / (a^4 x^4)}{a^5}$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.31, size = 68, normalized size = 0.93

$$\frac{a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}{x}\right)}{4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}} - \frac{1}{2 a^2 x^4} - \frac{a \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{4 x} - \frac{1}{2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{2 a x^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2/x^3,x)`
[Out] $\frac{(a \operatorname{asinh}((1/a^2)^(1/2)/x))/(4*(1/a^2)^(1/2)) - 1/(2 a^2 x^4) - (a*(1/(a^2 x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(4*x) - 1/(2 x^2) - (1/(a^2 x^2) + 1)^(1/2)/(2 a x^3)}{x^3}$

3.57 $\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=58

$$\frac{2}{3}a^3\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{5}a^3\left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{2}{5a^2x^5} - \frac{1}{3x^3}$$

[Out] $2/3*a^3*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(3/2)-2/5*a^3*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(5/2)-2/5/a^2/x^5-1/3/x^3$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.15, antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.333,

Rules used = {6473, 6874, 272, 45}

$$-\frac{2}{5a^2x^5} - \frac{2}{5}a^3\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3}a^3\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3x^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x^4, x]

[Out] $(2*a^3*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^(3/2))/3 - (2*a^3*(1 + 1/(a^2*x^2))^(5/2))/5 - 2/(5*a^2*x^5) - 1/(3*x^3)$

Rule 45

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^m_*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^n_, x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && Le
Q[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^m_*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n_)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_))*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 +
1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]
]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^4} dx &= \int \frac{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^2}{x^4} dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2}{a^2 x^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax^5} + \frac{1}{x^4} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{2}{5a^2 x^5} - \frac{1}{3x^3} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^5} dx}{a} \\
&= -\frac{2}{5a^2 x^5} - \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{2}{5a^2 x^5} - \frac{1}{3x^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \left(-a^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{a^2}} + a^2 (1 + \frac{x}{a^2})^{3/2}\right) dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{a} \\
&= \frac{2}{3} a^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{5} a^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{2}{5a^2 x^5} - \frac{1}{3x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 54, normalized size = 0.93

$$-\frac{6 + 5a^2 x^2 + 2a \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x (3 + a^2 x^2 - 2a^4 x^4)}{15a^2 x^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x^4, x]`[Out] `-1/15*(6 + 5*a^2*x^2 + 2*a*Sqrt[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]*x*(3 + a^2*x^2 - 2*a^4*x^4))/(a^2*x^5)`Maple [A]

time = 0.05, size = 73, normalized size = 1.26

method	result	size
--------	--------	------

trager	$\frac{-\frac{5a^2x^2+6}{15x^5} + \frac{2a(2a^4x^4-a^2x^2-3)}{15x^4}\sqrt{-\frac{a^2x^2-1}{a^2x^2}}}{a^2}$	65
default	$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{3x^3}-\frac{1}{5x^5}}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}(a^2x^2+1)(2a^2x^2-3)}{15ax^4} - \frac{1}{5a^2x^5}$	73

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{a^2}(-\frac{1}{3}a^2x^2-\frac{1}{5}x^5)+\frac{2}{15}a((a^2x^2+1)/a^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^4*(a^2x^2+1)*(2a^2x^2-3)-\frac{1}{5}a^2/x^5$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.26, size = 52, normalized size = 0.90

$$-\frac{2 \left(3 a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}-5 a^4 \left(\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{15 a}-\frac{1}{3 x^3}-\frac{2}{5 a^2 x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $-\frac{2}{15}(3a^4(1/(a^2x^2)+1)^(5/2)-5a^4(1/(a^2x^2)+1)^(3/2))/a-\frac{1}{3}x^3-\frac{2}{5}(a^2x^5)$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.34, size = 67, normalized size = 1.16

$$\frac{4 a^5 x^5 - 5 a^2 x^2 + 2 (2 a^5 x^5 - a^3 x^3 - 3 a x) \sqrt{\frac{a^2 x^2 + 1}{a^2 x^2}} - 6}{15 a^2 x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{15}(4a^5x^5-5a^2x^2+2(2a^5x^5-a^3x^3-3ax)*\sqrt{(a^2x^2+1)/(a^2x^2)}-6)/(a^2x^5)$

Sympy [A]

time = 1.80, size = 76, normalized size = 1.31

$$\frac{4 a^2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 x} - \frac{2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{15 x^3} - \frac{1}{3 x^3} - \frac{2 \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5 a^2 x^5} - \frac{2}{5 a^2 x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2/x**4,x)`

[Out] $\frac{4 \cdot a^{**2} \cdot \sqrt{a^{**2} \cdot x^{**2} + 1}}{(15 \cdot x)} - \frac{2 \cdot \sqrt{a^{**2} \cdot x^{**2} + 1}}{(15 \cdot x^{**3})} - \frac{1}{(3 \cdot x^{**3})} - \frac{2 \cdot \sqrt{a^{**2} \cdot x^{**2} + 1}}{(5 \cdot a^{**2} \cdot x^{**5})} - \frac{2}{(5 \cdot a^{**2} \cdot x^{**5})}$

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

time = 0.44, size = 134, normalized size = 2.31

$$\frac{8 \left(15 \left(|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^6 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5 \left(|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^4 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 5 \left(|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^2 a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x) \right)}{15 \left(\left(|a| - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)^2 - 1 \right)^5} - \frac{5 a^2 x^2 + 6}{15 a^2 x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\frac{8/15 * (15 * (x * \operatorname{abs}(a) - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}))^{6 * a^3 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + 5 * (x * \operatorname{abs}(a) - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}))^{4 * a^3 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + 5 * (x * \operatorname{abs}(a) - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}))^{2 * a^3 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - a^3 * \operatorname{sgn}(x)) / ((x * \operatorname{abs}(a) - \sqrt{a^2 x^2 + 1}))^{2 - 1})^5 - 1/15 * (5 * a^2 * x^2 + 6) / (a^2 * x^5)$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.26, size = 67, normalized size = 1.16

$$\frac{4 a^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{15} - \frac{\frac{2 a x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{15} + \frac{1}{3}}{x^3} - \frac{\frac{2}{5 a^2} + \frac{2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2 x^2} + 1}}{5 a}}{x^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(a*x))^2/x^4,x)`

[Out] $\frac{(4 * a^{**3} * (1 / (a^{**2} * x^{**2}) + 1)^{(1/2)}) / 15 - ((2 * a * x * (1 / (a^{**2} * x^{**2}) + 1)^{(1/2)}) / 15 + 1/3) / x^{**3} - (2 / (5 * a^{**2}) + (2 * x * (1 / (a^{**2} * x^{**2}) + 1)^{(1/2)}) / (5 * a)) / x^{**5}}$

$$3.58 \quad \int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=96

$$-\frac{1}{3a^2x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{3ax^5} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{12x^3} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{8x} - \frac{1}{8}a^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)$$

[Out] $-1/3/a^2/x^6 - 1/4/x^4 - 1/8*a^4*\operatorname{arccsch}(a*x) - 1/3*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/a/x^5 - 1/2*a*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^3 + 1/8*a^3*(1+1/a^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.16, antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6473, 6874, 342, 285, 327, 221}

$$-\frac{1}{8}a^4\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax) - \frac{1}{3a^2x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{3ax^5} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{12x^3} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2} + 1}}{8x} - \frac{1}{4x^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x^5, x]

[Out] $-1/3*1/(a^2*x^6) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)]/(3*a*x^5) - 1/(4*x^4) - (a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])/(12*x^3) + (a^3*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(a^2*x^2)])/(8*x) - (a^4*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a*x])/8$

Rule 221

Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]

Rule 285

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + n*p + 1))), x] + Dist[a*n*(p/(m + n*p + 1)), Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]

Rule 327

Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Dist[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p

```
+ 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6473

