

University of California at Irvine MAE106 Midterm Review Sheet

The Midterm is scheduled for Tuesday, February 1, 2005. There are several practice midterms on the course web site: <http://www.eng.uci.edu/~dreinken/MAE106/mae106home.htm>

Circuit Analysis

- Charge, voltage, current

- Kirchoff's current and voltage laws

- Power

- Resistors

 - Ohm's law

 - Parallel and series resistances

 - Voltage Divider Circuit

 - Potentiometers

- Operational Amplifiers

 - Input/output relationship (i.e high-gain differential amplifier)

 - Golden rules (true only if op-amp has appropriately-connected negative feedback and is not saturated)

 - Design of op-amp circuits for amplifier, inverter, buffer, addition, subtraction, filters

- Capacitors, Inductors

- RC circuits, time constants, cut-off frequency for low-pass and high-pass filters

Solving a Linear Differential Equations

- Generals: Finding general solution to homogeneous equation

- Particular: Solving particular equation

- Initial Condition: Finding total solution by solving for initial conditions

- Doing the above steps for a 1st order differential equation

DC Brush Motors

- How they work (Lorentz force law, commutation)

- Torque/ Current Relationship

- Mathematical model, back EMF, use as tachometer

- Torque versus velocity relationship, stall torque, no load speed, mechanical power

Power Control

- MOSFETS – (n-type) voltage controlled resistor characteristic; gate resistance

- Use as a voltage-controlled switch

- Physical structure, basic description of how it works

Control Theory

- Block Diagrams

- Basic concepts of feedforward control and feedback control

- Using negative feedback for disturbance rejection and to compensate for plant variations

- Positive feedback/instability

Time Domain Analysis

- Time constant of a first-order system

Frequency Domain Analysis

- Basic idea of frequency response; sine wave in \Rightarrow sine wave out, amplitude scaled and phase shifted

- 1st order low-pass and high-pass filter characteristic, corner frequency and relationship to time constant

- Complex variables

- Laplace Transform (of step function, exponential, sinusoid, derivative, integral)

- Transfer Functions (what are they how do you find them?)

- Impedances (of resistors, capacitors, and inductors)

You should also review your lecture notes and laboratory exercises 1- 3.