

96 Representation Of Signals And Systems

Problem 2.1 \Rightarrow 2.19 in new Book.

- (a) Find the Fourier transform of the half-cosine pulse shown in Fig. P2.4(a).
 (b) Apply the time-shifting property to the result obtained in part (a) to evaluate the spectrum of the half-sine pulse shown in Fig. P2.4(b).
 (c) What is the spectrum of a half-sine pulse having a duration equal to aT ?
 (d) What is the spectrum of the negative half-sine pulse shown in Fig. P2.4(c)?
 (e) Find the spectrum of the single sine pulse shown in Fig. P2.4(d).

Hint: $g(t) = A \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right) \cdot \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right)$

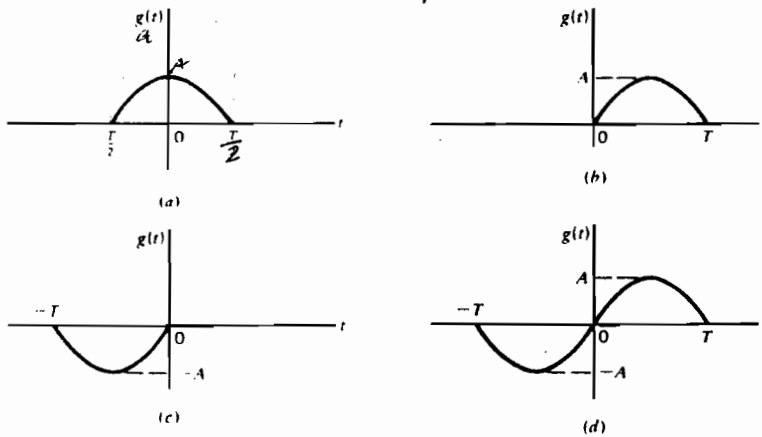


Figure P2.4

Prob. # 2.2

Given $g(t) = \exp(-t) \sin(2\pi f_c t) u(t)$. Find the Fourier Transform of $g(t)$: $F.T[g(t)] = ?$

2.3 \Rightarrow 2.20 in new Book.

Problem - Any function $g(t)$ can be split unambiguously into an even part and an odd part, as shown by

$$g(t) = g_e(t) + g_o(t) \Rightarrow g(t) = g_e(t) + g_o(t)$$

The even part is defined by

$$g_e(t) = \frac{1}{2}[g(t) + g(-t)]$$

and the odd part is defined by

$$g_o(t) = \frac{1}{2}[g(t) - g(-t)]$$

- (a) Evaluate the even and odd parts of a rectangular pulse defined by

$$g(t) = A \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

- (b) What are the Fourier transforms of these two parts of the pulse?

(That is find F.T. of $g_e(t)$ or $g_o(t)$)

2.4

Problem 1 Determine the inverse Fourier transform of the frequency function $G(f)$ defined by the amplitude and phase spectra shown in Fig. P 2.5.

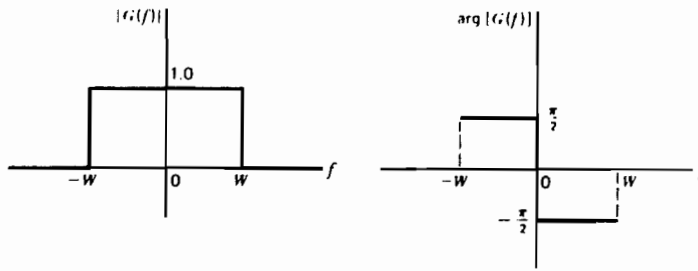


Figure P2.5