```
Int[E^(ArcCsch[u_]*(n_.))*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^m*(1/u + Sqrt[1 + 1/u^2])^n, x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && IntegerQ[n]
```

Rule 6874

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = ExpandIntegrand[u, x]}, Int[v, x] /; SumQ[v]]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)}}{x^5} dx &= \int \frac{\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^2}{x^5} dx \\
&= \int \left(\frac{2}{a^2 x^7} + \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{ax^6} + \frac{1}{x^5} \right) dx \\
&= -\frac{1}{3a^2 x^6} - \frac{1}{4x^4} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{x^6} dx}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{3a^2 x^6} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{2 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{3a^2 x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{3ax^5} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right)}{3a} \\
&= -\frac{1}{3a^2 x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{3ax^5} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{12x^3} + \frac{1}{4}a \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{3a^2 x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{3ax^5} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{12x^3} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{8x} - \frac{1}{8}a^3 \operatorname{Subst} \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{x^2}{a^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x} \right) \\
&= -\frac{1}{3a^2 x^6} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{3ax^5} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{a\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{12x^3} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}{8x} - \frac{1}{8}a^4 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(ax)
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.05, size = 74, normalized size = 0.77

$$\frac{(4+3a^2 x^2) \left(-2-2a \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x+a^3 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x^3\right)}{24 a^2 x^6} - 3a^6 \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^(2*ArcCsch[a*x])/x^5,x]`

[Out] $\frac{((-4 + 3a^2x^2)(-2 - 2a\sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2x^2)}x + a^3\sqrt{1 + 1/(a^2x^2)})x^3 - 3a^6\text{ArcSinh}[1/(a*x)])}{(24a^2)}$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs. 2(78) = 156.

time = 0.06, size = 222, normalized size = 2.31

method	result
default	$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{4x^4} - \frac{1}{6x^6}}{a^2} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}} \left(3\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \left(\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4x^4 - 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} a^4x^6 + 3\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}}}{a^2x}\right) a^2x^6 \right)}{24x^5 \sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $\frac{1}{a^2}(-\frac{1}{4}a^2(-\frac{1}{4}a^2x^4 - \frac{1}{6}x^6) - \frac{1}{24}a^4((a^2x^2+1)/a^2x^2)^{(1/2)}/x^5 + 3(a^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(3/2)}a^4x^4 - 3(a^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(3/2)}a^4x^6 + 3\ln(2((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}a^2x^2/x^2) - a^2x^6 - 6((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(3/2)}((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(3/2)}a^2x^2 + 8((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(3/2)}((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} - ((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)}((a^2x^2+1)/a^2)^{(1/2)} - \frac{1}{6}a^2/x^6)$

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(78) = 156.

time = 0.26, size = 180, normalized size = 1.88

$$\frac{3a^5 \log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}+1\right)-3a^5 \log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}-1\right)-\frac{2\left(3a^{10}x^5\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}-8a^8x^3\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}-3a^6x\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}\right)}{a^6x^6\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1\right)^3-3a^4x^4\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1\right)^2+3a^2x^2\left(\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1\right)-1}-\frac{1}{4x^4}-\frac{1}{3a^2x^6}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{-1/48*(3*a^5*\log(a*x*\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^2)+1})+1) - 3*a^5*\log(a*x*\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^2)+1}) - 2*(3*a^10*x^5*(1/(a^2*x^2)+1)^(5/2) - 8*a^8*x^3*(1/(a^2*x^2)+1)^(3/2) - 3*a^6*x*\sqrt{1/(a^2*x^2)+1})/(a^6*x^6*(1/(a^2*x^2)+1)^3 - 3*a^4*x^4*(1/(a^2*x^2)+1)^2 + 3*a^2*x^2*(1/(a^2*x^2)+1) - 1) - 1/4/x^4 - 1/3/(a^2*x^6)}$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.37, size = 131, normalized size = 1.36

$$\frac{3a^6x^6\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-ax+1\right)-3a^6x^6\log\left(ax\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}-ax-1\right)+6a^2x^2-(3a^5x^5-2a^3x^3-8ax)\sqrt{\frac{a^2x^2+1}{a^2x^2}}+8}{24a^2x^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out]
$$\frac{-1}{24} \left(3a^6x^6 \log(a*x\sqrt{(a^2x^2+1)/(a^2x^2)}) - a*x + 1 \right) - 3a^6x^5 \log(a*x\sqrt{(a^2x^2+1)/(a^2x^2)}) - a*x - 1 + 6a^2x^2 - (3a^5x^5 - 2a^3x^3 - 8a*x)*\sqrt{(a^2x^2+1)/(a^2x^2)} + 8/(a^2x^6)$$

Sympy [A]

time = 6.17, size = 114, normalized size = 1.19

$$-\frac{a^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{8} + \frac{a^3}{8x\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} + \frac{a}{24x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{5}{12ax^5\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^6} - \frac{1}{3a^3x^7\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a**2/x**2)**(1/2))**2/x**5,x)`
[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -a^{*4} \operatorname{asinh}(1/(a*x))/8 + a^{*3}/(8*x\sqrt{1+1/(a^{*2}*x^{*2})}) + a/(24*x^{*3}*sqrt(1+1/(a^{*2}*x^{*2}))) \\ & - 1/(4*x^{*4}) - 5/(12*a*x^{*5}*sqrt(1+1/(a^{*2}*x^{*2}))) \\ & - 1/(3*a^{*2}*x^{*6}) - 1/(3*a^{*3}*x^{*7}*sqrt(1+1/(a^{*2}*x^{*2}))) \end{aligned}$$

Giac [A]

time = 0.43, size = 140, normalized size = 1.46

$$\frac{3a^8|a|\log\left(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}+1\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)-3a^8|a|\log\left(\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}-1\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)-\frac{2\left(3(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^8|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-8(a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^8|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-3\sqrt{a^2x^2+1}a^8|a|\operatorname{sgn}(x)-6(a^2x^2+1)a^9-2a^9\right)}{48a^5}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/a/x+(1+1/a^2/x^2)^(1/2))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/48*(3*a^8*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^2+1)+1)*sgn(x)-3*a^8*abs(a)*log(sqrt(a^2*x^2+1)-1)*sgn(x)-2*(3*(a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)*a^8*abs(a)*sgn(x)-8*(a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)*a^8*abs(a)*sgn(x)-3*sqrt(a^2*x^2+1)*a^8*abs(a)*sgn(x)-6*(a^2*x^2+1)*a^9-2*a^9)/(a^6*x^6))/a^5 \end{aligned}$$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.37, size = 89, normalized size = 0.93

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{8x} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^6} - \frac{a\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{12x^3} - \frac{1}{4x^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2x^2}+1}}{3ax^5} - \frac{a^3\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}}{x}\right)}{8\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\int (((1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{1/2} + 1/(a*x))^2/x^5, x)$

[Out] $(a^3*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{1/2})/(8*x) - 1/(3*a^2*x^6) - (a*(1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{1/2})/(12*x^3) - 1/(4*x^4) - (1/(a^2*x^2) + 1)^{1/2}/(3*a*x^5) - (a^3*asin(h((1/a^2)^{1/2}/x)))/(8*(1/a^2)^{1/2})$

$$\mathbf{3.59} \quad \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} (dx)^m}{1+c^2x^2} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=85

$$-\frac{d(dx)^{-1+m} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}; \frac{3-m}{2}; -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)}{c^2(1-m)} + \frac{(dx)^m {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{m}{2}; \frac{2+m}{2}; -c^2x^2\right)}{cm}$$

[Out] $-d*(d*x)^{(-1+m)}*\text{hypergeom}([1/2, 1/2-1/2*m], [3/2-1/2*m], -1/c^2/x^2)/c^2/(1-m) + (d*x)^m*\text{hypergeom}([1, 1/2*m], [1+1/2*m], -c^2*x^2)/c/m$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 23, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.130, Rules used = {6477, 346, 371}

$$\frac{(dx)^m {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{m}{2}; \frac{m+2}{2}; -c^2x^2\right)}{cm} - \frac{d(dx)^{m-1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}; \frac{3-m}{2}; -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)}{c^2(1-m)}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Int[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*(d*x)^m)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]

[Out] $-((d*(d*x)^{(-1 + m)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1 - m)/2, (3 - m)/2, -(1/(c^2*x^2))])/(c^2*(1 - m))) + ((d*x)^m*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, m/2, (2 + m)/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/(c*m)$

Rule 346

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^m*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Dist[(-c^(-1))*(c*x)^(m + 1)*(1/x)^(m + 1), Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !RationalQ[m]
```

Rule 371

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^m*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*((d_)*(x_)^m))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}(dx)^m}{1+c^2x^2} dx &= \frac{d \int \frac{(dx)^{-1+m}}{1+c^2x^2} dx}{c} + \frac{d^2 \int \frac{(dx)^{-2+m}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{c^2} \\
 &= \frac{(dx)^m {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{m}{2}; \frac{2+m}{2}; -c^2x^2\right)}{cm} - \frac{\left(d\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-1+m} (dx)^{-1+m}\right) \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^{-m}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{c^2} \\
 &= -\frac{d(dx)^{-1+m} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-m}{2}; \frac{3-m}{2}; -\frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)}{c^2(1-m)} + \frac{(dx)^m {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{m}{2}; \frac{2+m}{2}; -c^2x^2\right)}{cm}
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.18, size = 88, normalized size = 1.04

$$\frac{(dx)^m \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{2}; 1+\frac{m}{2}; -c^2x^2\right)}{\sqrt{1+c^2x^2}} + \frac{{}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{m}{2}; 1+\frac{m}{2}; -c^2x^2\right)}{c} \right)}{m}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*(d*x)^m)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]`

[Out] `((d*x)^m*((Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/2, 1 + m/2, -(c^2*x^2)])/Sqrt[1 + c^2*x^2] + Hypergeometric2F1[1, m/2, 1 + m/2, -(c^2*x^2)]/c))/m`

Maple [F]

time = 0.16, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\left(\frac{1}{cx} + \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\right) (dx)^m}{c^2x^2 + 1} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*(d*x)^m/(c^2*x^2+1), x)`

[Out] `int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*(d*x)^m/(c^2*x^2+1), x)`

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*(d*x)^m/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] `integrate((d*x)^m*(sqrt(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1) + 1/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 + 1), x)`

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*(d*x)^m/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] `integral(((d*x)^m*c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + (d*x)^m)/(c^3*x^3 + c*x), x)`

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{(dx)^m}{c^2x^3+x} dx + \int \frac{cx(dx)^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2x^3+x} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))*(d*x)**m/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`

[Out] `(Integral((d*x)**m/(c**2*x**3 + x), x) + Integral(c*x*(d*x)**m*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))/(c**2*x**3 + x), x))/c`

Giac [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*(d*x)^m/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> An error occurred running a Giac command:INP
 UT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);;OUTPUT:Warning, integration of abs or sign a
 ssumes constant sign by intervals (correct if the argument is real):Check [
 abs(sa

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.01

$$\int \frac{\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{1}{c x} \right) (d x)^m}{c^2 x^2 + 1} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x))*(d*x)^m)/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)
 [Out] int(((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x))*(d*x)^m)/(c^2*x^2 + 1), x)

3.60 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x^5}{1+c^2 x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=92

$$-\frac{x}{c^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{8c^4} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4}{4c^2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^6} + \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{8c^6}$$

[Out] $-\frac{x}{c^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{8c^4} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4}{4c^2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^6} + \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{8c^6}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.333, Rules used = {6477, 272, 44, 65, 214, 308, 209}

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^6} - \frac{x}{c^5} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{4c^2} + \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{8c^6} - \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{8c^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]}*x^5)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]$

[Out] $-\frac{(x/c^5) - (3\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)}*x^2)/(8*c^4) + x^3/(3*c^3) + (\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)}*x^4)/(4*c^2) + \operatorname{ArcTan}[c*x]/c^6 + (3*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)}])/(8*c^6)}$

Rule 44

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simpl[
  (a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x]
  /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
  {p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 308

