# Final Exam for Dynamical Systems, Math 5525

#### May 10, 2020

### Problem 1

Consider the following system of ordinary differential equations

$$\dot{x} = -x + y + xy$$
  
 $\dot{y} = x - y - x^2 - y^3.$  (1)

- 1. Find the (unique) equilibrium point  $(x^*, y^*)$  of the system (1).
- 2. Linearize the system about about  $(x^*, y^*)$  and write the corresponding Jacobian matrix A (that is, the matrix of the linear system.)
- 3. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A.
- 4. Can you reach any conclusions about the stability of  $(x^*, y^*)$ ?
- 5. Write down the definition of Lyapunov stability of an equilibrium point.
- 6. Write down the (Lyapunov) theorem that gives sufficient conditions for the stability of an equilibrium point.
- 7. Apply the previous theorem to show that the equilibrium solution  $(x^*, y^*)$  is, indeed, stable. For this, choose  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ , so that  $V(x, y) = ax^2 + 2y^2$ , is a Lyapunov function of the system.
- 8. Determine an  $\omega$ -limit set of the system.
- Write down the Poincaré-Bendixon theorem for two dimensional systems.
- 10. Taking into account the Poincaré-Bendixon theorem, would you say that a limit cycle is possible for system (1)?

## Problem 2.

This problem is about discrete dynamical systems/one-dimensional dynamics. (Class notes, pages 63-69, *Lecture notes*, 5525-May4-2020 and section 14.4 of textbook.)

Consider the map

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2} - ax, \quad a \in \mathbb{R},$$
(2)

and the discrete *orbit* defined by the sequence

$$x_0, x_1 = f(x_0), x_2 = f(x_1) = f^2(x_0), \dots x_n = f(x_{n-1}) = f^n(x_0), \dots$$

- 11. Define a *fixed-point* of a map.
- 12. Find all the fixed points  $x^*$  of the map (2) and determine in which intervals of a they exist.
- 13. Determine the stability of the nonzero fixed point in the parameter interval  $a \in (-1, 0)$ . Hint: Use the proposition in page 68 of the notes.
- 14. For  $x = \epsilon > 0$ ,  $\epsilon$  very small, consider the approximate map  $g(\cdot)$  given by

$$g(x) := (1-a)x.$$

Show that the map  $g(\cdot)$  has a *two-cycle*, that is a discrete periodic orbit of period 2.

## **Guidelines:**

- 1. All questions are equally weighted.
- 2. You may use books, notes and internet resources as you wish.
- 3. The class notes are posted on Canvas, with the last set of *lecture notes* labelled as 5525-May4-2020.pdf.
- 4. The work has to be personal, that is, you may not consult with anyone or receive any help. (You may always email me, if you have questions or difficulties.)
- 5. The exam should be back tonight (Monday, May 11), by midnight.
- 6. Upload the complete work on canvas. If you experience difficulties, please email it directly to me.

Please, sign the following statement:

I hereby certify that I have not received help from anyone in the completion of this test.

Signature:

Minneapolis, May 11, 2020.