CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, FULLERTON DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

EG-EE 420 Test #2





$$y(n-1) - \frac{10}{3}y(n) + y(n+1) = x(n)$$

The input/output relation of a **stable** LSI system is given by:

a) Find the system function, H(z)=Y(z)/X(z), as ratio of two polynomials in positive powers of z
 b) Show the pole/zero plot of the above system and shade the region of = 5/2 ± 1/2

function at n=0, the second number is the function at n=1, and so on)
(15) a) Find 4-point circular convolution of
$$x(n)$$
 and $y(n)$ (directly) using

(25) 2. Let $x(n)=\{2, -1, 0, 2\}$ and $y(n)=\{1, 1, -1\}$ (Note: the first number represents the

$$(10) \text{ b) Find the linear convolution of } \mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) \mathbf{y}((n-m))_{N} \left| R_{N}(n) \right|$$

(10) b) Find the linear convolution of x(n) and y(n) and use it to verify the results

Note: $x(n) * y(n) = \sum x(k)y(n-k)$ obtained in part (a).

- Compute the N-point DFT of the following sequences using:
- $X(k) = \sum x(n)e^{-j2\pi nk/N}$ k = 0, 1, ..., N - 1n=0
- (10) a) $x(n) = \delta(n-n_0)$ n=0, • • •, N-1 $0 \le n_0 < N$
- (10) b) $x(n) = a^n$ n=0. • • • N-1 (10) c) In part (b), find |X(k)| corresponding to frequency of 5 Hz if N=32, sampling

frequency $f_s=40$ Hz, and a=0.8.

(20) 4. a) A finite length sequence x(n) is given to be {3, 2, 0, 2} (i.e., x(0)=3, x(1)=2,...) Plot $x((2-n))_{6}$. & assure 2

(10) b) The transfer function
$$H(z) = \frac{3 + 7z^{-1} + 6z^{-2} + 6z^{-3} - 3z^{-5}}{1 + 2z^{-1} + z^{-2} - z^{-4}}$$
 c
written as $H(z) = f(z^{-1}) + \frac{a + 2z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1} - z^{-2}} + \frac{b - z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1} + z^{-2}}$

can be