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Int[PolynomialDivide[x^m, a + b*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, 2*n - 1]
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*((d_)*(x_)^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol) :> Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x^5}{1 + c^2 x^2} dx &= -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{x^4}{1+c^2x^2} dx}{c} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{\int \left(-\frac{1}{c^4} + \frac{x^2}{c^2} + \frac{1}{c^4(1+c^2x^2)}\right) dx}{c} \\
&= -\frac{x}{c^5} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4}{4c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{1+c^2x^2} dx}{c^5} + \frac{3\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{8c^4} \\
&= -\frac{x}{c^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{8c^4} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4}{4c^2} + \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^6} - \frac{3\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{16c^6} \\
&= -\frac{x}{c^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{8c^4} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4}{4c^2} + \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^6} - \frac{3\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-c^2 + c^2 x^2} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{8c^4} \\
&= -\frac{x}{c^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{8c^4} + \frac{x^3}{3c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^4}{4c^2} + \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^6} + \frac{3 \tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{8c^6}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.14, size = 85, normalized size = 0.92

$$\frac{cx \left(-24 - 9c\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x + 8c^2 x^2 + 6c^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3 \right) + 24 \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx) + 9 \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} \right) x \right)}{24c^6}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*x^5)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]`[Out] `(c*x*(-24 - 9*c*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + 8*c^2*x^2 + 6*c^3*sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^3) + 24*ArcTan[c*x] + 9*Log[(1 + sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)])*x])/(24*c^6)`

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

time = 0.84, size = 172, normalized size = 1.87

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x \left(2x \left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^4 - 5x \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2 - 5 \ln \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} \right) + 8 \ln \left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}} \right) \right)}{8 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^6}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^5/(c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/8*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(2*x*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(3/2)*c^4-5*x*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2-5*ln(x+((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2))+8*ln(x+(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2)))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)/c^6+1/c*(1/c^4*(1/3*c^2*x^3-x)+1/c^5*arctan(c*x))
```

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 162 vs. $2(78) = 156$.

time = 0.46, size = 162, normalized size = 1.76

$$\frac{\frac{2 \left(\frac{5 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{x^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{c^3} \right)}{\frac{2 (c^2x^2+1)}{c^2x^2} - \frac{(c^2x^2+1)^2}{c^4x^4} - 1} - 3 \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{x^2}} + 1 \right) + 3 \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{x^2}} - 1 \right) + \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^6}}{16 c^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^5/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/3*(c^2*x^3 - 3*x)/c^5 - 1/16*(2*(5*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c - 3*((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)^(3/2)/c^3)/(2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2) - (c^2*x^2 + 1)^2/(c^4*x^4) - 1) - 3*log(sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c + 1) + 3*log(sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c - 1))/c^6 + arctan(c*x)/c^6
```

Fricas [A]

time = 0.35, size = 90, normalized size = 0.98

$$\frac{8 c^3 x^3 - 24 c x + 3 (2 c^4 x^4 - 3 c^2 x^2) \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + 24 \arctan(cx) - 9 \log \left(c x \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - c x \right)}{24 c^6}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^5/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/24*(8*c^3*x^3 - 24*c*x + 3*(2*c^4*x^4 - 3*c^2*x^2)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 24*arctan(c*x) - 9*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x))/c^6
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^4}{c^2x^2+1} dx + \int \frac{cx^5 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2x^2+1} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**5/(c**2*x**2+1),x)
[Out] (Integral(x**4/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(c*x**5*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/c
```

Giac [A]

time = 0.40, size = 89, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} x \left(\frac{2x^2|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^4} - \frac{3|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^6} \right) - \frac{3 \log \left(-x|c| + \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{8c^6} + \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^6} + \frac{c^6x^3 - 3c^4x}{3c^9}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^5/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] 1/8*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x*(2*x^2*abs(c)*sgn(x)/c^4 - 3*abs(c)*sgn(x)/c^6) - 3/8*log(-x*abs(c) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*sgn(x)/c^6 + arctan(c*x)/c^6 + 1/3*(c^6*x^3 - 3*c^4*x)/c^9
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.43, size = 79, normalized size = 0.86

$$\frac{3 \operatorname{atanh} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} \right)}{8c^6} + \frac{3 \operatorname{atan}(cx) - 3cx + c^3x^3}{3c^6} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{4c^2} - \frac{3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{8c^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((x^5*((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x)))/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)
[Out] (3*atanh((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)))/(8*c^6) + (3*atan(c*x) - 3*c*x + c^3*x^3)/(3*c^6) + (x^4*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(4*c^2) - (3*x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(8*c^4)
```

3.61 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x^4}{1+c^2 x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=72

$$-\frac{2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{3 c^4} + \frac{x^2}{2 c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3}{3 c^2} - \frac{\log (1+c^2 x^2)}{2 c^5}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} x^2/c^3 - \frac{1}{2} \ln(c^2 x^2 + 1)/c^5 - \frac{2}{3} x (1 + 1/c^2 x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^4 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 (1 + 1/c^2 x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.238, Rules used = {6477, 277, 197, 272, 45}

$$\frac{x^2}{2 c^3} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3 c^2} - \frac{\log (c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2 c^5} - \frac{2 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{3 c^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]}*x^4)/(1 + c^2 x^2), x]$

[Out] $(-2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2 x^2)]*x)/(3*c^4) + x^2/(2*c^3) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2 x^2)]*x^3)/(3*c^2) - \operatorname{Log}[1 + c^2 x^2]/(2*c^5)$

Rule 45

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 197

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1))/a, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 277

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_ .)*(x_)]*((d_ .)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x^4}{1+c^2 x^2} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{x^3}{1+c^2 x^2} dx}{c} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3}{3 c^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{3 c^4} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x}{1+c^2 x} dx, x, x^2\right)}{2 c} \\ &= -\frac{2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{3 c^4} + \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3}{3 c^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{c^2}-\frac{1}{c^2(1+c^2 x)}\right) dx, x, x^2\right)}{2 c} \\ &= -\frac{2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{3 c^4} + \frac{x^2}{2 c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^3}{3 c^2} - \frac{\log (1+c^2 x^2)}{2 c^5} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.08, size = 64, normalized size = 0.89

$$\frac{c x \left(-4 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}+3 c x+2 c^2 \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2\right)-3 \log (1+c^2 x^2)}{6 c^5}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*x^4)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]`

[Out] `(c*x*(-4*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] + 3*c*x + 2*c^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2) - 3*Log[1 + c^2*x^2])/(6*c^5)`

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. $2(60) = 120$.

time = 0.83, size = 125, normalized size = 1.74

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x \left(\left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2 - 3 \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}} \right)}{3c^4 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}}} + \frac{\frac{x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\ln(c^2x^2+1)}{2c^4}}{c}$	125

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4/(c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] 1/3*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^4*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(3/2)*c^2-3*(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)+1/c*(1/2*x^2/c^2-1/2*c^4*ln(c^2*x^2+1))
```

Maxima [A]

time = 0.28, size = 49, normalized size = 0.68

$$\frac{x^2}{2c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}(c^2x^2-2)}{3c^5} - \frac{\log(c^2x^2+1)}{2c^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*x^2/c^3 + 1/3*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*(c^2*x^2 - 2)/c^5 - 1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^5
```

Fricas [A]

time = 0.41, size = 58, normalized size = 0.81

$$\frac{3c^2x^2 + 2(c^3x^3 - 2cx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - 3\log(c^2x^2+1)}{6c^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/6*(3*c^2*x^2 + 2*(c^3*x^3 - 2*c*x)*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 3*log(c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^5
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^3}{c^2x^2+1} dx + \int \frac{cx^4\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2x^2+1} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**4/(c**2*x**2+1),x)

[Out] (Integral(x**3/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(c*x**4*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/c

Giac [A]

time = 0.40, size = 85, normalized size = 1.18

$$-\frac{\log(c^2x^2 + 1)}{2c^5} + \frac{2|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3c^6} + \frac{2(c^2x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{12}|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x) - 6\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}c^{12}|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x) + 3(c^2x^2 + 1)c^{13}}{6c^{18}}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^4/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")

[Out] -1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^5 + 2/3*abs(c)*sgn(x)/c^6 + 1/6*(2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*c^12*abs(c)*sgn(x) - 6*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^12*abs(c)*sgn(x) + 3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)*c^13)/c^18

Mupad [B]

time = 2.35, size = 61, normalized size = 0.85

$$\frac{x^3\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3c^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3c^4} - \frac{\ln(c^2x^2 + 1) - c^2x^2}{2c^5}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int((x^4*((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x)))/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)

[Out] (x^3*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(3*c^2) - (2*x*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(3*c^4) - (log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - c^2*x^2)/(2*c^5)

3.62 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x^3}{1+c^2 x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=59

$$\frac{x}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{2 c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^4} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{2 c^4}$$

[Out] $x/c^3 - \operatorname{arctan}(c*x)/c^4 - 1/2*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/c^4 + 1/2*x^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/c^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.333, Rules used = {6477, 272, 44, 65, 214, 327, 209}

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^4} + \frac{x}{c^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2 c^2} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{2 c^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]}*x^3)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]$

[Out] $x/c^3 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^2)/(2*c^2) - \operatorname{ArcTan}[c*x]/c^4 - \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqr} t[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]]/(2*c^4)$

Rule 44

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[
(a + b*x)^m*((c + d*x)^n)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - Dist[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1] && !IntegerQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.*(x_))^m_)*((c_.) + (d_.*(x_))^n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
```

```
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 327

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Dist[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*((d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x^3}{1 + c^2 x^2} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{1 + c^2 x^2} dx}{c} \\
&= \frac{x}{c^3} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 + c^2 x^2} dx}{c^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2c^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{4c^4} \\
&= \frac{x}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-c^2 + c^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{2c^2} \\
&= \frac{x}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x^2}{2c^2} - \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^4} - \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{2c^4}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.09, size = 54, normalized size = 0.92

$$-\frac{-cx \left(2 + c \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x\right) + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx) + \log \left(\left(1 + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) x\right)}{2c^4}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*x^3)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]`[Out] `-1/2*(-(c*x*(2 + c*.Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)) + 2*ArcTan[c*x] + Log[(1 + Sqr[t[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2])]*x])/c^4`**Maple [B]** Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 137 vs. 2(51) = 102.

time = 0.80, size = 138, normalized size = 2.34

method	result
--------	--------

default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x \left(x \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2 + \ln \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} \right) - 2 \ln \left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}} \right) \right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^4} + \frac{\frac{x}{c^2} - \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^3}}{c}$
---------	---

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`
[Out] $1/2*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(x*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2+ln(x+((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2))-2*ln(x+(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2)))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)/c^4+1/c*(x/c^2-1/c^3*arctan(cx))$

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 107 vs. 2(51) = 102.

time = 0.47, size = 107, normalized size = 1.81

$$\frac{\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x^2}{c \left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}-1\right)} - \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{c} + 1 \right) + \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}}}{c} - 1 \right)}{4 c^4} - \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`
[Out] $x/c^3 + 1/4*(2*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/(c*((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2) - 1)) - \log(sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c + 1) + \log(sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c - 1))/c^4 - \arctan(cx)/c^4$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.35, size = 68, normalized size = 1.15

$$\frac{c^2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} + 2cx - 2 \arctan(cx) + \log \left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx \right)}{2 c^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] $1/2*(c^2*x^2*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + 2*c*x - 2*arctan(cx) + log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - cx))/c^4$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^2}{c^2x^2+1} dx + \int \frac{cx^3\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2x^2+1} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**3/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`[Out] `(Integral(x**2/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(c*x**3*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/c`**Giac [A]**

time = 0.40, size = 61, normalized size = 1.03

$$\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2+1}x|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2c^4} + \frac{x}{c^3} + \frac{\log\left(-x|c| + \sqrt{c^2x^2+1}\right)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2c^4} - \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`[Out] `1/2*sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*x*abs(c)*operatorname{sgn}(x)/c^4 + x/c^3 + 1/2*log(-x*abs(c) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*operatorname{sgn}(x)/c^4 - arctan(c*x)/c^4`**Mupad [B]**

time = 2.34, size = 51, normalized size = 0.86

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}}{2c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}(cx)-cx}{c^4} - \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2}+1}\right)}{2c^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((x^3*((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x)))/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)`[Out] `(x^2*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(2*c^2) - (operatorname{atan}(c*x) - c*x)/c^4 - operatorname{atanh}((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(2*c^4)`

3.63 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)x^2}}{1+c^2x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=36

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} x}{c^2} + \frac{\log(1 + c^2 x^2)}{2 c^3}$$

[Out] $1/2*\ln(c^2*x^2+1)/c^3+x*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/c^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.143, Rules used = {6477, 197, 266}

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{c^2} + \frac{\log(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2 c^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]*x^2})/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]$

[Out] $(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x)/c^2 + \operatorname{Log}[1 + c^2*x^2]/(2*c^3)$

Rule 197

$\operatorname{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)})/a, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[1/n + p + 1, 0]$

Rule 266

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_)^{(m_*)}/((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^{(n_*)}), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{RemoveContent}[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, n - 1]$

Rule 6477

$\operatorname{Int}[(E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[(c_*)*(x_*)]*((d_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)})}/((a_) + (b_*)*(x_)^2), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[d^2/(a*c^2), \operatorname{Int}[(d*x)^(m - 2)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + \operatorname{Dist}[d/c, \operatorname{Int}[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[b - a*c^2, 0]$

Rubi steps

$$\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}x^2}{1+c^2x^2} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} + \frac{\int \frac{x}{1+c^2x^2} dx}{c}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x}{c^2} + \frac{\log(1+c^2x^2)}{2c^3}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.05, size = 35, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{2c\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} x + \log(1+c^2x^2)}{2c^3}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*x^2)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]

[Out] (2*c*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x + Log[1 + c^2*x^2])/(2*c^3)

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs. 2(32) = 64.

time = 0.76, size = 89, normalized size = 2.47

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}} + \frac{\ln(c^2x^2+1)}{2c^3}}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2}$	89

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2/(c^2*x^2+1), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out] ((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)/c^2+1/2*ln(c^2*x^2+1)/c^3

Maxima [A]

time = 0.27, size = 31, normalized size = 0.86

$$\frac{\log(c^3x^2 + c)}{2c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \log(c^3 x^2 + c)/c^3 + \sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1}/c^3$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.33, size = 38, normalized size = 1.06

$$\frac{2 c x \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} + \log(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2 c^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} (2 c x \sqrt{(c^2 x^2 + 1)/(c^2 x^2)} + \log(c^2 x^2 + 1))/c^3$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{x}{c^2 x^2 + 1} dx + \int \frac{c x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c^2 x^2 + 1} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x**2/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`

[Out] $(\text{Integral}(x/(c^{**2}*x^{**2} + 1), x) + \text{Integral}(c*x^{**2}*\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^{**2}*x^{**2})}/(c^{**2}*x^{**2} + 1), x))/c$

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 44, normalized size = 1.22

$$\frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^4} + \frac{\log(c^2 x^2 + 1)}{2 c^3} - \frac{|c| \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^4}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x^2/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} \operatorname{abs}(c) \operatorname{sgn}(x)/c^4 + \frac{1}{2} \log(c^2 x^2 + 1)/c^3 - \operatorname{abs}(c) \operatorname{sgn}(x)/c^4$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.34, size = 31, normalized size = 0.86

$$\frac{\ln(c^2 x^2 + 1) + 2 c x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2 c^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((x^2*((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x)))/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)
[Out] (log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*c*x*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2))/(2*c^3)
```

3.64 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x}{1+c^2 x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=27

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^2}$$

[Out] $\arctan(cx)/c^2 + \operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)})/c^2$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.263, Rules used = {6477, 272, 65, 214, 209}

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}\right)}{c^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[(E \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]*x)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{ArcTan}[c*x]/c^2 + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]]/c^2$

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 214

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*((d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Sym-
bol] :> Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] +
Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m},
x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)} x}{1 + c^2 x^2} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 + c^2 x^2} dx}{c} \\ &= \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2c^2} \\ &= \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} - \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-c^2 + c^2 x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right) \\ &= \frac{\tan^{-1}(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}\right)}{c^2} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.03, size = 38, normalized size = 1.41

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)}{c^2} + \frac{\log\left(x \left(1 + \sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2 x^2}{c^2 x^2}}\right)\right)}{c^2}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[(E^ArcCsch[c*x]*x)/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]`

[Out] `ArcTan[c*x]/c^2 + Log[x*(1 + Sqrt[(1 + c^2*x^2)/(c^2*x^2)])]/c^2`

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 84 vs. 2(25) = 50.

time = 0.72, size = 85, normalized size = 3.15

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} x \ln\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}}} + \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^2}$	85

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x/(c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] ((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*ln(x+(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2))/c^2/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)+arctan(c*x)/c^2
```

Maxima [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs. 2(25) = 50.

time = 0.46, size = 61, normalized size = 2.26

$$\frac{\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{x^2}} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{x^2}} - 1\right)}{2c^2} + \frac{\arctan(cx)}{c^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] 1/2*(log(sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c + 1) - log(sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)/c - 1))/c^2 + arctan(c*x)/c^2
```

Fricas [A]

time = 0.35, size = 38, normalized size = 1.41

$$\frac{\arctan(cx) - \log\left(cx\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} - cx\right)}{c^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] (arctan(c*x) - log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x))/c^2
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{cx\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{c^2x^2+1} dx + \int \frac{1}{c^2x^2+1} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))*x/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`

[Out] `(Integral(c*x*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x) + Integral(1/(c**2*x**2 + 1), x))/c`

Giac [A]

time = 0.41, size = 34, normalized size = 1.26

$$-\frac{\log \left(-x|c|+\sqrt{c^2 x^2+1}\right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2}+\frac{\arctan (c x)}{c^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))*x/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `-\log(-x*abs(c) + sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))*sgn(x)/c^2 + arctan(c*x)/c^2`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.36, size = 21, normalized size = 0.78

$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2}+1}\right)+\operatorname{atan}(c x)}{c^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((x*((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x)))/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)`

[Out] `(atanh((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)) + atan(c*x))/c^2`

3.65 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{1+c^2x^2} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=33

$$-\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} + \frac{\log(x)}{c} - \frac{\log(1+c^2x^2)}{2c}$$

[Out] $-\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x)/c + \ln(x)/c - 1/2 \ln(c^2x^2+1)/c$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.03, antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, integrand size = 18, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.389, Rules used = {6475, 342, 221, 272, 36, 29, 31}

$$-\frac{\log(c^2x^2+1)}{2c} + \frac{\log(x)}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\wedge} \operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]/(1 + c^2x^2), x]$

[Out] $-(\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]/c) + \operatorname{Log}[x]/c - \operatorname{Log}[1 + c^2x^2]/(2*c)$

Rule 29

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_*)^{(-1)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Log}[x], x]$

Rule 31

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_* + b_*)*(x_*)^{(-1)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]/b, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$

Rule 36

$\operatorname{Int}[1/(((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(-1)})*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_))), x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[b/(b*c - a*d), \operatorname{Int}[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - \operatorname{Dist}[d/(b*c - a*d), \operatorname{Int}[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0]$

Rule 221

$\operatorname{Int}[1/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2], x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[\operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2]*(x/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a])]/\operatorname{Rt}[b, 2], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[b]$

Rule 272

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_)}, x_{\text{Symbol}}] \rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/n, \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(\operatorname{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p], x], x, x^n], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b$

```
, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6475

```
Int[E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(a*c^2)], Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]), x], x] + Dist[1/c, Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^2)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{1+c^2x^2} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x(1+c^2x^2)} dx}{c} \\ &= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x(1+c^2x)} dx, x, x^2\right)}{2c} \\ &= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x} dx, x, x^2\right)}{2c} - \frac{1}{2}c\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{1+c^2x} dx, x, x^2\right) \\ &= -\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}{c} + \frac{\log(x)}{c} - \frac{\log(1+c^2x^2)}{2c} \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.02, size = 37, normalized size = 1.12

$$-\frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{c} + \frac{\log(x)}{c} - \frac{\log(1+c^2x^2)}{2c}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(1 + c^2*x^2), x]`

[Out] $-(\operatorname{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x])/c) + \operatorname{Log}[x]/c - \operatorname{Log}[1 + c^2*x^2]/(2*c)$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 169 vs. 2(31) = 62.

time = 0.77, size = 170, normalized size = 5.15

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2+1}{c^2 x^2}} x \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2 - \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2 x + \sqrt{-c^2})(c^2 x + \sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}} c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} - \ln \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2 + 2}{c^2} \right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
[Out] ((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)*x*((1/c^2)^(1/2)*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2)*c^2*(1/c^2)^(1/2)-ln(2*((1/c^2)^(1/2)*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2+1)/c^2*x)/(1/c^2)^(1/2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)/c^2+1/c*(-1/2*ln(c^2*x^2+1)+ln(x)))
```

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")
[Out] -1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c + log(x)/c + integrate(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^3*x^3 + c*x), x)
```

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs. 2(31) = 62.

time = 0.34, size = 80, normalized size = 2.42

$$\frac{\log(c^2 x^2 + 1) + 2 \log \left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1 \right) - 2 \log \left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx - 1 \right) - 2 \log(x)}{2 c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] -1/2*(log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 2*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x + 1) - 2*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) - 2*log(x))/c
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c^2 x^3 + x} dx + \int \frac{1}{c^2 x^3 + x} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`

[Out] `(Integral(c*x*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2)))/(c**2*x**3 + x), x) + Integral(1/(c**2*x**3 + x), x))/c`

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. $2(31) = 62$.
time = 0.42, size = 70, normalized size = 2.12

$$-\frac{\log(c^2x^2 + 1)}{2c} - \frac{(|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x) - c)\log(\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} + 1)}{2c^2} + \frac{(|c|\operatorname{sgn}(x) + c)\log(\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} - 1)}{2c^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `-1/2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1)/c - 1/2*(abs(c)*sgn(x) - c)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)/c^2 + 1/2*(abs(c)*sgn(x) + c)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1)/c^2`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.36, size = 38, normalized size = 1.15

$$-\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}}}{x}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} - \frac{\ln(c^2x^2 + 1) - 2\ln(x)}{2c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 + 1),x)`

[Out] `- asinh((1/c^2)^(1/2)/x)*(1/c^2)^(1/2) - (log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 2*log(x))/(2*c)`

3.66 $\int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x(1+c^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=30

$$-\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{cx} - \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)$$

[Out] $-1/c/x - \arctan(cx) - (1+1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.190, Rules used = {6477, 267, 331, 209}

$$-\operatorname{ArcTan}(cx) - \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1} - \frac{1}{cx}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]} / (x*(1 + c^2*x^2)), x]$
[Out] $-\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 1/(c*x) - \operatorname{ArcTan}[c*x]$

Rule 209

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2, x_*, \text{Symbol}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*\operatorname{ArcTan}[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&& \operatorname{PosQ}[a/b] \&& (\operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0] \text{ || } \operatorname{GtQ}[b, 0])$

Rule 267

$\operatorname{Int}[(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_*, \text{Symbol}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))}, x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \&& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$

Rule 331

$\operatorname{Int}[(c_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)})^{(p_*)}, x_*, \text{Symbol}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))}}, x] - \operatorname{Dist}[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^(n*(m + 1)))), \operatorname{Int}[(c*x)^{(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&& \operatorname{LtQ}[m, -1] \&& \operatorname{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

Rule 6477

$\operatorname{Int}[(E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]})*(d_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}/((a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^2), x_*, \text{Symbol}] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[d^2/(a*c^2), \operatorname{Int}[(d*x)^{(m - 2)}/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + \operatorname{Dist}[d/c, \operatorname{Int}[(d*x)^{(m - 1)}/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m\},$

x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x(1+c^2x^2)} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+c^2x^2)} dx}{c} \\ &= -\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{cx} - c \int \frac{1}{1+c^2x^2} dx \\ &= -\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{cx} - \tan^{-1}(cx) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.07, size = 30, normalized size = 1.00

$$-\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{cx} - \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] Integrate[E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(x*(1 + c^2*x^2)), x]

[Out] -Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)] - 1/(c*x) - ArcTan[c*x]

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 156 vs. 2(28) = 56.

time = 0.74, size = 157, normalized size = 5.23

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} \left(\left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}c^2 - \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2x^2 + \ln\left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{\left(-c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2}\right)\left(c^2x + \sqrt{-c^2}\right)}{c^4}}\right) x - \ln\left(x + \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}}\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x/(c^2*x^2+1), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)

[Out]
$$-\left(\left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}\right)^{1/2}*\left(\left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}\right)^{3/2}*c^2-\left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}\right)^{1/2}*c^2*x^2+\ln\left(x+\left(-\left(-c^2*x+\left(-c^2\right)^{1/2}\right)*\left(c^2*x+\left(-c^2\right)^{1/2}\right)/c^4\right)^{1/2}\right)*x-\ln\left(x+\left(\left(c^2*x^2+1\right)/c^2\right)^{1/2}*x\right)/\left(\left(c^2*x^2+1\right)/c^2\right)^{1/2}+1/c*(-c*arctan(c*x)-1/x)\right)$$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.47, size = 34, normalized size = 1.13

$$-\frac{\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{cx} - \frac{1}{cx} - \arctan(cx)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`
[Out] `-sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c*x) - 1/(c*x) - arctan(c*x)`

Fricas [A]

time = 0.34, size = 41, normalized size = 1.37

$$-\frac{cx \arctan(cx) + cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2 + 1}{c^2x^2}} + cx + 1}{cx}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`
[Out] `-(c*x*arctan(c*x) + c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) + c*x + 1)/(c*x)`

Sympy [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: TypeError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`
[Out] Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo

Giac [A]

time = 0.42, size = 43, normalized size = 1.43

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\left(x|c| - \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}\right)^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{cx} - \arctan(cx)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`
[Out] `2*sgn(x)/((x*abs(c) - sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1))^2 - 1) - 1/(c*x) - arctan(c*x)`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.15, size = 29, normalized size = 0.97

$$-\operatorname{atan}(cx) - \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} + \frac{1}{c}}{x}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x))/(x*(c^2*x^2 + 1)),x)`

[Out] `- atan(c*x) - (x*(1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/c)/x`

3.67 $\int \frac{e^{\text{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x^2(1+c^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=60

$$-\frac{1}{2cx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2x} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ccsch}^{-1}(cx) - c \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} c \log(1 + c^2x^2)$$

[Out] $-1/2/c/x^2 + 1/2*c*\operatorname{arccsch}(c*x) - c*\ln(x) + 1/2*c*\ln(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1/2*(1 + 1/c^2/x^2)^{(1/2)}/x$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.286, Rules used = {6477, 342, 327, 221, 272, 46}

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{2x} + \frac{1}{2} c \log(c^2x^2 + 1) - \frac{1}{2cx^2} - c \log(x) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ccsch}^{-1}(cx)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]} / (x^2*(1 + c^2*x^2)), x]$

[Out] $-1/2*1/(c*x^2) - \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/(2*x) + (c*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x])/2 - c*\operatorname{Log}[x] + (c*\operatorname{Log}[1 + c^2*x^2])/2$

Rule 46

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^m_*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^n_, x_Symbol] :> Int[E
xpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m +
n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 221

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[ArcSinh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Sqrt
[a])]/Rt[b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && PosQ[b]
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^m_*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 327

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simplify[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Dist[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 342

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*((d_)*(x_)^(m_))/((a_)+(b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{e^{csch^{-1}(cx)}}{x^2(1+c^2x^2)} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}x^4}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3(1+c^2x^2)} dx}{c} \\
 &= -\frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+c^2x)} dx, x, x^2\right)}{2c} \\
 &= -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2x} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{x^2}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{\text{Subst}\left(\int \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{c^2}{x} + \frac{c^4}{1+c^2x}\right) dx, x, x^2\right)}{2c} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2cx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2x} + \frac{1}{2}ccsch^{-1}(cx) - c\log(x) + \frac{1}{2}c\log(1+c^2x^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.08, size = 58, normalized size = 0.97

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{cx^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{x} + c \sinh^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{cx} \right) - 2c \log(x) + c \log(1 + c^2x^2) \right)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(x^2*(1 + c^2*x^2)), x]`

[Out] $\frac{(-1/(c*x^2)) - \text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]/x + c*\text{ArcSinh}[1/(c*x)] - 2*c*\text{Log}[x] + c*\text{Log}[1 + c^2*x^2])/2$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 215 vs. $2(50) = 100$.

time = 0.73, size = 216, normalized size = 3.60

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} \left(c^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} + \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} c^2x^2 - 2 \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} c^2x^2 - \ln \left(\frac{2x \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}} } }{2x \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2/(c^2*x^2+1), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x*(c^2*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(3/2)*(1/c^2)^(1/2) + ((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*(1/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2-2*(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))* (c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2)*(1/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2*x^2- \ln(2*((1/c^2)^(1/2)*(c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2+1)/c^2/x)*x^2)/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)/(1/c^2)^(1/2)+1/c*(1/2*c^2*ln(c^2*x^2+1)-1/2/x^2-c^2*ln(x)) \end{aligned}$$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2/(c^2*x^2+1), x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out]
$$1/2*c*\log(c^2*x^2 + 1) - c*\log(x) - 1/2/(c*x^2) + \text{integrate}(\text{sqrt}(c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^3*x^5 + c*x^3), x)$$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. 2(50) = 100.

time = 0.34, size = 130, normalized size = 2.17

$$\frac{c^2 x^2 \log(c^2 x^2 + 1) + c^2 x^2 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx + 1\right) - c^2 x^2 \log\left(cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - cx - 1\right) - 2 c^2 x^2 \log(x) - cx \sqrt{\frac{c^2 x^2 + 1}{c^2 x^2}} - 1}{2 c x^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] 1/2*(c^2*x^2*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + c^2*x^2*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2))) - c*x + 1) - c^2*x^2*log(c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - c*x - 1) - 2*c^2*x^2*log(x) - c*x*sqrt((c^2*x^2 + 1)/(c^2*x^2)) - 1)/(c*x^2)
```

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{\int \frac{cx \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}}}{c^2 x^5 + x^3} dx + \int \frac{1}{c^2 x^5 + x^3} dx}{c}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x**2/(c**2*x**2+1),x)
[Out] (Integral(c*x*sqrt(1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))/(c**2*x**5 + x**3), x) + Integral(1/(c**2*x**5 + x**3), x))/c
```

Giac [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs. 2(50) = 100.

time = 0.40, size = 114, normalized size = 1.90

$$\frac{1}{2} c \log(c^2 x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{4} (|c| \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 2c) \log(\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) - \frac{1}{4} (|c| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2c) \log(\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 1) - \frac{\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} |c| \operatorname{sgn}(x) + c}{2 (\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) (\sqrt{c^2 x^2 + 1} - 1)}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^2/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")
[Out] 1/2*c*log(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1/4*(abs(c)*sgn(x) - 2*c)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 1/4*(abs(c)*sgn(x) + 2*c)*log(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) - 1/2*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(c)*sgn(x) + c)/((sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)*(sqrt(c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1))
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.42, size = 61, normalized size = 1.02

$$\frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}}}{x}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2}}} + \frac{c \ln(-c^2 x^2 - 1)}{2} - c \ln(x) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1}}{2x} - \frac{1}{2cx^2}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{int}((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x))/(x^2*(c^2*x^2 + 1)), x)$ [Out] $\operatorname{asinh}((1/c^2)^(1/2)/x)/(2*(1/c^2)^(1/2)) + (c*\log(-c^2*x^2 - 1))/2 - c*\log(x) - (1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)/(2*x) - 1/(2*c*x^2)$

3.68 $\int \frac{e^{\coth^{-1}(cx)}}{x^3(1+c^2x^2)} dx$

Optimal. Leaf size=61

$$c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}} - \frac{1}{3} c^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3 c x^3} + \frac{c}{x} + c^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)$$

[Out] $-1/3*c^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(3/2)-1/3/c/x^3+c/x+c^2*\arctan(cx)+c^2*(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.06, antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 5, integrand size = 21, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.238, Rules used = {6477, 272, 45, 331, 209}

$$c^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx) - \frac{1}{3} c^2 \left(\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1\right)^{3/2} + c^2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2 x^2} + 1} - \frac{1}{3 c x^3} + \frac{c}{x}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[E^{\operatorname{ArcCsch}[c*x]} / (x^3 * (1 + c^2 * x^2)), x]$

[Out] $c^2 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2 * x^2)] - (c^2 * (1 + 1/(c^2 * x^2))^{3/2})/3 - 1/(3 * c * x^3) + c/x + c^2 * \operatorname{ArcTan}[c*x]$

Rule 45

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^m_*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^n_, x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

Rule 209

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^m_*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^n)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 331

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Dist[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*c^n*(m + 1))), Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

Rule 6477

```
Int[(E^ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*((d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Dist[d^2/(a*c^2), Int[(d*x)^(m - 2)/Sqrt[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)], x], x] + Dist[d/c, Int[(d*x)^(m - 1)/(a + b*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && EqQ[b - a*c^2, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{e^{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(cx)}}{x^3(1+c^2x^2)} dx &= \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} dx}{c^2} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^4(1+c^2x^2)} dx}{c} \\ &= -\frac{1}{3cx^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{c^2}}} dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2c^2} - c \int \frac{1}{x^2(1+c^2x^2)} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{3cx^3} + \frac{c}{x} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \left(-\frac{c^2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{c^2}}} + c^2\sqrt{1+\frac{x}{c^2}}\right) dx, x, \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{2c^2} + c^3 \int \frac{1}{1+c^2x^2} dx \\ &= c^2\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} - \frac{1}{3}c^2\left(1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{1}{3cx^3} + \frac{c}{x} + c^2\tan^{-1}(cx) \end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.10, size = 54, normalized size = 0.89

$$-\frac{1}{3cx^3} + \frac{c}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}} (-1+2c^2x^2)}{3x^2} + c^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}(cx)$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[E^ArcCsch[c*x]/(x^3*(1 + c^2*x^2)), x]`

[Out] $-1/3*c/x^3 + c/x + (\text{Sqrt}[1 + 1/(c^2*x^2)]*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2))/(3*x^2) + c^2*\text{ArcTan}[c*x]$

Maple [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 196 vs. 2(53) = 106.

time = 0.71, size = 197, normalized size = 3.23

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2x^2}} c^2 \left(3 \left(\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c^2x^2 - 3 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} c^2x^4 + 3 \ln \left(x + \sqrt{-\frac{(-c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})(c^2x+\sqrt{-c^2})}{c^4}} \right) x^3 - 3 \ln \left(x + \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}} \right) x^2 \right)}{3x^2 \sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2+1}{c^2}}}$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $1/3*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2*c^2*(3*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(3/2)*c^2*x^2-3*((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)*c^2*x^4+3*ln(x+(-(-c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))*(c^2*x+(-c^2)^(1/2))/c^4)^(1/2))*x^3-3*ln(x+((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2))*x^3-((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(3/2))/((c^2*x^2+1)/c^2)^(1/2)+1/c*(c^3*arctan(c*x)-1/3/x^3+c^2*x)$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.47, size = 56, normalized size = 0.92

$$c^2 \arctan(cx) + \frac{(2c^2x^2 - 1)\sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1}}{3cx^3} + \frac{3c^2x^2 - 1}{3cx^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $c^2*\arctan(cx) + 1/3*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1)*\sqrt{c^2*x^2 + 1}/(c*x^3) + 1/3*(3*c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x^3)$

Fricas [A]

time = 0.36, size = 70, normalized size = 1.15

$$\frac{3c^3x^3 \arctan(cx) + 2c^3x^3 + 3c^2x^2 + (2c^3x^3 - cx)\sqrt{\frac{c^2x^2 + 1}{c^2x^2}} - 1}{3cx^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{3} \left(3c^3x^3 \arctan(cx) + 2c^3x^3 + 3c^2x^2 + (2c^3x^3 - cx) \sqrt{\frac{1 + c^2x^2}{c^2x^2 + 1}} \right)$

Sympy [A]

time = 3.00, size = 75, normalized size = 1.23

$$-2c^5 \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2c^3} \right) - \frac{c^3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}} + \frac{c}{x} - \frac{1}{3cx^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c**2/x**2)**(1/2))/x**3/(c**2*x**2+1),x)`

[Out] $-2c^{10} \left(\frac{(1 + 1/(c^2x^2))^{3/2}}{(6c^6)^{(3/2)}} - \frac{\sqrt{1 + 1/(c^2x^2)}}{(2c^6)^{(3/2)}} \right) - c^6 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{c^2x^2}}\right) + c/x - 1/(3cx^3)$

Giac [A]

time = 0.42, size = 82, normalized size = 1.34

$$c^2 \arctan(cx) + \frac{4 \left(3 \left(x|c| - \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right)^2 - 1 \right) c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{3 \left(\left(x|c| - \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1} \right)^2 - 1 \right)^3} + \frac{3c^2x^2 - 1}{3cx^3}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate((1/c/x+(1+1/c^2/x^2)^(1/2))/x^3/(c^2*x^2+1),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] $c^2 \arctan(cx) + \frac{4}{3} \left(3(x \operatorname{abs}(c) - \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})^2 - 1 \right) c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) / ((x \operatorname{abs}(c) - \sqrt{c^2x^2 + 1})^2 - 1)^3 + \frac{1}{3} (3c^2x^2 - 1) / (cx^3)$

Mupad [B]

time = 2.22, size = 57, normalized size = 0.93

$$\frac{c + \frac{2c^2x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3}}{x} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2x^2} + 1}}{3} + \frac{1}{3c}}{x^3} + c^2 \operatorname{atan}(cx)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(((1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2) + 1/(c*x))/(x^3*(c^2*x^2 + 1)),x)`

[Out] $(c + (2c^2x * (1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)) / 3) / x - ((x * (1/(c^2*x^2) + 1)^(1/2)) / 3 + 1/(3c)) / x^3 + c^2 \operatorname{atan}(cx)$

$$3.69 \quad \int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{\frac{ad}{b}+dx} dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=61

$$\frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)^2}{2d} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)}{2d}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a)^2/d - \operatorname{arccsch}(b*x+a) \ln\left(1 - \frac{1}{(b*x+a) + (1 + 1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)}}\right)^2/d - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{polylog}(2, (1/(b*x+a) + (1 + 1/(b*x+a)^2)^{(1/2)})^2)/d$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.07, antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8, integrand size = 19, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.421, Rules used = {6455, 12, 6417, 5775, 3797, 2221, 2317, 2438}

$$-\frac{\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)}{2d} + \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)^2}{2d} - \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \log\left(1 - e^{2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)}{d}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]/((a*d)/b + d*x), x]$

[Out] $\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]^2/(2*d) - (\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x]*\operatorname{Log}[1 - E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])}])/d - \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, E^{(2*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x])}]/(2*d)$

Rule 12

$\operatorname{Int}[(a_)*(u_), x_Symbol] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[a, \operatorname{Int}[u, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \&& \operatorname{!MatchQ}[u, (b_)*(v_) /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

Rule 2221

$\operatorname{Int}[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_.) + (f_)*(x_))))^{(n_.)}*((c_.) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_.)})/((a_) + (b_)*(F_)^((g_)*(e_.) + (f_)*(x_))))^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*\operatorname{Log}[F]))*\operatorname{Log}[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - \operatorname{Dist}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\operatorname{Log}[F])), \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m - 1)}*\operatorname{Log}[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

Rule 2317

$\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Log}[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*(c_.) + (d_)*(x_))))^{(n_.)}], x_Symbol] \Rightarrow \operatorname{Dist}[1/(d*e*n*\operatorname{Log}[F]), \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&& \operatorname{GtQ}[a, 0]$

Rule 2438

```
Int[Log[(c_)*(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_)]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

Rule 3797

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (Complex[0, fz_])*(f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-I)*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Dist[2*I, Int[((c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/(1 + E^(2*(-I)*e + f*fz*x))/E^(2*I*k*Pi)))/E^(2*I*k*Pi), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, fz}, x] && IntegerQ[4*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

Rule 5775

```
Int[((a_) + ArcSinh[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/b, Subst[Int[x^n*Coth[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcSinh[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]
```

Rule 6417

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))/(x_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b*ArcSinh[x/c])/x, x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

Rule 6455

```
Int[((a_) + ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(p_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/d, Subst[Int[(f*(x/d))^m*(a + b*ArcCsch[x])^p, x], x, c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}{\frac{ad}{b} + dx} dx &= \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{b \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(x)}{dx} dx, x, a+bx\right)}{b} \\
&= \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(x)}{x} dx, x, a+bx\right)}{d} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\sinh^{-1}(x)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}{d} \\
&= -\frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int x \coth(x) dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)\right)}{d} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)^2}{2d} + \frac{2\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{e^{2x}x}{1-e^{2x}} dx, x, \sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)\right)}{d} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)^2}{2d} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \log(1 - e^{2x}) dx, x, \frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}{d} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)^2}{2d} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}\right)}{d} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{\log(1-x)}{x} dx, x, \frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}{2d} \\
&= \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)^2}{2d} - \frac{\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right) \log\left(1 - e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}\right)}{d} - \frac{\operatorname{Li}_2\left(e^{2\sinh^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{a+bx}\right)}\right)}{2d}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.04, size = 52, normalized size = 0.85

$$\frac{-\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) \left(\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx) + 2 \log\left(1 - e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)\right) + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, e^{-2\operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a+bx)}\right)}{2d}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[ArcCsch[a + b*x]/((a*d)/b + d*x), x]`

[Out] `(-(ArcCsch[a + b*x]*(ArcCsch[a + b*x] + 2*Log[1 - E^(-2*ArcCsch[a + b*x])])) + PolyLog[2, E^(-2*ArcCsch[a + b*x])])/(2*d)`

Maple [F]

time = 0.17, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)}{\frac{ad}{b} + dx} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\int \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)/(ad/b+dx), x$

[Out] $\int \operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)/(ad/b+dx), x$

Maxima [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Failed to integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{integrate}(\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)/(ad/b+dx), x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"maxima"})$

[Out]
$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{4} \left(2 \log(b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1) \log(bx + a) + \operatorname{dilog}(-b^2x^2 - 2abx - a^2) \right) / d \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \left(\log(bx + a)^2 - 2 \log(bx + a) \log(\sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}) \right) / d + \operatorname{integrate}((b^2x + a)b \log(bx + a) / (b^2d + 2ad + a^2d + b^2x^2 + 2abd + a^2d + d) \sqrt{b^2x^2 + 2abx + a^2 + 1}, x) \end{aligned}$$

Fricas [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{integrate}(\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)/(ad/b+dx), x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"fricas"})$

[Out] $\operatorname{integral}(b \operatorname{arccsch}(bx + a) / (b^2d + a^2d), x)$

Sympy [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\frac{b \int \frac{\operatorname{acsch}(a+bx)}{a+bx} dx}{d}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{integrate}(\operatorname{acsch}(bx+a)/(ad/b+dx), x)$

[Out] $b \operatorname{Integral}(\operatorname{acsch}(a + bx) / (a + bx), x) / d$

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] $\operatorname{integrate}(\operatorname{arccsch}(bx+a)/(ad/b+dx), x, \text{algorithm}=\text{"giac"})$

[Out] integrate(arccsch(b*x + a)/(d*x + a*d/b), x)

Mupad [F]

time = 0.00, size = -1, normalized size = -0.02

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a+b x}\right)}{d x+\frac{a d}{b}} dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/(d*x + (a*d)/b),x)

[Out] int(asinh(1/(a + b*x))/(d*x + (a*d)/b), x)

$$\mathbf{3.70} \quad \int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4) dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=46

$$\frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx^4)^2}}\right)}{4b}$$

[Out] $\frac{1}{4}*(b*x^4+a)*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x^4+a)/b+1/4*\operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/(b*x^4+a)^2)^{(1/2)})/b$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.04, antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.500, Rules used = {6847, 6449, 379, 272, 65, 213}

$$\frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a + bx^4)^2} + 1}\right)}{4b} + \frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^3 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x^4], x]$

[Out] $((a + b*x^4)*\operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x^4])/(4*b) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^4)^{-2}]])/(4*b)$

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1)*
ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 379

```
Int[(u_)^m_*((a_) + (b_)*(v_)^n_)^p_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[u^m/(Coefficient[v, x, 1]*v^m), Subst[Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LinearPairQ[u, v, x]
```

Rule 6449

```
Int[ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)*(ArcCsch[c + d*x]/d), x] + Int[1/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c + d*x)^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 6847

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(m + 1), Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m + 1), u, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && FunctionOfQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^3 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4) dx &= \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx, x, x^4\right) \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b} + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(a + bx)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx)^2}}} dx, x, x^4\right) \\
&\quad \operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} dx, x, a + bx^4\right) \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}} dx, x, \frac{1}{(a+bx^4)^2}\right)}{4b} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}} dx, x, \frac{1}{(a+bx^4)^2}\right)}{8b} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{-1+x^2} dx, x, \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx^4)^2}}\right)}{4b} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^4) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4)}{4b} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a+bx^4)^2}}\right)}{4b}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.10, size = 90, normalized size = 1.96

$$\frac{(a + bx^4)^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^4) + \frac{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx^4)^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{\frac{a+bx^4}{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx^4)^2}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx^4)^2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx^4)^2}}}}{4b(a + bx^4)}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x^3*ArcCsch[a + b*x^4], x]`

[Out] $((a + b*x^4)^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x^4] + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^4)^2] * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(a + b*x^4)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^4)^2]]) / \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^4)^{-2}]) / (4*b*(a + b*x^4))$

Maple [A]

time = 0.07, size = 52, normalized size = 1.13

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(b x^4+a) \operatorname{arccsch}(b x^4+a)+\ln \left(b x^4+a+(b x^4+a) \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(b x^4+a)^2}}\right)}{4 b}$	52
default	$\frac{(b x^4+a) \operatorname{arccsch}(b x^4+a)+\ln \left(b x^4+a+(b x^4+a) \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(b x^4+a)^2}}\right)}{4 b}$	52

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*arccsch(b*x^4+a), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

[Out] $1/4/b*((b*x^4+a)*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x^4+a)+\ln(b*x^4+a+(b*x^4+a)*(1+1/(b*x^4+a)^2)^(1/2)))$

Maxima [A]

time = 0.25, size = 57, normalized size = 1.24

$$\frac{2 (b x^4 + a) \operatorname{arcsch}(b x^4 + a) + \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(b x^4 + a)^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log \left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(b x^4 + a)^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{8 b}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x^4+a), x, algorithm="maxima")`

[Out] $1/8*(2*(b*x^4 + a)*\operatorname{arccsch}(b*x^4 + a) + \log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1/(b*x^4 + a)^2 + 1) + 1) - \log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1/(b*x^4 + a)^2 + 1) - 1))/b$

Fricas [B] Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 266 vs. $2(40) = 80$.

time = 0.40, size = 266, normalized size = 5.78

$$\frac{bx^4 \log \left(\frac{(bx^4+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2+1}{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2}} + 1}{4b} \right) + a \log \left(-bx^4 + (bx^4+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2+1}{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2}} - a + 1 \right) - a \log \left(-bx^4 + (bx^4+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2+1}{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2}} - a - 1 \right) - \log \left(-bx^4 + (bx^4+a) \sqrt{\frac{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2+1}{b^2x^8+2abx^4+a^2}} - a \right)}{4b}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`

[Out] $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{b} \cdot (b*x^4 + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2)} + \frac{a \cdot \log(-b*x^4 + (b*x^4 + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2)}) - a \cdot \log(-b*x^4 + (b*x^4 + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2)}) - a - 1 - a \cdot \log(-b*x^4 + (b*x^4 + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2)}) - a - 1 - \log(-b*x^4 + (b*x^4 + a) \cdot \sqrt{(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2 + 1)/(b^2*x^8 + 2*a*b*x^4 + a^2)}) - a - 1) / b$

Sympy [F(-1)] Timed out

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Timed out

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x**3*acsch(b*x**4+a),x)`

[Out] Timed out

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x^4+a),x, algorithm="giac")`

[Out] `integrate(x^3*arccsch(b*x^4 + a), x)`

Mupad [B]

time = 2.71, size = 42, normalized size = 0.91

$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(bx^4+a)^2} + 1}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{bx^4+a}\right) (bx^4 + a)}{4b}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^3*asinh(1/(a + b*x^4)),x)`

[Out] $\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{(a + b*x^4)^2 + 1}^{1/2}\right) / (4*b) + (\operatorname{asinh}(1/(a + b*x^4)) * (a + b*x^4)) / (4*b)$

$$\mathbf{3.71} \quad \int x^{-1+n} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

Optimal. Leaf size=46

$$\frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2}}\right)}{bn}$$

[Out] $(a+b*x^n)*\operatorname{arccsch}(a+b*x^n)/b/n + \operatorname{arctanh}((1+1/(a+b*x^n)^2)^{(1/2)})/b/n$

Rubi [A]

time = 0.05, antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, integrand size = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ = 0.429, Rules used = {6847, 6449, 379, 272, 65, 213}

$$\frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} + 1}\right)}{bn} + \frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(-1 + n)} \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x^n], x]$

[Out] $((a + b*x^n) \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x^n])/(b*n) + \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^n)^{-2}]])/(b*n)$

Rule 65

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Dist[p/b, Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[
[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

Rule 213

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x_Symbol] :> Simplify[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] &&
(LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

Rule 272

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/n, Subst[
Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b,
m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

Rule 379

```
Int[(u_.)^(m_)*(a_) + (b_)*(v_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[u^m/(Coeff
icient[v, x, 1]*v^m), Subst[Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x, v], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LinearPairQ[u, v, x]
```

Rule 6449

```
Int[ArcCsch[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c + d*x)*(ArcCsch[c + d*
x]/d), x] + Int[1/((c + d*x)*Sqrt[1 + 1/(c + d*x)^2]), x] /; FreeQ[{c, d}, x]
```

Rule 6847

```
Int[(u_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Dist[1/(m + 1), Subst[Int[SubstFor[x^(m +
1), u, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[m, x] && NeQ[m, -1] && Function0
fQ[x^(m + 1), u, x]
```

Rubi steps

$$\begin{aligned}
\int x^{-1+n} \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n) dx &= \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx) dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{(a+bx)\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(a+bx)^2}}} dx, x, x^n\right)}{n} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn} + \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}} dx, x, a + bx^n\right)}{bn} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+x}} dx, x, \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2}\right)}{2bn} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn} - \frac{\operatorname{Subst}\left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-1+x^2}} dx, x, \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2}}\right)}{bn} \\
&= \frac{(a + bx^n) \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n)}{bn} + \frac{\tanh^{-1}\left(\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2}}\right)}{bn}
\end{aligned}$$

Mathematica [A]

time = 0.12, size = 90, normalized size = 1.96

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^2 \operatorname{csch}^{-1}(a + bx^n) + \frac{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx^n)^2} \tanh^{-1}\left(\frac{a + bx^n}{\sqrt{1 + (a + bx^n)^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2}}}}{bn(a + bx^n)}$$

Antiderivative was successfully verified.

[In] `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*ArcCsch[a + b*x^n], x]`[Out] $((a + b*x^n)^2 \operatorname{ArcCsch}[a + b*x^n] + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^n)^2] \operatorname{ArcTanh}[(a + b*x^n)/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^n)^2]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (a + b*x^n)^{-2}])/(b*n*(a + b*x^n))$ **Maple [F]**

time = 0.05, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

$$\int x^{-1+n} \operatorname{arccsch}(a + b x^n) dx$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `int(x^(-1+n)*arccsch(a+b*x^n),x)`[Out] `int(x^(-1+n)*arccsch(a+b*x^n),x)`**Maxima [A]**

time = 0.26, size = 60, normalized size = 1.30

$$\frac{2(bx^n + a) \operatorname{arcsch}(bx^n + a) + \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2} + 1} + 1\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2} + 1} - 1\right)}{2bn}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

[In] `integrate(x^(-1+n)*arccsch(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`[Out] $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot (2 \cdot (b*x^n + a) \operatorname{arccsch}(b*x^n + a) + \log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1/(b*x^n + a)^2 + 1) + 1) - \log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1/(b*x^n + a)^2 + 1) - 1))}{(b*n)}$ **Fricas [B]** Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 334 vs. $2(44) = 88$.

time = 0.40, size = 334, normalized size = 7.26

$$\frac{a \log\left(-\cosh(n \log(x)) - \sinh(n \log(x))\right) - a + \sqrt{\frac{2ab + (a^2 + b^2 + 1) \cosh(n \log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1) \sinh(n \log(x))}{\cosh(n \log(x))^2 - \sinh(n \log(x))^2}} + 1 - a \log\left(-3 \cosh(n \log(x)) - b \sinh(n \log(x)) - a + \sqrt{\frac{2ab + (a^2 + b^2 + 1) \cosh(n \log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1) \sinh(n \log(x))}{\cosh(n \log(x))^2 - \sinh(n \log(x))^2}} - 1\right) + (b \cosh(n \log(x)) + b \sinh(n \log(x))) \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2ab + (a^2 + b^2 + 1) \cosh(n \log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1) \sinh(n \log(x))}{\cosh(n \log(x))^2 - \sinh(n \log(x))^2}}}{\cosh(n \log(x)) - \sinh(n \log(x))}\right) - \log\left(-b \cosh(n \log(x)) - b \sinh(n \log(x)) + \sqrt{\frac{2ab + (a^2 + b^2 + 1) \cosh(n \log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1) \sinh(n \log(x))}{\cosh(n \log(x))^2 - \sinh(n \log(x))^2}}}\right)$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1+n)*arccsch(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
[Out] (a*log(-b*cosh(n*log(x))) - b*sinh(n*log(x)) - a + sqrt((2*a*b + (a^2 + b^2 + 1)*cosh(n*log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1)*sinh(n*log(x)))/(cosh(n*log(x)) - sinh(n*log(x)))) + 1) - a*log(-b*cosh(n*log(x))) - b*sinh(n*log(x)) - a + sqrt((2*a*b + (a^2 + b^2 + 1)*cosh(n*log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1)*sinh(n*log(x)))/(cosh(n*log(x)) - sinh(n*log(x)))) - 1) + (b*cosh(n*log(x)) + b*sinh(n*log(x)))*log(sqrt((2*a*b + (a^2 + b^2 + 1)*cosh(n*log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1)*sinh(n*log(x)))/(cosh(n*log(x)) - sinh(n*log(x)))) + 1)/(b*cosh(n*log(x)) + b*sinh(n*log(x)) + a)) - log(-b*cosh(n*log(x)) - b*sinh(n*log(x)) - a + sqrt((2*a*b + (a^2 + b^2 + 1)*cosh(n*log(x)) - (a^2 - b^2 + 1)*sinh(n*log(x)))/(cosh(n*log(x)) - sinh(n*log(x))))) / (b*n)
```

Sympy [F(-2)]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

Exception raised: SystemError

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x**(-1+n)*acsch(a+b*x**n),x)
```

```
[Out] Exception raised: SystemError >> excessive stack use: stack is 5008 deep
```

Giac [F]

time = 0.00, size = 0, normalized size = 0.00

could not integrate

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] integrate(x^(-1+n)*arccsch(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
[Out] integrate(x^(n - 1)*arccsch(b*x^n + a), x)
```

Mupad [B]

time = 2.21, size = 40, normalized size = 0.87

$$\frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{(a + b x^n)^2} + 1}\right) + \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{1}{a + b x^n}\right) (a + b x^n)}{b n}$$

Verification of antiderivative is not currently implemented for this CAS.

```
[In] int(x^(n - 1)*asinh(1/(a + b*x^n)),x)
```

```
[Out] (atanh((1/(a + b*x^n)^2 + 1)^(1/2)) + asinh(1/(a + b*x^n))*(a + b*x^n))/(b*n)
```


Chapter 4

Appendix

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4.1 Download section

The following zip files contain the raw integrals used in this test.

Mathematica format Mathematica_syntax.zip

Maple and Mupad format Maple_syntax.zip

Sympy format SYMPY_syntax.zip

Sage math format SAGE_syntax.zip

4.2 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

4.2.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(* Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(* match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)
```

```

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
expnResult = ExpnType[result];
expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

(*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
  If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
    If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A","none"}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A","none"}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. $"
    ]
    ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
    ,
    finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
  ]
];
finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hypergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)

```

```
(*9 = unknown function*)
```

```
ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn] === Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]] === Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]] === Rational,
        1,
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]]],
    If[Head[expn] === Plus || Head[expn] === Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 5]],
    If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 6]],
    If[Head[expn] === RootSum,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 7]],
    If[Head[expn] === Integrate || Head[expn] === Int,
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]]
```

```
ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{  

    Exp, Log,  

    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,  

    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,  

    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,  

    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch  

  }, func]
```

```
SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{  

    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,  

    FresnelS, FresnelC,
```

```

ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
},func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

4.2.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#           if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#           see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

```

```

if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A","");
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of r
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_c
                end if
            else #result contains complex but optimal is not
                if debug then
                    print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
                fi;
                return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
            fi;
        else # result do not contain complex
    fi;
fi;

```

```

        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well")
        fi;
        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A","");
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal",
                           convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2(",
                           convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_count_optimal,string));
        fi;
    fi;
else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
    fi;
    return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                   convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                   convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hypergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function

```

```

# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'`^`) then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'`+`) or type(expn,'`*`) then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
  9
  end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[
    exp,log,ln,
    sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,

```

```

arcsin,arccos,arctan,arccot,arcsec,arccsc,
sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
arcsinh,arccosh,arctanh,arccoth,arcsech,arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[
    erf,erfc,erfi,
    FresnelS,FresnelC,
    Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
    EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func,[AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product.  rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:

```

4.2.3 Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#          Port of original Maple grading function by
#          Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#          added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
                   asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
                   asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
                   ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
                    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
                    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
                    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
                    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False
    except:
        return False
```

```

except AttributeError as error:
    return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn))  #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow):  #type(expn,'`^`)
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnT
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'`+') or type(expn,'`*`)
        m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
        m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
        return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
    elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
        return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
    elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
        m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
        return max(7,m1)
    elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:

```

```

m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1)  #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

#print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sageMath")
#print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result, " optimal=",optimal)

leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

#print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
#print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
    grade = "F"
    grade_annotation = ""
else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation ="Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation ="Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation ="Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count(result)-2*leaf_count(optimal))
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation ="Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result-ExpnType_optimal)

```

```
#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation
```

4.2.4 SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#           Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#           grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#           'arctan2','floor','abs','log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#           issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    """
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow:  #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False
```

```

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arccoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sage

```

```

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__)
    return False


def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer)
            return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
        elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
            if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)

```

```

        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.op
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstan
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    if debug:
        print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
        print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
        print("type(anti)=",type(result))
        print("type(optimal)=",type(optimal))

        leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
        leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

        #if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

```

```

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than optimal"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```